

**PATENT APPLICATION**  
**NUCLEIC ACIDS THAT CONTROL PLANT DEVELOPMENT**

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## NUCLEIC ACIDS THAT CONTROL PLANT DEVELOPMENT

### CROSS-REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

5 This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application No. *now US 6,476,246*, filed April 21, 2000, the contents of which are incorporated by reference.  
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### STATEMENT AS TO RIGHTS TO INVENTIONS MADE UNDER FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

10 This invention was made with Government support under Grant No. 97-35304-4941, awarded by the United States Department of Agriculture. The government has certain rights in this invention.

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

15 This invention is directed to plant genetic engineering. It relates to, for example, modulating seed (and in particular endosperm, embryo and seed coat) development, flowering time, chromosomal DNA methylation and modulating transcription in plants.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

20 A fundamental problem in biology is to understand how seed development. In flowering plants, the ovule generates the female gametophyte, which is composed of egg, central, synergid and antipodal cells (Reiser, *et al.*, *Plant Cell*, 1291-1301 (1993)). All are haploid except the central cell which contains two daughter nuclei that fuse prior to fertilization. One sperm nucleus fertilizes the egg to form the zygote, 25 whereas another sperm nucleus fuses with the diploid central cell nucleus to form the triploid endosperm nucleus (van Went, *et al.*, *Embryology of Angiosperms*, pp. 273-318 (1984)). The two fertilization products undergo distinct patterns of development. In *Arabidopsis*, the embryo passes through a series of stages that have been defined morphologically as preglobular, globular, heart, cotyledon and maturation (Goldberg, R. 30 B., *et al.*, *Science* (1994) 266: 605-614; Mansfield, S. G., *et al.*, *Arabidopsis: An Atlas of Morphology and Development*, pp. 367-383 (1994)). The primary endosperm nucleus undergoes a series of mitotic divisions to produce nuclei that migrate into the expanding central cell (Mansfield, S. G., *et al.*, *Arab Inf Serv* 27: 53-64 (1990); Webb, M. C., *et al.*, *Planta* 184:187-195 (1991)). Cytokinesis sequesters endosperm cytoplasm and nuclei

into discrete cells (Mansfield, S. G., *et al.*, *Arab Inf Serv* 27:65-72 (1990)) that produce storage proteins, starch, and lipids which support embryo growth (Lopes, M. A. *et al.*, *Plant Cell* 5:1383-1399 (1993)). Fertilization also activates development of the integument cell layers of the ovule that become the seed coat, and induces the ovary to grow and form the fruit, or siliques, in Arabidopsis.

Of particular interest are recent discoveries of genes that control seed, and in particular endosperm, development. For instance, *MEDEA* (*MEA*) (also known as *FIE1* (see, e.g., copending U.S. patent application 09/071,838) and F644 (see, e.g., Kiyosue T, *et al.* (1999) *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 96(7):4186-91) encodes an 10 Arabidopsis SET domain polycomb protein that appears to play a role in endosperm development. Inheritance of a maternal loss-of-function *mea* allele results in embryo abortion and prolonged endosperm production, irrespective of the genotype of the paternal allele. Thus, only the maternal wild-type *MEA* allele is required for proper embryo, endosperm, and seed coat development (Kinoshita T, *et al.* (1999) *Plant Cell* 10:1945-52). These results reveal functions for plant polycomb proteins in the 15 suppression of central cell proliferation and endosperm development (Kiyosue T, *et al.* *supra*).

Another gene product that controls seed development is *FIE*, also known as *FIE3* (see, e.g., copending U.S. patent application 09/071,838). The *FIE* protein is a 20 homolog of the WD motif-containing Polycomb proteins from *Drosophila* and mammals (Ohad, N. *et al.* *Plant Cell* 11(3):407-16 (1999)). In *Drosophila*, these proteins function as repressors of homeotic genes. Loss of function mutations in the *FIE* gene result in endosperm phenotypes that are identical to *medea* loss of function mutations. A female gametophyte with a loss-of-function allele of *fie* undergoes replication of the central cell 25 nucleus and initiates endosperm development without fertilization. These results suggest that the *FIE* Polycomb protein functions to suppress a critical aspect of early plant reproduction, namely, endosperm development, until fertilization occurs. Moreover, hypomethylation of *fie* mutants leads to the development of differentiated endosperm. Vinkenoog *et al.*, *Plant Cell* 12:2271-2282 (2000).

30 Control of the expression of genes that control egg and central cell differentiation, or those that control reproductive development, i.e. embryo, endosperm and seed coat, is useful in the production of plants with a range of desired traits. These and other advantages are provided by the present application.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

*Julie A1* This invention provides isolated nucleic acids comprising a polynucleotide sequence, or its complement, encoding a DMT polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence with at least 70% sequence identity to at least one of the following consensus sequences:

5

### DMT Domain A

KV<1>(I, l)D(D, p)(E, v)T<3>W<1>(L, v)L(M, l)(E, d)<0-  
2>D(K, e)<1>(K, t)<1>(K, a)(W, k)(W, l)<1>(E, k)ER<2>F<1>(G, t)R<1>(D, n)(S, l)FI(A, n)RM(  
H, r)<1>(V, l)QG(D, n)R<1>F<1>(P, q)WKGSVVDSV(I, v)GVFLTQN(V, t)D(H, y)(L, s)SS(S, n)A(F,  
10 y)M<1>(L, v)A(A, s)<1>FP

10

### DMT Domain B

W(D, n)<1>(L, f)R<5>E<3-  
6>D(S, t)<1>(D, n)(Y, w)<3>R<10>I<2>RG(M, q)(N, f)<2>L(A, s)<1>RI<2-  
15 12>FL<3>V<2>(H, n)G<1>IDLEWLR<2>(P, d)(P, s)(D, h)<1>(A, v)K<1>(Y, f)LL(S, e)(I, f)<1>G(  
L, i)GLKS(V, a)ECVRLL<1>L(H, k)<2>AFPVDTNVGRI(A, c)VR(M, l)G(W, l)VPL(Q, e)PLP<2>(L, v)Q  
(L, m)H(L, q)L(E, f)<1>YP<1>(L, m)(E, d)(S, n)(I, v)QK(F, y)LWPRLCKL(D, p)Q<1>TLYELHY(Q, h)  
(L, m)ITFGK<0-2>FCTK<2>PNCNACPM(R, k)<0-2>EC(R, k)(H, y)(F, y)(A, s)SA<1>(A, v)<0-  
10>S(A, s)(R, k)<1>(A, l)L(P, e)<1>(P, t)

20

### DMT Domain C.

P(I, l)(I, v)E(E, f)P<1>(S, t)P<2-5>E<0-15>(D, a)IE(D, e)<4-  
23>(I, v)P<1>I<1>(L, f)(N, d)<8-17>(S, a)<1>(A, d)LV<8>(I, l)P<2-  
5>(K, r)(L, m)K<4>LRTEH<1>V(Y, f)(E, v)LPD<1>H<1>(L, i)L(E, k)<1>(D, e)D(P, i)<2>YLL(A, s)  
25 )IW(T, q)P(G, d)(E, g)<6-8>(P, s)<3>C<6-  
10>(M, l)C<4>C<2>C<3>(R, k)E<5>(V, f)RGT(L, i)L<0-  
22>(L, v)FADH<1>(S, t)(S, r)<2>PI<3>(R, t)<3>(W, k)<1>L<1>(R, k)R<4>G(T, s)(S, t)<2>(S, t)  
)I(F, c)(R, k)(G, l)L<1>(T, v)<2>I<2>(C, n)F(W, q)<1>G(F, y)(V, l)C(V, l)R<1>F(E, d)<3>(R,  
g)<1>P(R, k)<1>L<2>(R, h)LH<2>(A, v)SK

30

In some embodiments, the nucleic acids of the invention do not encode a polypeptide at least 40% identical to SEQ ID NO:2, or alternatively at least 45%, 50%, 55%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 99% or 100% to SEQ ID NO:2. In some embodiments, the DMT polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence 100% identical to the above-listed consensus sequences.

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In some embodiments, the DMT polypeptides ar at least 45%, 50%, 55%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 97%, 98%, 99% or 100% identical to DMT domains A, B and/or C.

In one aspect, the invention provides DMt polypeptides capable of exhibiting at least one of the following biological activities:

- (a) glycosylase activity;
  - (b) demethylation of polynucleotides;
  - 5 (c) DNA repair;
  - (d) wherein expression of the polypeptide in a plant modulates organ identity;
  - (e) wherein expression of the polypeptide in a plant modulates organ number;
  - 10 (f) wherein expression of the polypeptide in a plant modulates meristem stem and/or activity;
  - (g) wherein enhanced expression of the polypeptide in a plant results in a delay in flowering time;
  - (h) wherein introduction of the polypeptide into a cell results in
  - 15 modulation of methylation of chromosomal DNA in the cell;
  - (i) wherein reduction of expression of the polypeptide in a plant results in modulation of endosperm development;
  - (j) wherein expression of the polypeptide in an *Arabidopsis* leaf results in modulation of expression of the MEDEA gene.
- 20 In some aspects, the polypeptide comprises either a
  - (i) basic region;
  - (ii) nuclear localization signal;
  - (iii) leucine zipper;
  - (iv) helix-hairpin-helix structure;
- 25 (v) glycine-proline rich loop with a terminal aspartic acid or
  - (vi) helix that is capable of binding DNA.

In one aspect, the invention provides methods of modulating in a plant one or more of the following:

- (a) DNA repair;
- 30 (b) wherein expression of the polypeptide in a plant modulates organ identity;
- (c) wherein expression of the polypeptide in a plant modulates organ number;

- (d) wherein expression of the polypeptide in a plant modulates meristem stem and/or activity;
- (e) wherein enhanced expression of the polypeptide in a plant results in a delay in flowering time;
- 5                   (f) wherein introduction of the polypeptide into a cell results in modulation of methylation of chromosomal DNA in the cell;
- (g) wherein reduction of expression of the polypeptide in a plant results in modulation of endosperm development;
- (h) wherein expression of the polypeptide in an *Arabidopsis* leaf results in  
10 expression of the *MEDEA* gene,
- wherein the method comprises:
- (a) introducing into a plant cell a nucleic acid of claim 1; and
- (b) generating conditions where the plant cell can transcribe the nucleic acid described above.
- 15                  In some embodiments, the polypeptides comprise between 1500 and 2000 amino acids. In some aspects, the polypeptide has glycosylase activity. In some embodiments, introduction of the nucleic acid into a cell results in modulation of methylation of chromosomal DNA in the cell. In some embodiments, enhanced expression of the nucleic acids of the invention into a plant results in a delay in flowering time. In some embodiments, reduction of expression of a DMT polypeptide in a plant results in enhanced endosperm development. In addition, in some embodiments, expression of the nucleic acid of the invention in an *Arabidopsis* leaf results in expression of the *MEDEA* gene.
- 20
- 25                  This invention provides isolated nucleic acids comprising a polynucleotide sequence, or its complement, encoding a DMT polypeptide exhibiting at least 60% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2 or exhibiting at least 70% sequence identity to at least one of DMT domain A, B, or C. For instance, the nucleic acid can encode the DMT polypeptide displayed in SEQ ID NO:2. In one aspect, the polynucleotide sequence comprises SEQ ID NO:5 or SEQ ID NO:1. In some aspects of the invention, the nucleic acid further comprises a promoter operably linked to the polynucleotide. In some embodiments, the promoter is constitutive. In other embodiments, the promoter is from a DMT gene. For example, the promoter can comprise a polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:3. In some aspects, the promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:3. In some aspects of this invention, the promoter further comprises a polynucleotide at least

70% identical to SEQ ID NO:4. For example, in some aspects the promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:4. In some aspects, the polynucleotide sequence is linked to the promoter in an antisense orientation.

The invention also provides an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a  
5 polynucleotide sequence exhibiting at least 60% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:1.

The invention also provides an expression cassette comprising a promoter  
operably linked to a heterologous polynucleotide sequence, or complement thereof,  
encoding a DMT polypeptide exhibiting at least 60% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2.  
For instance, the nucleic acid can encode the DMT polypeptide displayed in SEQ ID  
10 NO:2. In some aspects, the polynucleotide sequence comprises SEQ ID NO:5 or SEQ ID  
NO:1. In some aspects of the invention, the nucleic acid further comprises a promoter  
operably linked to the polynucleotide. In some embodiments, the promoter is  
constitutive. In other embodiments, the promoter is from a DMT gene. For example, the  
promoter can comprise a polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:3. In some  
15 aspects, the promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:3. In some aspects of this invention, the  
promoter further comprises a polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:4. For  
example, in some aspects the promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:4. In some aspects, the  
polynucleotide sequence is linked to the promoter in an antisense orientation.

The invention also provides an expression cassette for the expression of a  
20 heterologous polynucleotide in a plant cell. In some aspects, the expression cassette  
comprises a promoter polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:3 that is  
operably linked to a heterologous polynucleotide. In some aspects, the promoter  
comprises SEQ ID NO:3. In some aspects, the promoter further comprises a  
polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:4. For instance, in some  
25 embodiments, the promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:4. In some aspects, the promoter  
further comprises a polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:6. In some  
aspects, the promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:6.

The present invention also provides a host cell comprising an exogenous  
polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence, or complement thereof,  
30 encoding a DMT polypeptide exhibiting at least 60% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2  
or exhibiting at least 70% sequence identity to at least one of DMT domain A, B, or C. In  
some aspects of the invention, the nucleic acid further comprises a promoter operably  
linked to the polynucleotide sequence. In some aspects, the promoter is constitutive. In  
some aspects, the promoter comprises a polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID

NO:3. The promoter, for instance, can comprise SEQ ID NO:3. In some aspects, the promoter further comprises a polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:4. For instance, in some embodiments, the promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:4. In some aspects, the promoter is operably linked to the exogenous polynucleotide sequence in an antisense orientation.

The present invention also provides an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 60% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 or an amino acid sequence at least 70% sequence identical to at least one of DMT domain A, B, or C and capable of exhibiting at least one biological activity of the polypeptide displayed in SEQ ID NO:2, or fragment thereof. The present invention also provides for an antibody capable of binding such polypeptides.

The present invention also provides a method of introducing an isolated nucleic acid into a host cell comprising, (a) providing an isolated nucleic acid or its complement, encoding a DMT polypeptide exhibiting at least 60% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2 or exhibiting at least 70% sequence identity to at least one of DMT domain A, B, or C and (b) contacting the nucleic acid with the host cell under conditions that permit insertion of the nucleic acid into the host cell.

The present invention also provides a method of modulating transcription, comprising introducing into a host cell an expression cassette comprising a promoter operably linked to a heterologous DMT polynucleotide, the heterologous DMT polynucleotide encoding a DMT polypeptide at least 60% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 or at least 70% sequence identical to at least one of DMT domain A, B, or C, and detecting a host cell with modulated transcription. In some aspects of the invention, the heterologous DMT polynucleotide encodes SEQ ID NO:2. In some aspect, the polynucleotide sequence comprises SEQ ID NO:5 or SEQ ID NO:1. In some aspects, the expression cassette is introduced into a host cell by *Agrobacterium*. In some aspects, the expression cassette is introduced by a sexual cross. In some aspects of the method of the invention, modulating transcription results in the modulation of endosperm development in a plant. In some aspects, endosperm development is enhanced. In other aspects, endosperm development is decreased. In some aspects of the methods of the invention, the promoter is operably linked to the DMT polynucleotide in an antisense orientation.

The present invention also provides a method of detecting a nucleic acid in a sample, comprising (a) providing an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide sequence, or its complement, encoding a DMT polypeptide exhibiting at

least 60% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2 or exhibiting at least 70% sequence identity to at least one of DMT domain A, B, or C, (b) contacting the isolated nucleic acid molecule with a sample under conditions that permit a comparison of the sequence of the isolated nucleic acid molecule with the sequence of DNA in the sample, and (c) analyzing 5 the result of the comparison. In some aspects of the method, the isolated nucleic acid molecule and the sample are contacted under conditions that permit the formation of a duplex between complementary nucleic acid sequences.

The present invention also provides a transgenic plant cell or transgenic plant comprising a polynucleotide sequence, or its complement, encoding a DMT 10 polypeptide exhibiting at least 60% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2 or exhibiting at least 70% sequence identity to at least one of DMT domain A, B, or C. For instance, the nucleic acid can encode the DMT polypeptide displayed in SEQ ID NO:2. In one aspect, the polynucleotide sequence comprises SEQ ID NO:5 or SEQ ID NO:1. In some aspects of the invention, the nucleic acid further comprises a promoter operably linked to the 15 polynucleotide. In some embodiments, the promoter is constitutive. In other embodiments, the promoter comprises a polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:3. In some aspects, the promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:3. In some aspects of this invention, the promoter further comprises a polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:4. For example, in some aspects the promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:4. In some 20 aspects, the polynucleotide sequence is linked to the promoter in an antisense orientation. The present invention also provides a plant that is regenerated from a plant cell as described above.

The present invention also provides an expression cassette for the expression of a heterologous polynucleotide in a plant cell, wherein the expression 25 cassette comprises a promoter at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:3 and the promoter is operably linked to a heterologous polynucleotide. In some embodiments, the promoter comprises a polynucleotide at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:4 and/or SEQ ID NO:6. In some embodiments, the promoter specifically directs expression of the heterologous polynucleotide in a female gametophyte when the expression cassette is introduced into a 30 plant.

#### DEFINITIONS

The phrase "nucleic acid sequence" refers to a single or double-stranded polymer of deoxyribonucleotide or ribonucleotide bases read from the 5' to the 3' end. It

includes chromosomal DNA, self-replicating plasmids, infectious polymers of DNA or RNA and DNA or RNA that performs a primarily structural role.

A "promoter" is defined as an array of nucleic acid control sequences that direct transcription of an operably linked nucleic acid. As used herein, a "plant promoter" 5 is a promoter that functions in plants. Promoters include necessary nucleic acid sequences near the start site of transcription, such as, in the case of a polymerase II type promoter, a TATA element. A promoter also optionally includes distal enhancer or repressor elements, which can be located as much as several thousand base pairs from the start site of transcription. A "constitutive" promoter is a promoter that is active under 10 most environmental and developmental conditions. An "inducible" promoter is a promoter that is active under environmental or developmental regulation. The term "operably linked" refers to a functional linkage between a nucleic acid expression control sequence (such as a promoter, or array of transcription factor binding sites) and a second nucleic acid sequence, wherein the expression control sequence directs transcription of 15 the nucleic acid corresponding to the second sequence.

The term "plant" includes whole plants, plant organs (e.g., leaves, stems, flowers, roots, etc.), seeds and plant cells and progeny of same. The class of plants which can be used in the method of the invention is generally as broad as the class of flowering plants amenable to transformation techniques, including angiosperms (monocotyledonous 20 and dicotyledonous plants), as well as gymnosperms. It includes plants of a variety of ploidy levels, including polyploid, diploid, haploid and hemizygous.

A polynucleotide sequence is "heterologous to" an organism or a second polynucleotide sequence if it originates from a foreign species, or, if from the same species, is modified from its original form. For example, a promoter operably linked to a 25 heterologous coding sequence refers to a coding sequence from a species different from that from which the promoter was derived, or, if from the same species, a coding sequence which is different from any naturally occurring allelic variants.

A polynucleotide "exogenous to" an individual plant is a polynucleotide which is introduced into the plant, or a predecessor generation of the plant, by any means 30 other than by a sexual cross. Examples of means by which this can be accomplished are described below, and include Agrobacterium-mediated transformation, biolistic methods, electroporation, *in planta* techniques, and the like. "Exogenous," as referred to within, is any polynucleotide, polypeptide or protein sequence, whether chimeric or not, that is initially or subsequently introduced into the genome of an individual host cell or the

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organism regenerated from said host cell by any means other than by a sexual cross. Examples of means by which this can be accomplished are described below, and include Agrobacterium-mediated transformation (of dicots - e.g. Salomon et al. EMBO J. 3:141 (1984); Herrera-Estrella et al. EMBO J. 2:987 (1983); of monocots, representative papers 5 are those by Escudero et al., Plant J. 10:355 (1996), Ishida et al., Nature Biotechnology 14:745 (1996), May et al., Bio/Technology 13:486 (1995)), biolistic methods (Armaleo et al., Current Genetics 17:97 1990)), electroporation, in planta techniques, and the like. Such a plant containing the exogenous nucleic acid is referred to here as a T0 for the primary transgenic plant and T1 for the first generation. The term "exogenous" as used 10 herein is also intended to encompass inserting a naturally found element into a non-naturally found location.

The phrase "host cell" refers to a cell from any organism. Preferred host cells are derived from plants, bacteria, yeast, fungi, insects or other animals, including humans. Methods for introducing polynucleotide sequences into various types of host 15 cells are well known in the art.

The "biological activity of a polypeptide" refers to any molecular activity or phenotype that is caused by the polypeptide. For example, the ability to transfer a phosphate to a substrate or the ability to bind a specific DNA sequence is a biological activity. One biological activity of DMT is glycosylase activity, i.e., cleavage of the nucleotide base from the nucleotide sugar). Another biological activity of DMT is to 20 demethylate nucleotides (e.g., DMT has 5'-methylcytosine glycosylase activity). In addition, DMT has the ability to modulate endosperm production, as described herein, and to modulate flowering time in plants. For example, when DMT expression or DMT activity is increased in a plant, the flowering time of the plant is delayed. Moreover, 25 expression of a DMT polypeptide in a plant tissue (e.g., a leaf) that does not typically express the *MEDEA* gene (Grossniklaus U, et al., *Science* 280(5362):446-50 (1998)) results in the expression of *MEDEA*.

Additional biological activities of DMT polypeptides include: nuclear localization (e.g., as localized by amino acids 43-78 of SEQ ID NO:2); the ability to 30 modulate plant organ size and/or number; the ability to modulate meristem size and/or activity; and to perform DNA repair, including nucleotide methylation or demethylation and/or repair and/or removal of mis-matched nucleotides from DNA.

An "expression cassette" refers to a nucleic acid construct, which when introduced into a host cell, results in transcription and/or translation of an RNA or

polypeptide, respectively. Antisense or sense constructs that are not or cannot be translated are expressly included by this definition.

*Sub A2* A "DMT nucleic acid" or "DMT polynucleotide sequence" of the invention is a subsequence or full length polynucleotide sequence of a gene which encodes a 5 polypeptide involved in control of reproductive development and which, when the maternal allele is mutated or when DMT activity is reduced or eliminated in a maternal tissue or plant, allows for increased production of the endosperm and/or abortion of the embryo. In addition, overexpression of DMT in plants results in delayed time to flowering. Moreover, DMT is necessary and sufficient for expression of *MEDEA* in a 10 plant cell. An exemplary nucleic acid of the invention is the *Arabidopsis DMT* sequence (SEQ ID NO:1). Additional *DMT* nucleic acid sequences from a variety of plant species are also provided (e.g., SEQ ID NOs: 7-70). *DMT* polynucleotides are defined by their ability to hybridize under defined conditions to the exemplified nucleic acids or PCR products derived from them. A DMT polynucleotide is typically at least about 30-40 15 nucleotides to about 7000, usually less than about 10,000 nucleotides in length. More preferably, DMT polynucleotides contain a coding sequence of from about 100 to about 5500 nucleotides, often from about 500 to about 3600 nucleotides in length. A DMT polypeptide is typically at least 500 amino acids, typically at least 1000 amino acids, more typically at least 1500 amino acids. In some embodiments, a DMT polypeptide 20 comprises fewer than 2000 amino acids, more typically fewer than 3000 amino acid and still more typically fewer than 5000 or 7500 amino acid in length.

*Sub A3* As described below, *DMT* nucleic acid sequences encode polypeptides with substantial identity to at least one of following the consensus sequences:

#### **DMT Domain A**

25 KV<1>(I, 1)D(D, p)(E, v)T<3>W<1>(L, v)L(M, 1)(E, d)<0->  
2>D(K, e)<1>(K, t)<1>(K, a)(W, k)(W, l)<1>(E, k)ER<2>F<1>(G, t)R<1>(D, n)(S, 1)FI(A, n)RM(H, r)<1>(V, 1)QG(D, n)R<1>F<1>(P, q)WKGSVVDSV(I, v)GVFLTQN(V, t)D(H, y)(L, s)SS(S, n)A(F, y)M<1>(L, v)A(A, s)<1>FP

30 **DMT Domain B**

W(D, n)<1>(L, E)R<5>E<3->  
6>D(S, t)<1>(D, n)(Y, w)<3>R<10>I<2>RG(M, q)(N, f)<2>L(A, s)<1>RI<2->  
12>FL<3>V<2>(H, n)G<1>IDLEWLR<2>(P, d)(P, s)(D, h)<1>(A, v)K<1>(Y, f)LL(S, e)(I, f)<1>G(L, i)GLKS(V, a)ECVRLL<1>L(H, k)<2>AFPVDTNVGRI(A, c)VR(M, l)G(W, l)VPL(Q, e)PLP<2>(L, v)Q<35>(L, m)H(L, q)L(E, f)<1>YP<1>(L, m)(E, d)(S, n)(I, v)QK(F, y)LWPRLCKL(D, p)Q<1>TLYELHY(Q, h)

) (L, m) ITFGK<0-2>FCTK<2>PNCNACPM(R, k) <0-2>EC(R, k) (H, y) (F, y) (A, s) SA<1>(A, v) <0-  
10>S(A, s) (R, k) <1>(A, l) L(P, e) <1>(P, t)

### DMT Domain C.

5 P(I, l) (I, v) E(E, f) P<1>(S, t) P<2-5>E<0-15>(D, a) IE(D, e) <4-  
23>(I, v) P<1>I<1>(L, f) (N, d) <8-17>(S, a) <1>(A, d) LV<8>(I, l) P<2-  
5>(K, r) (L, m) K<4>LRTEH<1>V(Y, f) (E, v) LPD<1>H<1>(L, i) L(E, k) <1>(D, e) D(P, i) <2>YLL(A, s)  
) IW(T, q) P(G, d) (E, g) <6-8>(P, s) <3>C<6-  
10>(M, l) C<4>C<2>C<3>(R, k) E<5>(V, f) RGT(L, i) L<0-  
10>(L, v) FADH<1>(S, t) (S, r) <2>PI<3>(R, t) <3>(W, k) <1>L<1>(R, k) R<4>G(T, s) (S, t) <2>(S, t)  
) I(F, c) (R, k) (G, l) L<1>(T, v) <2>I<2>(C, n) F(W, q) <1>G(F, y) (V, l) C(V, l) R<1>F(E, d) <3>(R,  
g) <1>P(R, k) <1>L<2>(R, h) LH<2>(A, v) SK

*Sub A4*

In addition, the following consensus sequence spanning all three domains

15 were identified:

<9-14>(T, q) (A, i) (S, k) (I, l) <3>(A, r) (S, k) <1>(G, m) <2>  
(S, r) (P, k) <2>(K, f) <2>(E, l) K<0-1>K<0-  
3>(P, r) <2>(P, r) <1>(K, r) (K, r) (G, d) (R, k) <1>(G, v) <1>(K, g) <3-  
5>(P, s) (P, k) <3>(S, n) <1>(I, l) <0-2>(Q, d) <9>(P, q) <4>(K, a) (P, s) <14-16>(P, a) <4>L<0-  
10>D<1>(I, l) <0-4>(L, n) <12-46>(K, d) <2-  
7>(P, a) KV<1>(I, l) D(D, p) (E, v) T<3>W<1>(L, v) L(M, l) (E, d) <0-  
2>D(K, e) <1>(K, t) <1>(K, a) (W, k) (W, l) <1>(E, k) ER<2>F<1>(G, t) R<1>(D, n) (S, l) FI(A, n) RM(  
H, r) <1>(V, l) QG(D, n) R<1>F<1>(P, q) WKGSVVDSV(I, v) GVFLTQN(V, t) D(H, y) (L, s) SS(S, n) A(F,  
y) M<1>(L, v) A(A, s) <1>RP<0-16>(P, v) <6-15>(S, h) <3>(E, d) <10-  
25>(S, t) <1>(S, e) <6>(K, n) <8-55>(E, i) <8-9>(I, v) <1>(N, s) <1-  
4>(E, d) <1>(E, s) <4>(Q, l) <0-11>(D, h) <1>(F, m) <5>(Q, n) <0-3>(G, e) <2>(G, d) S<1>(K, d) <7-  
11>(T, m) <2>(V, l) <3>(S, q) <6-10>(S, e) <2-3>(S, v) <19-25>(T, s) <16-28>(R, s) <2-  
6>(T, p) <5>(P, k) <10>(Q, e) <4>(D, s) <1-  
4>(S, r) <5>(D, p) <3>(N, d) <3>(P, y) <2>(F, s) <1>(R, k) <1>(G, s) <1>(S, a) (V, r) (P, e) <3>(T, s)  
30 ) <3-6>(I, l) <3>(P, e) <1>E<3-  
5>(L, q) <1>(G, c) <1>(S, h) (S, n) <1>(V, q) <1>(E, d) <3>T(Q, e) <1-2>(N, g) <3>(E, n) <20-  
30>(N, a) (P, g) <1-6>(S, l) <25-46>(Q, d) W(D, n) <1>(L, f) R<5>E<3-  
6>D(S, t) <1>(D, n) (Y, w) <3>R<10>I<2>RG(M, q) (N, f) <2>L(A, s) <1>RI<2-  
12>FL<3>V<2>(H, n) G<1>IDLEWLR<2>(P, d) (P, s) (D, h) <1>(A, v) K<1>(Y, f) LL(S, e) (I, f) <1>G(  
35 L, i) GLKS(V, a) ECVRL<1>L(H, k) <2>AFPVDTNVGRI(A, c) VR(M, l) G(W, l) VPL(Q, e) PLP<2>(L, v) Q  
(L, m) H(L, q) L(E, f) <1>YP<1>(L, m) (E, d) (S, n) (I, v) QK(F, y) LWPRLCKL(D, p) Q<1>TLYELHY(Q, h)  
) (L, m) ITFGK<0-2>FCTK<2>PNCNACPM(R, k) <0-2>EC(R, k) (H, y) (F, y) (A, s) SA<1>(A, v) <0-  
10>S(A, s) (R, k) <1>(A, l) L(P, e) <1>(P, t) (E, q) <7-16>P(I, l) (I, v) E(E, f) P<1>(S, t) P<2-  
5>E<0-15>(D, a) IE(D, e) <4-23>(I, v) P<1>I<1>(L, f) (N, d) <8-  
40>(S, a) <1>(A, d) LV<8>(I, l) P<2-  
5>(K, r) (L, m) K<4>LRTEH<1>V(Y, f) (E, v) LPD<1>H<1>(L, i) L(E, k) <1>(D, e) D(P, i) <2>YLL(A, s)  
) IW(T, q) P(G, d) (E, g) <6-8>(P, s) <3>C<6-  
10>(M, l) C<4>C<2>C<3>(R, k) E<5>(V, f) RGT(L, i) L<0-  
22>(L, v) FADH<1>(S, t) (S, r) <2>PI<3>(R, t) <3>(W, k) <1>L<1>(R, k) R<4>G(T, s) (S, t) <2>(S, t)

) I(F, C) (R, k) (G, l) L<1>(T, v) <2>I<2>(C, n) F(W, q) <1>G(F, y) (V, l) C(V, l) R<1>F(E, d) <3>(R, g) <1>P(R, k) <1>L<2>(R, h) LH<2>(A, v) SK

DMT domain A corresponds to amino acid positions 697 through 796 of SEQ ID NO:2. DMT domain B corresponds to amino acid positions 1192 through 1404 of SEQ ID NO:2. DMT domain C corresponds to amino acid positions 1452 through 1722 of SEQ ID NO:2. The consensus sequence provides amino acid sequences by position using single letter amino acid abbreviations. Numbers in carrots ("<" or ">") refer to amino acid positions where there is no consensus and which therefore, can be any amino acid. Amino acid abbreviations in parentheses indicate alternative amino acids at the same position. Capitalized letters refer to predominant consensus amino acids and lower case letters refer to amino acids that are commonly found in DMT sequences, but are not predominant. Thus, it is a simple matter to identify whether any particular nucleic acid sequence is a DMT nucleic acid and/or encodes a DMT polypeptide.

The structure of full-length DMT polypeptides comprises the following domains and regions. These regions are generally described with reference to SEQ ID NO:2. First, as described above, domain B DMT polypeptides can comprise a bipartite nuclear localization signal (e.g., amino acid positions 43-60 and 61-78 in SEQ ID NO:2) comprised of basic amino acids. Amino acids 36-91 are homologous to human G/T mismatch-specific thymine DNA glycosylase (Genbank accession number AAC50540.1), which has 5-methylcytosine glycosylase activity (Zhu *et al.*, *Nuc. Acids Res.* 28:4157-4165 (2000)). DMT polypeptides also contain a leucine zipper sequence (e.g., positions 1330-1351 of SEQ ID NO:2), that can be involved in protein-protein interactions as well as DNA binding. In addition, the amino portion of the DMT polypeptide (amino acids 43-78) is generally basic, similar to histone H1. Thus, without intending to limit the scope of the invention, it is believed this basic portion of DMT facilitates interactions with DNA and/or chromatic proteins.

In addition, amino acids 1-800 is related to the beta subunit of bacterial DNA-dependent RNA polymerases. Without intending to limit the scope of the invention, it is believed the RNA polymerase-like domain facilitates interaction of DMT with DNA.

*Sub Q5* Amino acids 1167-1368 is related to proteins in the HhH-GPD superfamily. Amino acids 1,271 to 1,304 correspond to the conserved HhH-GPD motif. The corresponding DMT sequence is

DKAKDYLLSIRGLGLKSVECVRLTLHNLAFPVD. Secondary structure prediction

(Jpred program) indicates that DMT has two alpha-helices (1,271 - 1,279 and 1,286 to 1,295) that correspond to the conserved alphaK and alphaL helices in the HhH-GPD motif of the crystallized hOGG1 DNA repair protein (Bruner et al *Nature* 403:859-866 (2000)). In between the two helices (1280 to 1285), is a hairpin with conserved glycines (G1282 and G1284). Amino acids 1286 to 1295 are related to the alphaL helix of hOGG1, which contacts the DNA backbone (Bruner et al *Nature* 403:859-866 (2000)). Thus, without intending to limit the scope of the invention, it is believed this region of DMT contacts the DNA. The catalytic lysine (K1286) and aspartic acid (D1304) residues are conserved in the HhH-GPD motif of DMT. Without intending to limit the scope of the invention, by analogy to hOGG1, K1286 is predicted to displace the modified base and to promote conjugate elimination of the 3'-phosphodiester bond. Without intending to limit the scope of the invention, by analogy to hOGG1, D1304 is believed to assist the reaction by transferring protons to and from K1286.

DMT nucleic acids are a new class of plant regulatory genes that encode polypeptides with sequence identity to members of the endonuclease III genes found in a diverse collection of organisms. Endonuclease III is implicated in various DNA repair reactions. Thus proteins related to endonuclease III are likely to have a chromosomal function. DMT (SEQ ID NO:1) is most related to endonuclease III from *Deinococcus radiodurans* Genbank Accession No. AE002073 (see, e.g., White, O. et al. *Science* 286:1571-1577 (1999)). DMT polypeptides have glycosylase activity (i.e., the capability to cleave the base portion of a nucleotide from the sugar portion). More particularly, DMT polypeptides have demethylase activity, and in more preferred embodiments, have 5-methylcytosine glycosylase activity. Demethylation activity can be assayed *in vivo* by expressing a candidate polypeptide in the nucleus of a cell and then assaying for a change in methylation of the cell's DNA. See, e.g., Vong, et al., *Science* 260:1926-1928 (1993). Changes in chromosomal methylation can be measured by comparing the ability of methylation sensitive and insensitive endonucleases to cleave DNA from a cell expressing a polypeptide suspected of having demethylase or methylase activity. Alternatively, bisulfate sequencing can be used to identify which base pairs are methylated in a DNA sequence. For a discussion of both methods, see Soppe et al., *Molec. Cell.* 6:791-802 (2000). *In vitro* assays to measure demethylase activity using labeled substrates are also known to those of skill in the art. See, e.g., Vhu et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 97:5135-5139 (2000).

In the case of both expression of transgenes and inhibition of endogenous genes (e.g., by antisense, or sense suppression) one of skill will recognize that the inserted polynucleotide sequence need not be identical, but may be only "substantially identical" to a sequence of the gene from which it was derived. As explained below, these substantially identical variants are specifically covered by the term *DMT nucleic acid*.

In the case where the inserted polynucleotide sequence is transcribed and translated to produce a functional polypeptide, one of skill will recognize that because of codon degeneracy a number of polynucleotide sequences will encode the same polypeptide. These variants are specifically covered by the terms "*DMT nucleic acid*". In addition, the term specifically includes those sequences substantially identical (determined as described below) with a DMT polynucleotide sequence disclosed here and that encode polypeptides that are either mutants of wild type DMT polypeptides or retain the function of the DMT polypeptide (e.g., resulting from conservative substitutions of amino acids in the DMT polypeptide). In addition, variants can be those that encode dominant negative mutants as described below.

Two nucleic acid sequences or polypeptides are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acid residues, respectively, in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. The terms "identical" or percent "identity," in the context of two or more nucleic acids or polypeptide sequences, refer to two or more sequences or subsequences that are the same or have a specified percentage of amino acid residues or nucleotides that are the same, when compared and aligned for maximum correspondence over a comparison window, as measured using one of the following sequence comparison algorithms or by manual alignment and visual inspection. When percentage of sequence identity is used in reference to proteins or peptides, it is recognized that residue positions that are not identical often differ by conservative amino acid substitutions, where amino acid residues are substituted for other amino acid residues with similar chemical properties (e.g., charge or hydrophobicity) and therefore do not change the functional properties of the molecule. Where sequences differ in conservative substitutions, the percent sequence identity may be adjusted upwards to correct for the conservative nature of the substitution. Means for making this adjustment are well known to those of skill in the art. Typically this involves scoring a conservative substitution as a partial rather than a full mismatch, thereby increasing the percentage sequence identity. Thus, for example, where an identical amino acid is given a score of 1 and a non-conservative substitution is given a

score of zero, a conservative substitution is given a score between zero and 1. The scoring of conservative substitutions is calculated according to, e.g., the algorithm of Meyers & Miller, *Computer Applic. Biol. Sci.* 4:11-17 (1988) e.g., as implemented in the program PC/GENE (Intelligenetics, Mountain View, California, USA).

5           The phrase "substantially identical," in the context of two nucleic acids or polypeptides, refers to a sequence or subsequence that has at least 40% sequence identity with a reference sequence. Alternatively, percent identity can be any integer from 40% to 100%. More preferred embodiments include at least: 40%, 45%, 50%, 55%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, or 99% compared to a reference sequence  
10          using the programs described herein; preferably BLAST using standard parameters, as described below. This definition also refers to the complement of a test sequence, when the test sequence has substantial identity to a reference sequence.

15          For sequence comparison, typically one sequence acts as a reference sequence, to which test sequences are compared. When using a sequence comparison algorithm, test and reference sequences are entered into a computer, subsequence coordinates are designated, if necessary, and sequence algorithm program parameters are designated. Default program parameters can be used, or alternative parameters can be designated. The sequence comparison algorithm then calculates the percent sequence identities for the test sequences relative to the reference sequence, based on the program parameters.  
20

25          A "comparison window", as used herein, includes reference to a segment of any one of the number of contiguous positions selected from the group consisting of from 20 to 600, usually about 50 to about 200, more usually about 100 to about 150 in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned. Methods of alignment of sequences for comparison are well-known in the art. Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison can be conducted, e.g., by the local homology algorithm of Smith & Waterman, *Adv. Appl. Math.* 2:482 (1981), by the homology alignment algorithm of Needleman & Wunsch, *J. Mol. Biol.* 48:443 (1970), by the search for similarity method of Pearson & Lipman, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. USA* 85:2444 (1988), by computerized implementations of these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA, and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics Software Package, Genetics Computer Group, 575  
30          Science Dr., Madison, WI), or by manual alignment and visual inspection.

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One example of a useful algorithm is PILEUP. PILEUP creates a multiple sequence alignment from a group of related sequences using progressive, pairwise alignments to show relationship and percent sequence identity. It also plots a tree or dendogram showing the clustering relationships used to create the alignment. PILEUP uses a simplification of the progressive alignment method of Feng & Doolittle, *J. Mol. Evol.* 35:351-360 (1987). The method used is similar to the method described by Higgins & Sharp, *CABIOS* 5:151-153 (1989). The program can align up to 300 sequences, each of a maximum length of 5,000 nucleotides or amino acids. The multiple alignment procedure begins with the pairwise alignment of the two most similar sequences, producing a cluster of two aligned sequences. This cluster is then aligned to the next most related sequence or cluster of aligned sequences. Two clusters of sequences are aligned by a simple extension of the pairwise alignment of two individual sequences. The final alignment is achieved by a series of progressive, pairwise alignments. The program is run by designating specific sequences and their amino acid or nucleotide coordinates for regions of sequence comparison and by designating the program parameters. For example, a reference sequence can be compared to other test sequences to determine the percent sequence identity relationship using the following parameters: default gap weight (3.00), default gap length weight (0.10), and weighted end gaps.

Another example of algorithm that is suitable for determining percent sequence identity and sequence similarity is the BLAST algorithm, which is described in Altschul *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* 215:403-410 (1990). Software for performing BLAST analyses is publicly available through the National Center for Biotechnology Information (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>). This algorithm involves first identifying high scoring sequence pairs (HSPs) by identifying short words of length W in the query sequence, which either match or satisfy some positive-valued threshold score T when aligned with a word of the same length in a database sequence. T is referred to as the neighborhood word score threshold (Altschul *et al, supra*). These initial neighborhood word hits act as seeds for initiating searches to find longer HSPs containing them. The word hits are extended in both directions along each sequence for as far as the cumulative alignment score can be increased. Extension of the word hits in each direction are halted when: the cumulative alignment score falls off by the quantity X from its maximum achieved value; the cumulative score goes to zero or below, due to the accumulation of one or more negative-scoring residue alignments; or the end of either sequence is reached. The BLAST algorithm parameters W, T, and X determine the sensitivity and speed of the

*SvB B)  
cont*

alignment. The BLAST program uses as defaults a wordlength (W) of 11, the BLOSUM62 scoring matrix (see Henikoff & Henikoff, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89:10915 (1989)) alignments (B) of 50, expectation (E) of 10, M=5, N=-4, and a comparison of both strands.

5       The BLAST algorithm also performs a statistical analysis of the similarity between two sequences (see, e.g., Karlin & Altschul, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:5873-5787 (1993)). One measure of similarity provided by the BLAST algorithm is the smallest sum probability (P(N)), which provides an indication of the probability by which a match between two nucleotide or amino acid sequences would occur by chance.

10      For example, a nucleic acid is considered similar to a reference sequence if the smallest sum probability in a comparison of the test nucleic acid to the reference nucleic acid is less than about 0.2, more preferably less than about 0.01, and most preferably less than about 0.001.

15      "Conservatively modified variants" applies to both amino acid and nucleic acid sequences. With respect to particular nucleic acid sequences, conservatively modified variants refers to those nucleic acids which encode identical or essentially identical amino acid sequences, or where the nucleic acid does not encode an amino acid sequence, to essentially identical sequences. Because of the degeneracy of the genetic code, a large number of functionally identical nucleic acids encode any given protein.

20      For instance, the codons GCA, GCC, GCG and GCU all encode the amino acid alanine. Thus, at every position where an alanine is specified by a codon, the codon can be altered to any of the corresponding codons described without altering the encoded polypeptide. Such nucleic acid variations are "silent variations," which are one species of conservatively modified variations. Every nucleic acid sequence herein which encodes a

25      polypeptide also describes every possible silent variation of the nucleic acid. One of skill will recognize that each codon in a nucleic acid (except AUG, which is ordinarily the only codon for methionine) can be modified to yield a functionally identical molecule. Accordingly, each silent variation of a nucleic acid which encodes a polypeptide is implicit in each described sequence.

30      As to amino acid sequences, one of skill will recognize that individual substitutions, deletions or additions to a nucleic acid, peptide, polypeptide, or protein sequence which alters, adds or deletes a single amino acid or a small percentage of amino acids in the encoded sequence is a "conservatively modified variant" where the alteration results in the substitution of an amino acid with a chemically similar amino acid.

Conservative substitution tables providing functionally similar amino acids are well known in the art.

The following six groups each contain amino acids that are conservative substitutions for one another:

- 5      1) Alanine (A), Serine (S), Threonine (T);
- 2) Aspartic acid (D), Glutamic acid (E);
- 3) Asparagine (N), Glutamine (Q);
- 4) Arginine (R), Lysine (K);
- 5) Isoleucine (I), Leucine (L), Methionine (M), Valine (V); and
- 10     6) Phenylalanine (F), Tyrosine (Y), Tryptophan (W).

(see, e.g., Creighton, *Proteins* (1984)).

An indication that two nucleic acid sequences or polypeptides are substantially identical is that the polypeptide encoded by the first nucleic acid is immunologically cross reactive with the antibodies raised against the polypeptide encoded by the second nucleic acid. Thus, a polypeptide is typically substantially identical to a second polypeptide, for example, where the two peptides differ only by conservative substitutions. Another indication that two nucleic acid sequences are substantially identical is that the two molecules or their complements hybridize to each other under stringent conditions, as described below.

The phrase "selectively (or specifically) hybridizes to" refers to the binding, duplexing, or hybridizing of a molecule only to a particular nucleotide sequence under stringent hybridization conditions when that sequence is present in a complex mixture (e.g., total cellular or library DNA or RNA).

The phrase "stringent hybridization conditions" refers to conditions under which a probe will hybridize to its target subsequence, typically in a complex mixture of nucleic acid, but to no other sequences. Stringent conditions are sequence-dependent and will be different in different circumstances. Longer sequences hybridize specifically at higher temperatures. An extensive guide to the hybridization of nucleic acids is found in Tijssen, *Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology--Hybridization with Nucleic Probes*, "Overview of principles of hybridization and the strategy of nucleic acid assays" (1993). Generally, highly stringent conditions are selected to be about 5-10°C lower than the thermal melting point ( $T_m$ ) for the specific sequence at a defined ionic strength pH. Low stringency conditions are generally selected to be about 15-30°C below the  $T_m$ . The

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$T_m$  is the temperature (under defined ionic strength, pH, and nucleic concentration) at which 50% of the probes complementary to the target hybridize to the target sequence at equilibrium (as the target sequences are present in excess, at  $T_m$ , 50% of the probes are occupied at equilibrium). Stringent conditions will be those in which the salt

5 concentration is less than about 1.0 M sodium ion, typically about 0.01 to 1.0 M sodium ion concentration (or other salts) at pH 7.0 to 8.3 and the temperature is at least about 30°C for short probes (e.g., 10 to 50 nucleotides) and at least about 55°C, sometimes 60°C, and sometimes 65°C for long probes (e.g., greater than 50 nucleotides). Stringent conditions may also be achieved with the addition of destabilizing agents such as

10 formamide. For selective or specific hybridization, a positive signal is at least two times background, preferably 10 time background hybridization.

Nucleic acids that do not hybridize to each other under stringent conditions are still substantially identical if the polypeptides which they encode are substantially identical. This occurs, for example, when a copy of a nucleic acid is created using the maximum codon degeneracy permitted by the genetic code. In such case, the nucleic acids typically hybridize under moderately stringent hybridization conditions.

In the present invention, genomic DNA or cDNA comprising *DMT* nucleic acids of the invention can be identified in standard Southern blots under stringent conditions using the nucleic acid sequences disclosed here. For the purposes of this disclosure, suitable stringent conditions for such hybridizations are those which include a hybridization in a buffer of 40% formamide, 1 M NaCl, 1% SDS at 37°C, and at least one wash in 0.2X SSC at a temperature of at least about 50°C, usually about 55°C to about 60°C and sometimes 65°C, for 20 minutes, or equivalent conditions. A positive hybridization is at least twice background. Those of ordinary skill will readily recognize that alternative hybridization and wash conditions can be utilized to provide conditions of similar stringency.

A further indication that two polynucleotides are substantially identical is if the reference sequence, amplified by a pair of oligonucleotide primers, can then be used as a probe under stringent hybridization conditions to isolate the test sequence from a cDNA or genomic library, or to identify the test sequence in, e.g., a northern or Southern blot.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

This invention provides molecular strategies for controlling plant development, including methylation of chromosomal DNA, endosperm development and flowering time.

5        Reproduction in flowering plants involves two fertilization events in the haploid female gametophyte. One sperm nucleus fertilizes the egg to form the embryo. A second sperm nucleus fertilizes the central cell to form the endosperm, a unique tissue that supports the growth of the embryo. Fertilization also activates maternal tissue differentiation, the ovule integuments form the seed coat and the ovary forms the fruit.

10      The present invention is based, at least in part, on the discovery of a set of female-gametophytic mutations and the subsequent cloning of the gene involved, termed *DEMETER (DMT)*, formally known as *ATROPOS (ATR)*. Two mutant alleles of *DMT* disclosed here were created using a T-DNA tag, thereby disrupting an exon of the gene. The *dmt* mutations affect endosperm production, allowing for increased endosperm 15 development. Generally, the mutant *dmt* alleles are not transmitted by the female gametophyte. Inheritance of a mutant *dmt* allele by the female gametophyte usually results in embryo abortion and endosperm overproduction, even when the pollen bears the wild-type *DMT* allele.

20      In contrast, transmission of *dmt* mutant alleles through the male gametophyte (*i.e.*, pollen) is ecotype-dependent in *Arabidopsis*. For instance, in some ecotypes (*e.g.*, Columbia), transmission of *dmt* mutant alleles is less than 50%. However, in Landsberg *erecta*, transmission is almost normal.

25      DMT is a repressor of endosperm both before and after fertilization. DMT is both necessary and sufficient for MEDEA transcription. DMT is related to 5-methylcytosine glycosylases. DMT regulates transcription of specific target genes (*i.e.*, MEA) by a demethylation mechanism. DMT is also required for maintaining the proper global pattern of methylation of chromosomal DNA in cells.

30      The isolated sequences prepared as described herein, can be used in a number of techniques, for example, to suppress or enhance endogenous DMT gene expression. Modulation of *DMT* gene expression or DMT activity in plants is particularly useful, for example, in producing embryo-less or embryo-reduced seed, seed with increased endosperm, as part of a system to generate seed, to modulate time to flowering, organ identity, size and/or number, meristem size or activity in plants, or to modulate methylation, and thus gene expression in plants. Another use is the expression of DMT

polynucleotides in animal cells, for instance as a DNA repair enzyme useful in preventing the unnatural proliferation of cells (including cancer) due to chromosomal lesions. *See, e.g., Bruner, et al., Nature* 403:859 (2000).

As described in more detail below, reduction of expression of DMT in plants results in a number of diverse phenotypes. Without intending to limit the invention to particular embodiments, it is believed that some of the phenotypes that are generated in plants are epigenetic mutations, i.e., effects due to differences in the methylation state of the chromosome that result in altered gene expression. Thus, DMT provides a powerful tool to develop any number of plant lines with a variety of desired phenotypes.

10

#### *Isolation of DMT nucleic acids*

Generally, the nomenclature and the laboratory procedures in recombinant DNA technology described below are those well known and commonly employed in the art. Standard techniques are used for cloning, DNA and RNA isolation, amplification and purification. Generally enzymatic reactions involving DNA ligase, DNA polymerase, restriction endonucleases and the like are performed according to the manufacturer's specifications. These techniques and various other techniques are generally performed according to Sambrook *et al., Molecular Cloning - A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, (1989).

The isolation of *DMT* nucleic acids may be accomplished by a number of techniques. For instance, oligonucleotide probes based on the sequences disclosed here can be used to identify the desired gene in a cDNA or genomic DNA library. To construct genomic libraries, large segments of genomic DNA are generated by random fragmentation, e.g. using restriction endonucleases, and are ligated with vector DNA to form concatemers that can be packaged into the appropriate vector. To prepare a cDNA library, mRNA is isolated from the desired organ, such as ovules, and a cDNA library which contains the *DMT* gene transcript is prepared from the mRNA. Alternatively, cDNA may be prepared from mRNA extracted from other tissues in which *DMT* genes or homologs are expressed.

The cDNA or genomic library can then be screened using a probe based upon the sequence of a cloned *DMT* gene disclosed here. Probes may be used to hybridize with genomic DNA or cDNA sequences to isolate homologous genes in the same or different plant species. Alternatively, antibodies raised against a DMT polypeptide can be used to screen an mRNA expression library.

Alternatively, the nucleic acids of interest can be amplified from nucleic acid samples using amplification techniques. For instance, polymerase chain reaction (PCR) technology can be used to amplify the sequences of the *DMT* genes directly from genomic DNA, from cDNA, from genomic libraries or cDNA libraries. PCR and other *in vitro* amplification methods may also be useful, for example, to clone nucleic acid sequences that code for proteins to be expressed, to make nucleic acids to use as probes for detecting the presence of the desired mRNA in samples, for nucleic acid sequencing, or for other purposes. For a general overview of PCR see *PCR Protocols: A Guide to Methods and Applications*. (Innis, M, Gelfand, D., Sninsky, J. and White, T., eds.), Academic Press, San Diego (1990).

*Sul Cito* Appropriate primers and probes for identifying *DMT* sequences from plant tissues are generated from comparisons of the sequences provided here with other related genes. For instance, *DMT* can be compared to the other endonuclease III genes, such as Genbank Accession No. AE002073. Using these techniques, one of skill can identify 15 conserved regions in the nucleic acids disclosed here to prepare the appropriate primer and probe sequences. Primers that specifically hybridize to conserved regions in *DMT* genes can be used to amplify sequences from widely divergent plant species. Appropriate primers for amplification of the genomic region or cDNA of *DMT* include the following primers:

20 Xba-SKEN-7; CCTCTAGAGGAATTGTCGGCAAAATCGAG  
SKB-8; GGAGAGACGGTTATTGTCAACC  
SKB-7; AAAAGTCTACAAGGGAGAGAGAGT  
SKB-5; GTAGATGTACATACGTACC  
SKEN-8; GCATCCTCCAACAAGTAACAATCCACTC  
25 SKB-6; CACTGAGATTAAATTCTTCAGACTCG  
SKEN-3.5; CTCAGGCGAGTCAATGCCGGAGAACAC  
SKEN-3; CGAGGGCTGATCCGGGGATAGATATTTT  
SKEN-2; CCCCCGGATCAGCCCTCGAATT  
SKEN-1; CCCCTGTCTACAAATTCAACCACCTGG  
30 SKEL-4; CTGACCCAAGTGCTTCTCTTC  
skes1.5; TCACCTGTTCTGAACAGACTGG  
SKES-1.4; CAGCAGACGAGTCCATAATGCTCTGC  
SKES-2.4; GGTTGCCTTCCACGACCACC  
SKES-1; GGAAGCCACGCAAAGCTGCAACTCAGG  
35 SKES-2.45; GAGTTGCAGCTTGCCTGGCTTCC

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SKES2.5; TTCAGACTCAGAGTCACCTTGC  
SKES-2; ACCAGCAGCCTGCTGGCC  
SKES-3; CATGCCAGAGAAGCAGGGCTCC  
SKES3.5; CGATGATACTGTCTTCGAGC  
5 SKES-6; CCTCCGCCTGCTCATGCCTCAG  
SKEN-4; GTCCATCAGGAGAACTCTGTGTCAGGAT  
SKES-4; GGGAAACAAGTGCACCATCTCC  
SKEN-6; GCTCTCATAGGAAACAAGTGCACCATCTC  
SKES-5; CGCTCGCATGCACCTGGTAC  
10 SKB-1; GGAGGGAAATCGAGCAGCTAGAG  
SKB-2; GAGCAGCTAAGGGACTGTTCAAAC  
SKB-3; CCAGGAATGGGATTGTCCGG  
3' RACE-2; CTTGGACGGCGCTTGAGGAACC  
3' RACE-1; GCCTACAAGCCAGTGGGATAG  
15 cDNA-1; GCCAAGGACTATCTCTTGAGC  
SKB-4; GGATGGACTCGAGCACTGGG  
SKE2.2-4; AGAGGGAGAGTGCAGACACTTG  
cDNA-3; GAGGACCCCTGACGAGATCCCAAC  
cDNA-9; CCATGTGTTCCCGTAGAGTCATTCC  
20 2.2+SKE-1; ATGGAGCTCCAAGAAGGTGACATG  
cDNA-5; CAGAAGTGTGGAGGGAAAGCGTCTGGC  
cDNA-4; CCCTCAGACTGTTACACTCAGAAC  
cDNA-2; CCCGTTGAGCGGAAAACCTCCTCTCATGGC  
cDNA-7; GGAAAGGATTCGTATGTGTCCGTGG  
25 SKEN-5; GCAATGCGTTGCTTCTTCAGTCATCT  
cDNA-6; GAGGAGAGCAGAGAAGCAATGCGTTGC  
cDNA-8; GTTAGAGAGAAAATAATAACCC  
2.2+SKE-3; CCGTAAACAAACACCGGATACAC

30 The amplification conditions are typically as follows. Reaction components: 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.3, 50 mM potassium chloride, 1.5 mM magnesium chloride, 0.001% gelatin, 200 µM dATP, 200 µM dCTP, 200 µM dGTP, 200 µM dTTP, 0.4 µM primers, and 100 units per ml Taq polymerase. Program: 96 C for 3 min., 30 cycles of 96 C for 45 sec., 50 C for 60 sec., 72 for 60 sec, followed by 72 C for 5 min.

35 Standard nucleic acid hybridization techniques using the conditions disclosed above can then be used to identify full-length cDNA or genomic clones.

Alternatively, a number of methods for designing modifications of polynucleotide sequences are known to those of skill in the art. For example, oligonucleotide directed mutagenesis can be used to introduce site-specific mutations in a nucleic acid sequence of interest. Examples of such techniques are found in the references above and, e.g., in Reidhaar-Olson *et al.* *Science*, 241:53-57 (1988) and Ausubel *et al.* Similarly, gene shuffling (Stemmer *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:10747-10751(1994); Ostermeier *et al.* *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 96: 3562-67(1999))) can be used to introduce variation into one or more *DMT* sequences or subsequences. For example, orthologous (between species) or homologous (within a species) *DMT* nucleic acids can be interchanged, combined or shuffled to produce novel variations within the scope of the invention.

Additionally, error prone PCR can also be used to introduce variation into a nucleic acid sequence. See, Leung *et al.* (1989) *Technique* 1:11-15 and Caldwell *et al.* (1992) *PCR Methods Applic.* 2:28-33.

15

#### ***Control of DMT activity or gene expression***

Since *DMT* genes are involved in controlling seed, in particular endosperm, development, inhibition of endogenous *DMT* activity or gene expression is useful in a number of contexts. For instance, reduction of *DMT* activity can be used for production of seed with enhanced endosperm. By reducing and/or eliminating *DMT* activity, plants with seed containing increased endosperm can be produced.

Alternatively, substantial inhibition of *DMT* activity can be used for production of fruit with small and/or degraded seed (referred to here as "seedless fruit") after fertilization. In many plants, particularly dicots, the endosperm is not persistent and eventually is degraded. Thus, in plants of the invention in which *DMT* activity is inhibited, embryo-less seed do not persist and seedless fruit are produced. For production of dicots with enhanced endosperm, the most beneficial effect may be to reduce, but not eliminate *DMT* activity. On the other hand, in monocots, which have persistent endosperm, it is advantageous to eliminate *DMT* activity.

30

Alternatively, plants of the invention can be used to prevent pre-harvest sprouting in seeds, especially those derived from cereals. In these plants, the endosperm persists and is the major component of the mature seed. Premature growth of embryos in stored grain causes release of degradative enzymes which digest starch and other

components of the endosperm. Plants of the present invention are useful in addressing this problem because the seeds lack an embryo and thus will not germinate.

Moreover, as discussed herein, time to flowering and DNA methylation can also be modulated by modulating DMT activity in a cell. For example, DMT can be  
5 used to modulate the amount of methylated DNA in a cell. Indeed, since expression of many genes is dependent on their methylation state, modulation of DMT activity modulates gene expression in a cell. Examples of genes whose expression is modulated by DMT include *MEDEA*.

One of skill will recognize that a number of methods can be used to  
10 modulate DMT activity or gene expression. DMT activity can be modulated in the plant cell at the gene, transcriptional, posttranscriptional, translational, or posttranslational, levels. Techniques for modulating DMT activity at each of these levels are generally well known to one of skill and are discussed briefly below.

Methods for introducing genetic mutations into plant genes are well  
15 known. For instance, seeds or other plant material can be treated with a mutagenic chemical substance, according to standard techniques. Such chemical substances include, but are not limited to, the following: diethyl sulfate, ethylene imine, ethyl methanesulfonate and N-nitroso-N-ethylurea. Alternatively, ionizing radiation from sources such as, for example, X-rays or gamma rays can be used.

20 Alternatively, homologous recombination can be used to induce targeted gene disruptions by specifically deleting or altering the *DMT* gene *in vivo* (see, generally, Grewal and Klar, *Genetics* 146: 1221-1238 (1997) and Xu *et al.*, *Genes Dev.* 10:2411-2422 (1996)). Homologous recombination has been demonstrated in plants (Puchta *et al.*, *Experientia* 50:277-284 (1994), Swoboda *et al.*, *EMBO J.* 13:484-489 (1994); Offringa *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90: 7346-7350 (1993); and Kempin *et al.* *Nature* 389:802-803 (1997)).

In applying homologous recombination technology to the genes of the invention, mutations in selected portions of a DMT gene sequences (including 5' upstream, 3' downstream, and intragenic regions) such as those disclosed here are made  
30 *in vitro* and then introduced into the desired plant using standard techniques. Since the efficiency of homologous recombination is known to be dependent on the vectors used, use of dicistronic gene targeting vectors as described by Mountford *et al.* *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:4303-4307 (1994); and Vaulont *et al.* *Transgenic Res.* 4:247-255 (1995) are conveniently used to increase the efficiency of selecting for altered *DMT* gene

expression in transgenic plants. The mutated gene will interact with the target wild-type gene in such a way that homologous recombination and targeted replacement of the wild-type gene will occur in transgenic plant cells, resulting in suppression of DMT activity.

Alternatively, oligonucleotides composed of a contiguous stretch of RNA and DNA residues in a duplex conformation with double hairpin caps on the ends can be used. The RNA/DNA sequence is designed to align with the sequence of the target *DMT* gene and to contain the desired nucleotide change. Introduction of the chimeric oligonucleotide on an extrachromosomal T-DNA plasmid results in efficient and specific DMT gene conversion directed by chimeric molecules in a small number of transformed plant cells. This method is described in Cole-Strauss *et al.* *Science* 273:1386-1389 (1996) and Yoon *et al.* *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:2071-2076 (1996).

Gene expression can be inactivated using recombinant DNA techniques by transforming plant cells with constructs comprising transposons or T-DNA sequences.

*DMT* mutants prepared by these methods are identified according to standard techniques.

For instance, mutants can be detected by PCR or by detecting the presence or absence of *DMT* mRNA, *e.g.*, by Northern blots. Mutants can also be selected by assaying for development of endosperm in the absence of fertilization.

The isolated nucleic acid sequences prepared as described herein, can also be used in a number of techniques to control endogenous *DMT* gene expression at various levels. Subsequences from the sequences disclosed here can be used to control, transcription, RNA accumulation, translation, and the like.

A number of methods can be used to inhibit gene expression in plants. For instance, antisense technology can be conveniently used. To accomplish this, a nucleic acid segment from the desired gene is cloned and operably linked to a promoter such that

the antisense strand of RNA will be transcribed. The construct is then transformed into plants and the antisense strand of RNA is produced. In plant cells, it has been suggested that antisense suppression can act at all levels of gene regulation including suppression of RNA translation (*see*, Bourque *Plant Sci. (Limerick)* 105:125-149 (1995); Pantopoulos In Progress in Nucleic Acid Research and Molecular Biology, Vol. 48. Cohn, W. E. and K.

Moldave (Ed.). Academic Press, Inc.: San Diego, California, USA; London, England, UK. p. 181-238; Heiser *et al.* *Plant Sci. (Shannon)* 127:61-69 (1997)) and by preventing the accumulation of mRNA which encodes the protein of interest, (*see*, Baulcombe *Plant Mol. Bio.* 32:79-88 (1996); Prins and Goldbach *Arch. Virol.* 141:2259-2276 (1996);

Metzlaff *et al.* *Cell* 88:845-854 (1997), Sheehy *et al.*, *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA*, 85:8805-8809 (1988), and Hiatt *et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,801,340).

The nucleic acid segment to be introduced generally will be substantially identical to at least a portion of the endogenous *DMT* gene or genes to be repressed. The sequence, however, need not be perfectly identical to inhibit expression. The vectors of the present invention can be designed such that the inhibitory effect applies to other genes within a family of genes exhibiting homology or substantial homology to the target gene.

For antisense suppression, the introduced sequence also need not be full length relative to either the primary transcription product or fully processed mRNA.

Generally, higher homology can be used to compensate for the use of a shorter sequence. Furthermore, the introduced sequence need not have the same intron or exon pattern, and homology of non-coding segments may be equally effective. Normally, a sequence of between about 30 or 40 nucleotides and about full length nucleotides should be used, though a sequence of at least about 100 nucleotides is preferred, a sequence of at least about 200 nucleotides is more preferred, and a sequence of about 500 to about 7000 nucleotides is especially preferred.

A number of gene regions can be targeted to suppress *DMT* gene expression. The targets can include, for instance, the coding regions, introns, sequences from exon/intron junctions, 5' or 3' untranslated regions, and the like. In some embodiments, the constructs can be designed to eliminate the ability of regulatory proteins to bind to *DMT* gene sequences that are required for its cell- and/or tissue-specific expression. Such transcriptional regulatory sequences can be located either 5'-, 3'-, or within the coding region of the gene and can be either promote (positive regulatory element) or repress (negative regulatory element) gene transcription. These sequences can be identified using standard deletion analysis, well known to those of skill in the art. Once the sequences are identified, an antisense construct targeting these sequences is introduced into plants to control gene transcription in particular tissue, for instance, in developing ovules and/or seed. In one embodiment, transgenic plants are selected for DMT activity that is reduced but not eliminated.

Oligonucleotide-based triple-helix formation can be used to disrupt DMT gene expression. Triplex DNA can inhibit DNA transcription and replication, generate site-specific mutations, cleave DNA, and induce homologous recombination (*see, e.g.*, Havre and Glazer *J. Virology* 67:7324-7331 (1993); Scanlon *et al.* *FASEB J.* 9:1288-1296 (1995); Giovannangeli *et al.* *Biochemistry* 35:10539-10548 (1996); Chan and Glazer *J.*

*Mol. Medicine (Berlin)* 75:267-282 (1997)). Triple helix DNAs can be used to target the same sequences identified for antisense regulation.

Catalytic RNA molecules or ribozymes can also be used to inhibit expression of *DMT* genes. It is possible to design ribozymes that specifically pair with 5 virtually any target RNA and cleave the phosphodiester backbone at a specific location, thereby functionally inactivating the target RNA. In carrying out this cleavage, the ribozyme is not itself altered, and is thus capable of recycling and cleaving other molecules, making it a true enzyme. The inclusion of ribozyme sequences within antisense RNAs confers RNA-cleaving activity upon them, thereby increasing the activity 10 of the constructs. Thus, ribozymes can be used to target the same sequences identified for antisense regulation.

A number of classes of ribozymes have been identified. One class of 15 ribozymes is derived from a number of small circular RNAs which are capable of self-cleavage and replication in plants. The RNAs replicate either alone (viroid RNAs) or with a helper virus (satellite RNAs). Examples include RNAs from avocado sunblotch viroid and the satellite RNAs from tobacco ringspot virus, lucerne transient streak virus, velvet tobacco mottle virus, solanum nodiflorum mottle virus and subterranean clover mottle virus. The design and use of target RNA-specific ribozymes is described in Zhao and Pick *Nature* 365:448-451 (1993); Eastham and Ahlering *J. Urology* 156:1186-1188 20 (1996); Sokol and Murray *Transgenic Res.* 5:363-371 (1996); Sun *et al. Mol. Biotechnology* 7:241-251 (1997); and Haseloff *et al. Nature*, 334:585-591 (1988).

Another method of suppression is sense cosuppression. Introduction of 25 nucleic acid configured in the sense orientation has been recently shown to be an effective means by which to block the transcription of target genes. For an example of the use of this method to modulate expression of endogenous genes (see, Assaad *et al. Plant Mol. Bio.* 22:1067-1085 (1993); Flavell *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:3490-3496 (1994); Stam *et al. Annals Bot.* 79:3-12 (1997); Napoli *et al., The Plant Cell* 2:279-289 (1990); and U.S. Patents Nos. 5,034,323, 5,231,020, and 5,283,184).

The suppressive effect may occur where the introduced sequence contains 30 no coding sequence *per se*, but only intron or untranslated sequences homologous to sequences present in the primary transcript of the endogenous sequence. The introduced sequence generally will be substantially identical to the endogenous sequence intended to be repressed. This minimal identity will typically be greater than about 65%, but a higher identity might exert a more effective repression of expression of the endogenous

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sequences. Substantially greater identity of more than about 80% is preferred, though about 95% to absolute identity would be most preferred. As with antisense regulation, the effect should apply to any other proteins within a similar family of genes exhibiting homology or substantial homology.

5 For sense suppression, the introduced sequence, needing less than absolute identity, also need not be full length, relative to either the primary transcription product or fully processed mRNA. This may be preferred to avoid concurrent production of some plants that are overexpressers. A higher identity in a shorter than full length sequence compensates for a longer, less identical sequence. Furthermore, the introduced sequence  
10 need not have the same intron or exon pattern, and identity of non-coding segments will be equally effective. Normally, a sequence of the size ranges noted above for antisense regulation is used. In addition, the same gene regions noted for antisense regulation can be targeted using cosuppression technologies.

15 In a preferred embodiment, expression of a nucleic acid of interest can be suppressed by the simultaneous expression of both sense and antisense constructs (Waterhouse *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:13959-13964 (1998). *See also* Tabara *et al.* *Science* 282:430-431 (1998).

20 Alternatively, *DMT* activity may be modulated by eliminating the proteins that are required for *DMT* cell-specific gene expression. Thus, expression of regulatory proteins and/or the sequences that control *DMT* gene expression can be modulated using the methods described here.

25 Another method is use of engineered tRNA suppression of *DMT* mRNA translation. This method involves the use of suppressor tRNAs to transactivate target genes containing premature stop codons (*see*, Betzner *et al.* *Plant J.* 11:587-595 (1997); and Choisne *et al.* *Plant J.* 11:597-604 (1997). A plant line containing a constitutively expressed *DMT* gene that contains an amber stop codon is first created. Multiple lines of plants, each containing tRNA suppressor gene constructs under the direction of cell-type specific promoters are also generated. The tRNA gene construct is then crossed into the *DMT* line to activate *DMT* activity in a targeted manner. These tRNA suppressor lines  
30 could also be used to target the expression of any type of gene to the same cell or tissue types.

DMT proteins may form homogeneous or heterologous complexes *in vivo*. Thus, production of dominant-negative forms of *DMT* polypeptides that are defective in their abilities to bind to other proteins in the complex is a convenient means to inhibit

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endogenous DMT activity. This approach involves transformation of plants with constructs encoding mutant DMT polypeptides that form defective complexes and thereby prevent the complex from forming properly. The mutant polypeptide may vary from the naturally occurring sequence at the primary structure level by amino acid substitutions, additions, deletions, and the like. These modifications can be used in a number of combinations to produce the final modified protein chain. Use of dominant negative mutants to inactivate target genes is described in Mizukami *et al.* *Plant Cell* 8:831-845 (1996).

Another strategy to affect the ability of a DMT protein to interact with itself or with other proteins involves the use of antibodies specific to DMT. In this method cell-specific expression of DMT-specific Abs is used inactivate functional domains through antibody:antigen recognition (*see*, Hupp *et al.* *Cell* 83:237-245 (1995)).

After plants with reduced DMT activity are identified, a recombinant construct capable of expressing low levels of DMT in embryos can be introduced using the methods discussed below. In this fashion, the level of DMT activity can be regulated to produce preferred plant phenotypes. For example, a relatively weak promoter such as the ubiquitin promoter (*see*, e.g., Garbarino *et al.* *Plant Physiol.* 109(4):1371-8 (1995); Christensen *et al* *Transgenic Res.* 5(3):213-8 (1996); and Holtorf *et al.* *Plant. Mol. Biol.* 29(4):637-46 (1995)) is useful to produce plants with reduced levels of DMT activity or expression. Such plants are useful for producing, for instance, plants that produce seed with enhanced endosperm.

#### ***Use of nucleic acids of the invention to enhance DMT gene expression***

Isolated sequences prepared as described herein can also be introduced into a plant cell, thereby modulating expression of a particular *DMT* nucleic acid to enhance or increase endogenous gene expression. For instance, without being bound to any theory, in light of DMT's relation to Exonuclease III and DNA glycosylases, applicants believe that DMT binds DNA or chromatin and acts to modulate transcription by modulating the methylation state of DNA. Enhanced expression can therefore be used to control plant morphology by controlling expression of genes under DMT's control, such as *MEDEA*, in desired tissues or cells. Enhanced expression can also be used, for instance, to increase vegetative growth by preventing the plant from setting seed. Where overexpression of a gene is desired, the desired gene from a different species may be used to decrease potential sense suppression effects.

Moreover, as discussed herein, time to flowering and DNA methylation can also be modulated by modulating DMT activity in a cell. For example, increased expression of DMT in a plant results in delayed time to flowering. Similarly, DMT can be used to modulate the amount of methylated DNA in a cell. Indeed, since expression of many genes is dependent on their methylation state, modulation of DMT activity modulates gene expression in a cell. Examples of genes whose expression is modulated by DMT include *MEDEA*.

One of skill will recognize that the polypeptides encoded by the genes of the invention, like other proteins, have different domains that perform different functions. Thus, the gene sequences need not be full length, so long as the desired functional domain of the protein is expressed.

Modified protein chains can also be readily designed utilizing various recombinant DNA techniques well known to those skilled in the art and described in detail, below. For example, the chains can vary from the naturally occurring sequence at the primary structure level by amino acid substitutions, additions, deletions, and the like. These modifications can be used in a number of combinations to produce the final modified protein chain.

#### *Preparation of recombinant vectors*

To use isolated sequences in the above techniques, recombinant DNA vectors suitable for transformation of plant cells are prepared. Techniques for transforming a wide variety of flowering plant species are well known and described in the technical and scientific literature. See, for example, Weising *et al. Ann. Rev. Genet.* 22:421-477 (1988). A DNA sequence coding for the desired polypeptide, for example a cDNA sequence encoding a full length protein, will preferably be combined with transcriptional and translational initiation regulatory sequences which will direct the transcription of the sequence from the gene in the intended tissues of the transformed plant.

For example, for overexpression, a plant promoter fragment may be employed which will direct expression of the gene in all tissues of a regenerated plant. Such promoters are referred to herein as "constitutive" promoters and are active under most environmental conditions and states of development or cell differentiation. Examples of constitutive promoters include the cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV) 35S transcription initiation region, the 1'- or 2'- promoter derived from T-DNA of

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*Agrobacterium tumefaciens*, and other transcription initiation regions from various plant genes known to those of skill. Such genes include for example, *ACT11* from *Arabidopsis* (Huang *et al.* *Plant Mol. Biol.* 33:125-139 (1996)), *Cat3* from *Arabidopsis* (GenBank No. U43147, Zhong *et al.*, *Mol. Gen. Genet.* 251:196-203 (1996)), the gene encoding 5 stearoyl-acyl carrier protein desaturase from *Brassica napus* (Genbank No. X74782, Solocombe *et al.* *Plant Physiol.* 104:1167-1176 (1994)), *Gpc1* from maize (GenBank No. X15596, Martinez *et al.* *J. Mol. Biol.* 208:551-565 (1989)), and *Gpc2* from maize (GenBank No. U45855, Manjunath *et al.*, *Plant Mol. Biol.* 33:97-112 (1997)).

Alternatively, the plant promoter may direct expression of the *DMT* nucleic acid in a specific tissue or may be otherwise under more precise environmental or developmental control. Examples of environmental conditions that may effect transcription by inducible promoters include anaerobic conditions, elevated temperature, or the presence of light. Such promoters are referred to here as "inducible" or "tissue-specific" promoters. One of skill will recognize that a tissue-specific promoter may drive expression of operably linked sequences in tissues other than the target tissue. Thus, as used herein a tissue-specific promoter is one that drives expression preferentially in the target tissue, but may also lead to some expression in other tissues as well.

Examples of promoters under developmental control include promoters that initiate transcription only (or primarily only) in certain tissues, such as fruit, seeds, or flowers. Promoters that direct expression of nucleic acids in ovules, flowers or seeds are particularly useful in the present invention. As used herein a seed-specific promoter is one which directs expression in seed tissues, such promoters may be, for example, ovule-specific (which includes promoters which direct expression in maternal tissues or the female gametophyte, such as egg cells or the central cell), embryo-specific, endosperm-specific, integument-specific, seed coat-specific, or some combination thereof. Examples include a promoter from the ovule-specific *BEL1* gene described in Reiser *et al.* *Cell* 83:735-742 (1995) (GenBank No. U39944). Other suitable seed specific promoters are derived from the following genes: *MAC1* from maize (Sheridan *et al.* *Genetics* 142:1009-1020 (1996), *Cat3* from maize (GenBank No. L05934, Abler *et al.* *Plant Mol. Biol.* 22:10131-1038 (1993), the gene encoding oleosin 18kD from maize (GenBank No. J05212, Lee *et al.* *Plant Mol. Biol.* 26:1981-1987 (1994)), viviparous-1 from *Arabidopsis* (Genbank No. U93215), the gene encoding oleosin from *Arabidopsis* (Genbank No. Z17657), Atmyc1 from *Arabidopsis* (Urao *et al.* *Plant Mol. Biol.* 32:571-576 (1996)), the 2s seed storage protein gene family from *Arabidopsis* (Conceicao *et al.* *Plant* 5:493-505

(1994)) the gene encoding oleosin 20kD from *Brassica napus* (GenBank No. M63985), *napA* from *Brassica napus* (GenBank No. J02798, Josefsson *et al.* *JBL* 26:12196-1301 (1987), the napin gene family from *Brassica napus* (Sjodahl *et al.* *Planta* 197:264-271 (1995), the gene encoding the 2S storage protein from *Brassica napus* (Dasgupta *et al.* 5 *Gene* 133:301-302 (1993)), the genes encoding oleosin A (Genbank No. U09118) and oleosin B (Genbank No. U09119) from soybean and the gene encoding low molecular weight sulphur rich protein from soybean (Choi *et al.* *Mol Gen. Genet.* 246:266-268 (1995)).

In addition, the promoter sequences from the *DMT* genes disclosed here 10 can be used to drive expression of the *DMT* polynucleotides of the invention or heterologous sequences. The sequences of the promoters are identified below.

If proper polypeptide expression is desired, a polyadenylation region at the 3'-end of the coding region should be included. The polyadenylation region can be derived from the natural gene, from a variety of other plant genes, or from T-DNA.

15 The vector comprising the sequences (e.g., promoters or coding regions) from genes of the invention will typically comprise a marker gene which confers a selectable phenotype on plant cells. For example, the marker may encode biocide resistance, particularly antibiotic resistance, such as resistance to kanamycin, G418, bleomycin, hygromycin, or herbicide resistance, such as resistance to chlorosulfuron or 20 Basta.

#### **Promoter and Enhancer Nucleic Acids of the Invention**

The present invention provides polynucleotides useful as promoters and enhancers. The invention also provides methods of targeting heterologous polypeptides 25 to a female gametophyte of a plant, including, e.g., the polar nuclei, the eggs and synergids and central cells. Promoter polynucleotides of the invention include, for example, sequences and subsequences of the DMT 5' flanking DNA (SEQ ID NO:3), the 5' UTR region (SEQ ID NO:6) and the 3' flanking region (SEQ ID NO:4). In some embodiments, the promoter sequences are operably linked to the 5' end of the DMT 30 coding region, which is in turn fused to a polynucleotide of interest, typically encoding a polypeptide. An exemplary promoter sequence includes the last 3424 nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:3 linked to the first 1478 nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:5. In some embodiments, a further 444 nucleotides (e.g., the first 444 nucleotides of the DMT coding region) are incorporated into the promoter. In some embodiments, the promoter

sequences of the invention specifically direct expression of polynucleotides to the female gametophyte and does not direct expression in tissues following fertilization.

#### ***Production of transgenic plants***

5 DNA constructs of the invention may be introduced into the genome of the desired plant host by a variety of conventional techniques. For example, the DNA construct may be introduced directly into the genomic DNA of the plant cell using techniques such as electroporation and microinjection of plant cell protoplasts, or the DNA constructs can be introduced directly to plant tissue using ballistic methods, such as  
10 DNA particle bombardment.

Microinjection techniques are known in the art and well described in the scientific and patent literature. The introduction of DNA constructs using polyethylene glycol precipitation is described in Paszkowski et al. *Embo J.* 3:2717-2722 (1984). Electroporation techniques are described in Fromm et al. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 15 82:5824 (1985). Ballistic transformation techniques are described in Klein et al. *Nature* 327:70-73 (1987).

Alternatively, the DNA constructs may be combined with suitable T-DNA flanking regions and introduced into a conventional *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* host vector. The virulence functions of the *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* host will direct the insertion of the construct and adjacent marker into the plant cell DNA when the cell is infected by the bacteria. *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*-mediated transformation techniques, including disarming and use of binary vectors, are well described in the scientific literature. See, for example Horsch et al. *Science* 233:496-498 (1984), and Fraley et al. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:4803 (1983).

25 Transformed plant cells which are derived by any of the above transformation techniques can be cultured to regenerate a whole plant which possesses the transformed genotype and thus the desired phenotype such as increased seed mass. Such regeneration techniques rely on manipulation of certain phytohormones in a tissue culture growth medium, typically relying on a biocide and/or herbicide marker which has been  
30 introduced together with the desired nucleotide sequences. Plant regeneration from cultured protoplasts is described in Evans et al., *Protoplasts Isolation and Culture, Handbook of Plant Cell Culture*, pp. 124-176, MacMillan Publishing Company, New York, 1983; and Binding, *Regeneration of Plants, Plant Protoplasts*, pp. 21-73, CRC Press, Boca Raton, 1985. Regeneration can also be obtained from plant callus, explants,

organs, or parts thereof. Such regeneration techniques are described generally in Klee et al. *Ann. Rev. of Plant Phys.* 38:467-486 (1987).

The nucleic acids of the invention can be used to confer desired traits on essentially any plant. Thus, the invention has use over a broad range of plants, including species from the genera *Anacardium*, *Arachis*, *Asparagus*, *Atropa*, *Avena*, *Brassica*, *Citrus*, *Citrullus*, *Capsicum*, *Carthamus*, *Cocos*, *Coffea*, *Cucumis*, *Cucurbita*, *Daucus*, *Elaeis*, *Fragaria*, *Glycine*, *Gossypium*, *Helianthus*, *Heterocallis*, *Hordeum*, *Hyoscyamus*, *Lactuca*, *Linum*, *Lolium*, *Lupinus*, *Lycopersicon*, *Malus*, *Manihot*, *Majorana*, *Medicago*, *Nicotiana*, *Olea*, *Oryza*, *Panicum*, *Pannisetum*, *Persea*, *Phaseolus*, *Pistacia*, *Pisum*, *Pyrus*, *Prunus*, *Raphanus*, *Ricinus*, *Secale*, *Senecio*, *Sinapis*, *Solanum*, *Sorghum*, *Theobromus*, *Trigonella*, *Triticum*, *Vicia*, *Vitis*, *Vigna*, and *Zea*.

One of skill will recognize that after the expression cassette is stably incorporated in transgenic plants and confirmed to be operable, it can be introduced into other plants by sexual crossing. Any of a number of standard breeding techniques can be used, depending upon the species to be crossed.

Seed obtained from plants of the present invention can be analyzed according to well known procedures to identify plants with the desired trait. If antisense or other techniques are used to control DMT gene expression, Northern blot analysis can be used to screen for desired plants. In addition, the presence of fertilization independent reproductive development can be detected. Plants can be screened, for instance, for the ability to form embryo-less seed, form seed that abort after fertilization, or set fruit in the absence of fertilization. These procedures will depend, part on the particular plant species being used, but will be carried out according to methods well known to those of skill.

### **DMT Mutations, Fragments And Fusions**

As discussed above, DMT polynucleotides and polypeptides are not limited to the sequences disclosed herein. Those of skill in the art that conservative amino acid substitutions, as well as amino acid additions or deletions may not result in any change in biological activity. Moreover, sequence variants with at least one modulated biological activity of DMT are also contemplated. For example, at least one DMT activity can be increased or decreased by introduction of single or multiple amino acid changes from the sequences disclosed herein. Those of skill in the art will recognize that conservative amino acid substitutions in important functional domains are typically

useful in generating more active DMT polypeptides. Conversely, non-conservative substitutions of amino acid residues in functional domains, such as the HhH region of DMT (e.g., amino acids 1271-1304 of SEQ ID NO:2) are likely to disrupt at least one biological activity such as DNA binding. In some embodiments, the fragments of the invention consist of about 100, 200, 300 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, or 1000 amino acids.

Alternatively, fragments of the sequences disclosed herein are contemplated. In some preferred embodiments, the polypeptide fragments have at least one biological activity of DMT. For example, amino acid sequences comprising DMT domain B represent polypeptide fragments with glycosylase or demethylase activity. In some embodiments, a fragment comprising amino acids 1167-1404, 1192-1404, 1192-1368 or 1167-1368 of SEQ ID NO:2 have glycosylase activity.

Mutations, fragments and fusions are also useful as dominant negative mutations. For instance, different regions of the DMT protein are responsible for different biological activities. Thus, mutation or deletion of one functional domain can eliminate one but not all activities. For example, mutation or deletion of the DNA binding domain may result in proteins that interact with proteins necessary for DMT function, effectively titrating out those proteins and preventing an active DMT protein from acting. Similarly, DMT fragments comprising the DNA binding portion of the protein with an inactive enzymatic domain or lacking an enzymatic domain are also useful as dominant negative mutants by competing with active DMT polypeptides for DNA binding sites. As described herein, domains of DMT that can be modulated include: the leucine zipper, nuclear localization sequence, HhH domain, the aspartic acid of the GPD domain, as well a DMT domains A, B or C. Without intending to limit the scope of the invention, based on the data provided herein, DMT has glycosylase and demethylase activity and is a DNA repair enzyme.

#### ***Targeting the polypeptides of the invention to chromosomal regions***

Without intending to limit the scope of the invention, based on the data provided herein, it is believed that DMT has glycosylase and/or demethylase activity and is a DNA repair enzyme. DNA methylation plays an important role in the repression of gene transcription during animal development including embryogenesis, myogenesis and blood cell development. Methylated DNA is recognized by MeCP2 which in turn represses gene transcription by recruiting the Sin3 repressor complex that contains

catalytically active histone deacetylase (Jones *et al.* *Nature Genetics* 19(2):187-191 (1998)). Histone H3 and H4 deacetylation contributes to the formation of transcriptionally inactive chromatin. Thus, DMT can be used for the purpose of modulating the activity of target genes through chromatin architecture in animal cells as well as plant cells. For example, in some embodiments, DMT is used to catalytically remove 5-MeC from target gene DNA in several ways: e.g., (1) by fusing DMT to a sequence specific DNA binding protein, or (2) by fusing DMT to a subunit of the target repressor complex such as MeCP2 or Sin3. When combined with cell, tissue, or developmentally specific promoters DMT can be used to modulate specific sets of target genes.

In addition, reactive oxygen species, partially reduced species that are produced as intermediates of aerobic respiration, are powerful oxidizing agents that escape the mitochondria and attach to cellular components. Ionizing radiation and other agents that generate free radicals also produce reactive oxygen species that can attack the genome and cause lesions that are thought to have a key role in causing cancer and ageing. For example, 7,8-dihydro-8-oxoguanine (oxoG) is a very deleterious adduct generated by oxidation of the guanine base in DNA. The oxoG protein can pair with either cytosine or adenine during DNA replication. Thus, oxoG residues in DNA give rise to G/C to T/A transversion mutations. These transversions are common somatic mutations found in human cancers. HhH-GPD enzymes, such as those described herein, represent a defense against oxoG by catalysing the expulsion of the oxoG. Thus, in some embodiments, enhanced DMT activity is a method to reduce the incidence of mutations in animal cells. Also, DMT can be used to catalytically remove oxoG from a target gene by fusing DMT to a sequence specific DNA binding protein. When combined with a cell, tissue, or developmentally specific promoters DMT can be used to modulate repair of target genes.

As described above, the polypeptides of the invention can be targeted to chromosomal regions of interest by linking the polypeptides of the invention, including fragments with demethylase activity, to a DNA-binding domain that binds a target sequence. For example, it is known that an enzyme that methylates DNA (Dam methylase) can be targeted to specific sites in the genome (B.V. Steensel and S. Henikoff, *Nature Biotechnology* 18:424-428 (2000)). Specifically, the methylase was tethered to the DNA-binding domain of GAL4. When recombinant GAL4-methylase protein was expressed in transgenic Drosophila, targeted methylation occurred in a region of a few

kilobases surrounding the GAL4 DNA binding sequence. In a analogous fashion, DMT, or a portion of DMT that has biological activity (e.g., a portion containing the HhH-GpD motif amino acids such as 1167 to 1368 of SEQ ID NO:2), can be tethered (e.g., as a translational fusion or chemically linked) to proteins that interact at specific sites in the genome. As a result, specific targeted regions of the genome are hypomethylated by DMT. As discussed above, typically hypomethylation promotes transcription of genes (S. E. Jacobsen, *Current Biology* 9, 617 (1999)). The invention provides compositions and methods for methylation of a desired area of the chromosome by targeting DMT to those regions. Thus, these embodiments provide additional ways to activate transcription of a desired gene in a targeted chromosomal region.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration, not limitation.

#### EXAMPLE

15    **Example 1:**

This example shows the characterization of *dmt* mutant plants and the isolation of *DMT*.

Arabidopsis plants were transformed by infiltrating them with Agrobacterium containing the SKI15 T-DNA vector (generously provided by D. Weigel (Salk Institute, La Jolla, CA)). T1 seeds were harvested. The SKI15 vector has the bialaphos resistance (BAR) gene that allowed us to directly select transgenic plants in soil after spraying with the commercially available herbicide, Basta. Siliques from approximately 5,000 Basta resistant plants were opened, and those displaying approximately 50% seed abortion were identified.

25    Two lines, B13 and B33, were identified for further characterization. Genetic analysis of the mutants revealed that the *dmt* mutants were female sterile. Male fertility, however, depended on the genetic background of the mutant alleles. For instance, in the Columbia background, transmission of the *dmt* mutation is less than 50%. However, in the Landsberg *erecta* background, transmission through the male was almost 30    normal.

Molecular analysis confirmed that the two mutations were allelic. For example, both the B13 and B33 alleles carry the SKI15 T-DNA within a DMT exon, confirming that disruption of the *DMT* gene resulted in the observed B13 and B33 phenotypes.

*Sab A7* > 5'- and 3'- RACE were used to delineate the 5'- and 3'-ends of the cDNA, respectively. 5'-RACE was carried out using reagents and protocols provided by 5' RACE System for Rapid Amplification of cDNA Ends, Version 2.0, GIBCO BRL, LIFE TECHNOLOGIES, Grand Island, NY and Marathon cDNA Amplification Kit, Clontech,

- 5 Palo Alto, CA. Final gene specific 5'-RACE primers were SKES-4 (GGGAACAAGTGCACCATCTCC) and SKES3.5 (CGATGATACTGTCTTCGAGC). 3'-RACE was carried out using reagents and protocols provided by Marathon cDNA Amplification Kit, Clontech, Palo Alto. Final gene-specific 3' end was obtained from cDNA library screening.

10 The nucleotide sequence of the genomic copy of *DMT* was also determined (SEQ ID NO:1). The 5'-end of the DMT RNA is located at position 3,425 of SEQ ID NO:1. The position of the 3'-end of the DMT RNA is at position 12,504 of SEQ ID NO:1. The position of the ATG translation initiation codon is at position 4,903 of SEQ ID NO:1. The position of the TAA translation termination codon is at position 15 12,321 of SEQ ID NO:1.

A portion of the *DMT* polynucleotide sequence, including the first exon, is encompassed by the bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC) clone T9J15TRB. For example, sequences 3820-4299, 4319-4558, 4546-5025 and 9320-9777 of SEQ ID NO:1 were previously determined using the BAC clone as a template. Moreover, a separate 20 independently sequenced region (Bork, C. *et al* *Gene* 28:147-153 (1998)) also overlaps the *DMT* sequence at positions 11,087 to 12,785 of SEQ ID NO:1.

The predicted DMT protein has 1,729 amino acids. This sequence was compared to known protein sequences using BLAST and revealed homology to several Endonuclease III proteins. The highest homology was to the Endonuclease III protein 25 from *Deinococcus radiodurans*, Genbank Accession No. AE002073 (*see, e.g.,* White, O. *et al.* *Science* 286:1571-1577 (1999)). Other DMT motifs include two consecutive nuclear localization signals at positions 43-60 and 61-78 and a leucine zipper at positions 1330-1351.

30 **Example 2:**

This example provides further evidence that mutant phenotypes are caused by loss-of-function mutations.

A new allele, *dmt-3*, was obtained. The *dmt-3* allele was caused by insertion of the simple pD991 T-DNA vector (M. R. Sussman, *et al.*, *Plant Physiol.*

124:1465 (2000)) into the 2nd exon of the *DMT* gene. In contrast, the previous two alleles, *dmt-1* and *dmt-2*, were caused by insertion of the activation T-DNA vector, SKI015 vector. The mutant phenotypes generated by all three *dmt* alleles are the same. Because pD991 does not have activation sequences, it suggests that all three mutant  
5 alleles are loss-of-function alleles. Consistent with this conclusion, seed abortion can be rescued with a transgene with 3,373 base pairs of 5'-*DMT* flanking sequences plus 1,478 base pairs of 5'-UTR ligated to a cDNA encoding the full-length DMT polypeptide (i.e., *DMTp::DMT*). Thus, *dmt/DMT* heterozygous plants that are hemizygous for the *DMTp::DMT* transgene displayed 25% seed abortion. Control *dmt/DMT* plants displayed  
10 50% seed abortion.

**Example 3:**

This example shows that *DMT* is necessary and sufficient for *MEA* gene expression.

15 As discussed above, when fertilization of *dmt/dmt* homozygous mutant flowers was prevented, fertilization-independent endosperm development was observed. This is very similar to when fertilization of mutant *mea* flowers is prevented. Thus, before fertilization, both *DMT* and *MEA*, a polycomb protein (T. Kiyosue *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 96:4186 (1999)), prevent the central cell of the female gametophyte 20 from forming an endosperm. This is consistent with *DMT* being a positive regulator of MEDEA (MEA).

As further evidence of this relationship, *MEA* RNA accumulates in immature floral (IF) buds and open flowers (OF). However, in *dmt/dmt* mutant plants there was no detectable *MEA* RNA. Thus, *DMT* is necessary for *MEA* gene expression.

25 In addition, we have generated plants with a transgene, *CaMV::DMT*, designed to overexpress *DMT*. The full-length *DMT* cDNA was ligated to the constitutive cauliflower mosaic virus promoter, *CaMV* (S. G. Rogers, H. J. Klee, R. B. Horsch, R. T. Fraley, *Meth Enzymol* 153:253 (1987)). In control wild type plants, the *DMT* and *MEA* genes were not significantly expressed in the leaf. However, in 30 *35S::DMT* plants, both *DMT* and *MEA* RNA level increased significantly. This shows that *DMT* is sufficient to induce *MEA* gene expression in the leaf.

**Example 4:**

This example shows that DMT is a member of the HhH-GPD superfamily of DNA repair enzymes.

A BLAST search, followed by a conserved domain search, revealed that

- 5 DMT is highly related to the HhH-GPD superfamily of base excision DNA repair proteins (i.e., score of 70.1, E-value of  $8e^{-13}$ ). This family contains a diverse range of structurally related DNA repair proteins. The superfamily is called the HhH-GPD family after its hallmark helix-hairpin-helix and Gly/Pro rich loop followed by a conserved aspartate (S. D. Bruner, *et al.*, *Nature* 403:859 (2000)). This includes endonuclease III  
10 (EC:4.9.99.18), 8-oxoguanine DNA glycosylases (i.e., yeast OGG1), the thymine DNA glycosylase of methyl-CPG binding protein MBD4 (B. Hendrich, *et al.*, *Nature* 401:301 (1999)), and DNA-3-methyladenine glycosylase II (EC:3.2.2.21). The predicted amino acid sequence of DMT contains many of the conserved amino acids of this superfamily.

*Sule A8* The hallmark of the superfamily of base-excision DNA repair proteins is a helix-hairpin-helix structural element followed by a Gly/Pro-rich loop and a conserved aspartic acid (i.e., HhH-GPD motif). The DMT polypeptide is 1,729 amino acids in length. Amino acids 1,271 to 1,304 correspond to the conserved HhH-GPD motif. The DMT sequence is DKAKDYLLSIRGLGLKSVECVRLTLHNLAFPVD. The catalytic lysine (K1286) and aspartic acid (D1304) residues are conserved in the HhH-GPD motif of DMT. Secondary structure prediction (Jpred program) indicates that DMT has two alpha-helices (amino acids 1,271 - 1,279 and 1,286 to 1,295) that correspond to the conserved alphaK and alphaL helices in the HhH-GPD motif of the crystallized hOGG1 DNA repair protein (Bruner *et al* *Nature* 403:859-866 (2000)).

*Sule A9* The *Arabidopsis DMT* coding sequences were also used to identify homologous sequences in both public and proprietary databases using both the BLAST and PSI-BLAST computer algorithms. This analysis revealed amino acid sequences from several plant species, including wheat, maize, rice, soybean and *Arabidopsis* (SEQ ID NOS: 7-29). Based on these sequences, the following consensus sequences for DMT were determined:

30 **DMT Domain A**

KV<1>(I, l) D(D, p) (E, v) T<3>W<1>(L, v) L(M, l) (E, d) <0-  
2>D(K, e) <1>(K, t) <1>(K, a) (W, k) (W, l) <1>(E, k) ER<2>F<1>(G, t) R<1>(D, n) (S, l) FI(A, n) RM(H, r) <1>(V, l) QG(D, n) R<1>F<1>(P, q) WKGSVVDSV(I, v) GVFLTQN(V, t) D(H, y) (L, s) SS(S, n) A(F, y) M<1>(L, v) A(A, s) <1>FP

### DMT Domain B

W(D,n)<1>(L,f)R<5>E<3-  
6>D(S,t)<1>(D,n)(Y,w)<3>R<10>I<2>RG(M,q)(N,f)<2>L(A,s)<1>RI<2-  
12>FL<3>V<2>(H,n)G<1>IDLEWLR<2>(P,d)(P,s)(D,h)<1>(A,v)K<1>(Y,f)LL(S,e)(I,f)<1>G(5  
L,i)GLKS(V,a)ECVRLL<1>L(H,k)<2>AFPVDTNVGRI(A,c)VR(M,1)G(W,1)VPL(Q,e)PLP<2>(L,v)Q  
(L,m)H(L,q)L(E,f)<1>YP<1>(L,m)(E,d)(S,n)(I,v)QK(F,y)LWPRLCKL(D,p)Q<1>TLYELHY(Q,h)  
) (L,m)ITFGK<0-2>FCTK<2>PNCNACPM(R,k)<0-2>EC(R,k)(H,y)(F,y)(A,s)SA<1>(A,v)<0-  
10>S(A,s)(R,k)<1>(A,l)L(P,e)<1>(P,t)

### DMT Domain C.

P(I,1)(I,v)E(E,f)P<1>(S,t)P<2-5>E<0-15>(D,a)IE(D,e)<4-  
23>(I,v)P<1>I<1>(L,f)(N,d)<8-17>(S,a)<1>(A,d)LV<8>(I,1)P<2-  
5>(K,r)(L,m)K<4>LRTEH<1>V(Y,f)(E,v)LPD<1>H<1>(L,i)L(E,k)<1>(D,e)D(P,i)<2>YLL(A,s)  
)IW(T,q)P(G,d)(E,g)<6-8>(P,s)<3>C<6-  
15 10>(M,1)C<4>C<2>C<3>(R,k)E<5>(V,f)RGT(L,i)L<0-  
22>(L,v)FADH<1>(S,t)(S,r)<2>PI<3>(R,t)<3>(W,k)<1>L<1>(R,k)R<4>G(T,s)(S,t)<2>(S,t)  
)I(F,c)(R,k)(G,1)L<1>(T,v)<2>I<2>(C,n)F(W,q)<1>G(F,y)(V,1)C(V,1)R<1>F(E,d)<3>(R,  
g)<1>P(R,k)<1>L<2>(R,h)LH<2>(A,v)SK

20 The first consensus sequence listed above corresponds to amino acid positions 586 through 937 of SEQ ID NO:2. The second consensus sequence listed above corresponds to amino acid positions 1117 through 1722 of SEQ ID NO:2. The consensus sequence provides amino acid sequences by position using single letter amino acid abbreviations. Numbers in carrots ("<" or ">") refer to amino acid positions where there is no consensus and which therefore, can be any amino acid. Amino acid abbreviations in parentheses indicate alternative amino acids at the same position. Capitalized letters refer to predominant consensus amino acids and lower case letters refer to amino acids that are commonly found in DMT sequences, but are not predominant.  
25

30

### Example 5:

This example demonstrates the relationship between DNA repair and demethylation.

For many years, attention was focused on the ability of DNA glycosylases to repair DNA. For example, glycosylases are involved in the repair of G/T mismatched bases by depurinating the thymidine base moiety. Recently it was shown that avian (B.

Zhu *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 97:5135 (2000)) and mammalian (B. Zhu *et al.*, *Nucl. Acid Res.* 28:4157 (2000)). G/T mismatch DNA glycosylases also have 5-methylcytosine-DNA glycosylase activity. That is, these enzymes are demethylases that remove 5-methylcytosine that is later replaced by cytosine. Without intending to limit the scope of the invention, it is believed that as a member of this superfamily, *DMT* is a demethylase (i.e., 5-methylcytosine glycosylase).

The methylation (i.e., amount of 5-methylcytosine) state of a gene can have a profound effect on its expression. In general, hypomethylation is associated with elevated gene expression, whereas hypermethylation is associated with decreased gene expression (S. E. Jacobsen, *Current Biology* 9:617 (1999)). Thus, it is likely that *DMT* activates *MEA* gene expression by reducing its level of methylation.

Mutations in the *DDM1* gene in *Arabidopsis* reduce by 70% the overall genome cytosine methylation (E. J. Finnegan, *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:8449 (1996); M. J. Ronemus, *et al.*, *Science* 273:654 (1996)). Such plants develop a number of phenotypic abnormalities including floral phenotypes (T. Kakutani, *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:12406 (1996)). Similarly, phenotypic abnormalities have been observed developing in *dmt/dmt* homozygous plants that affect petal number, floral organ fusion, and floral organ identity. Moreover, independent *CaMV::DMT* transgenic lines that overexpress *DMT* frequently are late-flowering. This is particularly interesting because late flowering of *ddm1* plants was shown to be due to hypomethylation of the *FWA* gene (W. J. J. Soppe *et al.*, *Mol Cell* 6:791 (2000)). Thus, without intending to limit the scope of the invention, it is believed that both *ddm1* loss-of-function mutations and overexpression of *DMT* (i.e., *CaMV::DMT*) may result in genome hypomethylation.

25     **Example 6:**

This example demonstrates targeting gene expression to the female gametophyte using a *DMT* promoter sequence.

*DMT* RNA accumulates in many plant organs such as immature flowers, mature flowers, open flowers, stems and to a lesser extent, leaves. To understand the spatial and temporal regulation of *DMT* RNA accumulation, the expression of the *DMT* promoter fused to reporter genes was analyzed. We fused 2,282 base pairs of 5'-*DMT* sequences, the full-length 5'-*UTR* (1,478 base pairs), 444 base pairs of *DMT* coding sequences that contain a nuclear localization signal to two reporter genes, the green

fluorescent protein (*GFP*; (Y. Niwa, *et al.*, *Plant J.* 18:455 (1999))) and  $\beta$ -glucuronidase (*GUS*; (R. A. Jefferson, T. A. Kavanagh, M. V. Bevan, *EMBO J* 6:3901 (1987))). Reporter gene expression was observed in the developing female gametophyte, in the polar nuclei before they fuse, in the egg and synergids, and in the central cell. Expression 5 was not detected after fertilization. Thus, this promoter is useful for targeting gene expression to the female gametophyte.

It is understood that the examples and embodiments described herein are for illustrative purposes only and that various modifications or changes in light thereof will be suggested to persons skilled in the art and are to be included within the spirit and purview of this application and scope of the appended claims. All publications, patents, and patent applications cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety 10 for all purposes.

DRAFT NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE

*File C10* ~~SEQ ID NO:1 DMT genomic sequence~~

~~DMT genomic sequence (12,785 bp)~~

AAGCTTAAAGCTACCAACATCGAATTAGTAAAAGACCCATGATTGAAATTGGAATTGTCGG  
5 CAAAATCGAGAAGATAT  
AGAGCCGACACGGGAACAGTGAAAACCACAAAGCGCGTAAGAACAGTGGGAGAAGG  
AAGAGAGAACTTACCGAT  
CATTGAGGGAAAAGATGGGAATCAGAGAAAAACTGGAAAAAGAAATTAAGAGAAAGA  
GAGAGAAGAAACTGAGGAG  
10 GAAGATGCAGTGAAAGACTGCTATGCCACATCCCACATGGTGTGATGAGAGAGAGAGAGA  
GAGGTTAAAGCAGCAAAT  
TGTGGAGAGATAAAGAGAGAGAGACTGAGCGAGTCAGTCGTCGTGTTAAAAGAA  
AGAACCTATATTGCCT  
TTTCTTACTACTTATTTCAGACTATTGCTTATTGCCTCAAACCTTTGATTGTCACCT  
15 TTCGATCCTAAAGT  
GTTTGACAATTACCTGCCCTTTCTCCAAGAAAATCAGAACAGACCACAGCAAATTATGTA  
TTTCTATTAAAAAG  
AAAGAAAGAATTCATATTACTTATAGAATTAAAGCTAACAGAGACTGAAAGCAGAAGCAGA  
ATTCTAAAAAAATAGT  
20 AAAC TGCTACAAACTATTATGTGTATATAACATATCTATAAGAAACTCAAATATATGATA  
AACATTTAACAAAAT  
TTCTATGAAATTATAATAAAAAAGTCACTTGACACTAAAGGTTGACAATAACCGTCTCT  
CCAAAAAAAATCAA  
ACATTTATAATTCTAAAATATGGTGTAAATTGCTGAAATCAAAAGAAAAGAAGGATTTC  
25 TATATCATAAGTTCAT  
TATTGTATCAAACCTTCAAATTCTATGTAATTGAAAGGAAAAATTAGATATAATTGTT  
TTTGTTCCTATGTTA  
CATTTCATGGAATATATATTCTAACAAAAATGTATTAAATATGATGAGAGATTACCATCC  
AAAAGGTCGAACCTAT  
30 ATAAAACAAGTTAATAACTAAACAATACATGTGATCACAATCAATGACAGTTGATCTAAA  
ATAGAAATGATTGAGCA  
AACCTCAAAAATGTCTCTTAGGATCACAAATCTTCCTTAGCTATTAAAGCCGGAGTTC  
AACTCTCTCCCTTG  
TAGACTTTTGTTCAAATCTTTCTTCAAAAATCAATAATTAGTTAATGGCATAATT  
35 TGTTTAATTAAGT  
CCATAGATTTTAGGACCATCTCTAACGACAAATATCCTAAATTGTAACACATTTAAAAC  
TTAAAAGTATTGCATT  
CACAATCCTAAAATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATGAAAGTTAT  
ATAGAAACGATAACTC

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CTTACTCAACAATTAGCCAAAAAAACATCCATAATGCATTAAACTAGGAATTAAACAAAC  
TCAAATAGGTTGGTAGT  
TAAAAAAAAACAAATAGTAGATGTACATACGTACCTTAAAAATATATACTCATATCGAAAGT  
TTTAAATTGCGAAAT  
5 TAAATACATTATCTATCAATTAAAATACATTATAATGCATAATTCTGTAATATCTATCTT  
AATTTCCATATAGAAC  
CAAAACAAAATAAACATATCAAATAGTTAACTTAACAAAAACGTTAGGGAAAAGTTGACCT  
AACTAGCTTGATTGACG  
TTGAACCTGTCAATGCGAAAGCGATATTCCAATATATACTACATGTAGTATTATTATATGGA  
10 AGTTTCTAAAAAGGTG  
TTGAGTGGATTGTTACTGTTGGAGGATGCTATTTTCTTCTGCCATAATTTACGAGTA  
TGGGATAACTACATA  
CTCATGATTATGAAACGCTCACTTATTGAAAAACCTCCTAATACACCAAATATGTCACTAGA  
TTCCAAAACGTAGACC  
15 AATTGTATCTAATCTCAAATTCTCAATCAAAGTATTAAATTACCGATGGTAAGAAAAGTTAAC  
GATATAATTATCAAAA  
GAAAGAATAAGTCAACAGATTCTTAATCTCTTATTTGGTATATGAACATTGTACAAAATC  
TCAAAAGATATGTAAC  
TGTTAAAATATAAATTCACTGAGATTAATTCTCAGACTCGTGTAGCTATAATAATGTCAAG  
20 AGTTCTTCTTGTTC  
AGGAAAAACCTTAAAGATATGTATATTCTGTAATTATGATGATATAATTGCTATTGATTGT  
CACAAACATTACTTTA  
AAAAATCGTATTCATTACTACAATGTTGACTAAGAACAAAATACATTGATTATTGATATAT  
CGTCAACTGAATTTC  
25 TTCCGAGGGATATAATTCTCAAACATAGCAAGAACATCTCATAATAATGTTCGTGAACCTTTA  
GACGAAATTTTTAA  
GATTCGTAACGTGACTTATGGTCTCTGCTGTGGGGTCAATGCGAATAATCTAAATGTATG  
GGAGTCAAATAAAATAC  
CAAGAAAAATAAGGAGCAGCACCAATAAACTATATGGGACCAGAAATCCTTCATTGGTT  
30 AAAATAGGATTATCCCG  
AAAGATGAAGGACTAAATTGAAACTGATTGGGGTAGGAAGAGATCCGTACAATCTTAAT  
GGCTTCCACGCGGAAACT  
TGTGTTATACAATTCTTACATTAACTTCGGTCGGTTATATTCAAATGGTCAAATAAT  
TAGTTAACACTAA  
35 CGGAGTAATTAAATTGGTGAACATAATTTCAGTTGGTGAATTAGAAACGAACATAGTCG  
TAAAATACGAGTCGGT  
GTTATACCTTATTACGTTAAAAAAATACGAGAATTGTGTCAAATTCAAATTAAATT  
GAATATGGAAATTAA  
TTAGATACTCTAGCGAAAATAGTGAATTGAGCGTTACAAAAATACGATTAGCATTGAA  
40 CTTCTTATGTAATT

GGTCAAATGTTGGCATGAAGAAGCAAGTTGCAACATTAAATTCATTAAAAATCGTGTGA  
CATACTTAAAATCTAA  
ATATAGGAAGAACACAAACATTAAATTAAGATTCTAATGAACACATTATAAGTTATAA  
CTTATAACCAACAAAAG  
5 TTGGGTTAGCGTTGCTTATCTGAAAACITGCAAACAAACCATTAAATAGGACTAATG  
ACAATTAACAACAAAAG  
TACACITAAGCAACAAACGTCCCTCGTGAATATAATTGGGCCTCAGGCCATTGCTAACGCC  
AACTGATATTCACHTT  
ATTCCCTCTTCATCTCACCAACTCTCTCTATCTCTATCTCTAACGGCATAGCTGACTCAGTG  
10 TTCTCCGGCATTGAC  
TCGCCTGAGAACATCAGAAAGCTTAGATCGGTGAGCTTTAGCTCCATTTCAGTTTACATA  
TTATTCCTTTTTTC  
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SEQ ID NO:2 DMT amino acid sequence

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SEQ ID NO:3 DMT 5' flanking sequence

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SEQUENCE DRAFT

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2019-07-24

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SEQ ID NO:7 >*Arabidopsis thaliana* DMT1(1DMT5) gene sequence from BAC T32M21

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SEQ ID NO:8

ARABIDOPSIS THALIANA DMT2

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10 GIFQGRQESELNVLSDKIDTPIKKTTGHARFRNLSSMNKLVEVPEHLTSGYCSKPQQNN  
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15 VGVFLTQNVDLSSAFMSLASQFPVPFVPSSNFDAGTSSMPSIQITYLDSEETMSSPP  
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25 DSIQPSVSTCIFQANGMLCDEETCFSCNSIKETRSQIVRGTLIIPCRTAMRGSFPLNGTY  
FQVNEVFADHASSLNPINVPRELIWELPRRTVYFGTSVPTIFKGLSTEKIQACFWKGYVC  
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SEQ ID NO:9

30 >DMT2 (1DMT2) novel 480 amino acid amino terminus;

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35 STPKRKRSQGKRKGVQPKKNGSNLEEVDISMAQAAKRRQGPTCCDMNLSGIQYDEQCDYQ

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GIFQGRQESELNVLSDKIDTPIKKKTTGHARFRNLSSMNKLVEVPEHLTSGYCSKPQQNN  
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5 SEQ ID NO:10

>DMT2 (1DMT2) Nucleotide sequence from BAC F1011 (gi 6598632);

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10 60181 gcattacaac aatcagtaac cctaagttac aatctaaaaa ttgagatgca taacgcatt  
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25 67021 gattttgggtt gaggccgac atgaacgattt aatccgttgc tttaggtggaa gagagacttt  
67081 tttagattcac aaaaaatgt aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa caaaattcat taccatgaga  
67141 atcaatggttt atgggggttga tggagagagt tagttcggtg ttagctatgaa gaggataaga  
67201 tcactgatgc ttctttctt ctcttggat cgtgaagttt aaagagat atagaaaaag  
67261 ctttttggc ctaacgtata aagaagagga tataacatgt ttgtttgtt ttttcactat  
30 67321 ttttcataac cggttggta tttttttttt aagttcggtt ggttggccggg aaaaagtttta  
67381 cggaaatttttta tttttttttt aatgattttt ttctacaaaaa tctcttagac tatggaaag  
67441 atgattttaa aagttataaa tatttcgtt gttatcgatca tgcgtatcat cgtttttct  
67501 gttatctttt tctctttttt aatttcgtt ttttctcgat tacgttacta tttaaaaaattt  
67561 tatgaactaa ctaatttttta aattttataga aatttttttttttttttttttttttttttttttt  
67621 atataaaaata att  
35 67681 acatgtttag taatccacgt ttataattttt gatcaataat atattttttt gctaattttt  
67741 acgttaatctc ataaatttttac acgttttgc ttacatatgc agaagttttt tgattcggtt  
67801 tagaattttt atttccactt gatatggggat ctgttgcgtt agatgttgc tttaggttgc  
67861 tgcccaacgatc gtctttcggtt ttgtatcattt cccaaatgtt tagtcttagt cgttgcgtt  
67921 caaaatactg caccatatgtt gtggaaactgtt gaatgttgc tttaggttgc tttaggttgc  
40 67981 tgcttaacctt tgattttctt tcatgttgc aacccatgtt gagacgttaca tgagaaatgt  
68041 gtatt  
68101 tcttaacaac ttgttggattt ggtttatgatc ctatgttgc ttactttatgtt gtttttttttttt  
68161 ggtggtcata acctaattgtt tgggttgc tttaggttgc tttaggttgc tttaggttgc  
68221 aaaaaaaaaatc aagtt  
45 68281 agtggataaa aagttggaa cggattttttt gatgttttttttttttttttttttttttttttttttt  
68341 caactaaataa tggtaaaaaa gtaaaacgtt tgcgtatagctt aaaccaattt caaaatttgc  
68401 agctaatt  
68461 aagtt  
68521 tgaatgcata attcggatc ttccatt  
50 68581 aagtt  
68641 tgaataaaac tataaaataga aataacccaa catataacca caaaagaaga ctatccat

68701 aaatatatga gttggaaagtc atttttggac tattatataa gatctaatta tcacacgacg  
68761 tgtggatgtc tggtagcag agttgttgc agagagttcg ataaagccat cactccaaac  
68821 atacaaaata tccatacatt gatccaccaa tataaccggc tgtgtgccaa gcaaagtgaa

5 SEQ ID NO:11

ARABIDOPSIS THALIANA DMT3

>DMT3 (1DMT3) ;

MEVEGEVREKEARVKGRQPETEVLHGLPQEQSIFNNMQHNHQPDSDRRRLSLENLPGLYN  
MSCTQLLALANATVATGSSIGASSSSLSSQHPTDSWINSWKMDSNPWTLSKMQQYDVS

10 TPQKFLCDLNLTPEELVSTSTQRTEPESPQITLKTPGKSLSETDHEPHDRRIKKSVLGTGS  
PAAVKKRKIARNDEKSQLETPTLKRKKIRPKVVREGKKASSKAGIKKSSIAATATKTS  
EESNYVRPKRLTRRSIRFDLQEEDEFCGIDFTSAGHVEGSSGEENLTDTTLGMFGHV  
PKGRRGQRRSNGFKTDNDCLSSMLSLVNTGPGSFMESEEDRPSDSQISLGRQRSIMATR  
PRNFRSLKKLLQRIIPSKRDRKGCKLPRGLPKLTVASKLQLKVFRKKRSQRNRVASQFNA

15 RILDLQWRRQNPTGTSLADIWERSLTIDAITLEDINKEGLCLPHNRETALILYKKS  
YEEQKAIVKYSKKQKPKVQLDPETSRVWKLLMSSIDCDGVDGSDDEKRKWEEERNMFHG  
RANSFIARMRVVQGNRTFPWKGSVVDSSVVGFLTQNVADHSSSSAYMDLAAEFPVENWF  
NKGSCHEEWGSSVTQETILNLDPRTGVSTPRIRNPTRVIEEIDDENDIDAVCSQESSK  
TSDSSITSADQSKTMLLDPFNTVLMNEQVDSQMVKGKGHIPYTDDLNDLSQGISMVSSAS

20 THCELNNEVPPEVELCSHQDPESTIQTQDQQESTRTEDVKKNRKPPKSKKSKES  
AKSTQKKSVDWDSLRAESGGRKRERTERTMDTVWDALRCTDVHKIANIIIKRGMNNM  
LAERIKAFLNRLVKKHGSIDLEWLVDPPDKAKEYLLSINGLGLKSVECVRLLSLHQIAF  
PVDTNVGRIAVRLGWVPLQPLPDELQMHLLELYPVLESVQKYLWPRLCKLDQKTLYELHY  
HMITFGKVFCTKVKPNCNACPMKAECRHYSARASARALPEPEESRTSVMIHERRSKR

25 KPVVNFRPSLFLYQEKEQEAQRSQNCEPIIEEPASPEPEYIEHDIEDYPRDKNNVGTSE  
DPWENKDVIPTIILNKEAGTSHDLVNVKEAGTSHDLVVLSTYAAAPIRRKLKIKEKLRTE  
HHVFELPDHHSILEGFERREAEDIVPYLLAIWTPGETVNSIQPPKQRCALFESNNLCNE  
NKCFQCNKTREEESQTVRGTILIPCRTAMRGFPNGTYFQTNEVFADHDSSINPIDVPT  
ELIWDLKRRVAYLGSSVSSICKGLSVEAIKYNFQEGLYVCVRGFDRENRPKSLVKRLHCS  
30 HVAIRTKEKTEE

SEQ ID NO:12

>DMT3 (1DMT3) novel 375 amino acid amino terminus;

MEVEGEVREKEARVKGRQPETEVLHGLPQEQSIFNNMQHNHQPDSDRRRLSLENLPGLYN

35 MSCTQLLALANATVATGSSIGASSSSLSSQHPTDSWINSWKMDSNPWTLSKMQQYDVS  
TPQKFLCDLNLTPEELVSTSTQRTEPESPQITLKTPGKSLSETDHEPHDRRIKKSVLGTGS

PAAVKKRKIARNDEKSQLETPTLKRKKIRPKVVREGTKKASSKAGIKKSSIAATATKTS  
EESNYVRPKRLTRRSIRFDSDLQEEDEFCGIDFTSAGHVEGSSGEENLTDTTLGMFGHV  
PKGRRGQRSSNGFKKTDNDCLSSMLSLVNTGPGSFMESEEDRPSDSQISLGRQRSIMATR  
PRNFRSLKKLLQRII

5

SEQ ID NO:13



58921 agcataaaacg gattaggatt gaagagtgtg gagtgttta gactttgtc actacatcg  
58981 attgcattcc ctgtaagtca atgaaggata ctgaatactc agaccataat gaatgtggaa  
59041 cagatacatt aatagttacg tattttaca aatgcaggtt gacacgaatg tcggacgcat  
59101 agctgtaaa cttagatggg ttcccataa gccattgccc gacgagctgc aaatgcattc  
5 59161 ttttagagtt taagaaaaaa aaattaaaga tcattttca atcatgaaag ggaacatgag  
59221 aaatttacag tagttccctt taatttctatt caggtaccca gttctagagt cagttcaaaa  
59281 gtacctctgg ccacgcctct gcaagcttga ccaaaaaacc ttgttaagtaa attacattag  
59341 catcaaccat tactcttagac ccttaaactt ctctaactaa ctctaactgt atcatacaat  
59401 tcttaggtacg agctgcatta ccacatgata acatttgaa aggtacctca aacaatttc  
10 59461 aagtgtttgtt ggaatgaaaaa catctttaaag tggctttcc tattttgcag gtctttgca  
59521 caaaagtaaa acccaattgc aatgcattgc caatgaaggc ggagtgtcga cattactcta  
59581 gtgcacgtgc aaggttaaac cccacaaaaat tctttgttat tgccatttaac atgaaaaaaaa  
59641 aaacactacg ttaaaagagaa agagatctgc tcaaaatagt cattttatg gttgtatgtt  
59701 ctaaatgctt gtgttatatc gcagcgcacg gcttgcttta ccagaaccag aggagagtga  
15 59761 cagaacaagt gtaatgatcc atgagaggag atctaaacgc aagcctgttgg tggtaattt  
59821 tcgaccatcc ttattttttt atcaagaaaa agagcaagaa gcacaaagat cccaaaactg  
59881 tgaaccaatc attgaggaac cagcatcacc agaaccagag tatatagaac atgatattga  
59941 agactatcct cgggacaaaaa acaacgttgg aacatcagag gatccttggg aaaataagga  
20 60001 cgtaattccct accatcatcc tcaacaaggaa agctggtaca tcacatgatt tgggtgtcaa  
60061 caaggaagct ggtacgtcac atgatttggg ggtactaagc acatatgcag cagcaattacc  
60121 tagacgtaaa ctcaagatca agggaaagct acgcacagag caccacgtgt gagttgccac  
60181 tttcaattttt ttcttctatt ataccctaaa ccgtaaaaattt tgagactttc ctcagcattt  
60241 atctcatact aattctttt tacagattt agtcccttgc tcaccattcc attcttagaaag  
60301 gggtagttaa ctcttgc当地 atgatttagc aagaattttt ctacttattt ccgcctt当地  
60361 aactgttga ttatctttt ttacagtttgg agaggcgaga agctgaggat atagtcctt  
60421 acttggtagc catttggacg ccaggtt当地 agaaaataggc acacaataaa atctgattat  
60481 gatttttctt ttcaagaata ccgttatattt ttacagttt ttcatcctt gatgtatatg  
60541 actaatgtct aacaagtgtat ttttatattt ttccatcca ggtgaaaccg tgaattccat  
60601 tcaaccgcca aaacaaagat gtgttttattt tgaaaggaa atatacattt gcaacgaaaa  
60661 caaatgtttt caatgcaaca agacacgggaa agaggaatca cagactgtac gaggaaactat  
60721 attggtaaga ttctgggtaa caatttcaaa gagaatattt ctaagttagaa atataaggaa  
60781 ggtataaaaaa tgactaattt gtttggtaac agataccctt cagaacagca atgagaggtg  
60841 gattccctt gaatggcaca tacttccaaa ctaatgaggt aatttccca aaaaatgaaatt  
60901 taacttaaac aaatgatcaa aagcaacattt ctcgtcaaag ctcgattttgg actatacttg  
35 60961 tgcaggtttt tgctgaccat gactctagca taaaaccctat cgacgtccccca acagaactgaa  
61021 tatggatct aaaaagaaga gtgcgcataact taggatccctt tgcattcccg atttgttaaag  
61081 gtaaatttttcaaaaacatc tgctgattttt tgcattttt gtttgcattata aatccaaaggt  
61141 cttgtctcaa tatgttttttccatccattttt aggtttatca gtttgcattataa aaaaatccaa  
61201 tttccaggaa ggtatgtctaa tatgtcttac actgaaaaca ctttttttgcattataa  
40 61261 attcatgaaa agaacaaca atagtatcaa aatcgtcac gatgttttttgcatttttgcattata  
61321 gtaagatgtt gataggaaag tatagaagat atagcttgcatttttgcattata  
61381 agagcttgc当地 ggtggggttt gacttagcattt gtaatataa tgcaggatattt gtttgcattata  
61441 ggggatttgc当地 cagggagaat cgtaaaggccaa agagtcttagt gaaaagactg catttttgcattata  
61501 acgttagcaat cagaactaaa gagaagacag aggaatgaaa cttccagat tgcattata  
45 61561 tgtagacat atttgattca ttgggtttagt gtttacatca ccaaggtcat agaggatctt  
61621 agcttttcat taactttttaa attcatgcaatc ctcttttttagt gtttgcattata  
61681 cccatgtttt gggcaatggta tggatgttctt tgcatttttgcattata  
61741 cagaaattttt cagactaatc tcatcttcc tattatcttgcattata  
61801 cataacttgc当地 tgagatttttgcattata  
50 61861 gatttggtaa aggaacaactt gcaatttgc当地 agtacaaatc gatccagattt tcaaaacaatgt  
61921 tccagtttaa atccaaatca tcatcttgc当地 tcaaaagccaa aactagaattt caaaacatata

61981 aatctctgat tcagattcaa gaaagacaaa gcatgagaca tcattctgca agttaaccaa  
62041 ttccggttat ttcgaatcc tactgaatta agcatcaatc atctaaagga acttcataag

5 SEQ ID NO:14

Arabidopsis thaliana DMT4

>DMT4 (1DMT4) ;

MEFSIDRDKNLLMVVPETRIKTKQFEKVVRRKSIKLPQNSMVHNTLIKMARQRIQKSMK  
ESVMNQHIFKNFDSYLSVIYHPCCFVINNSQTHKKKEKKNSKEKHGIKHSESEHLQDDI

10 SQRVTGKGRRRNSKGTPKKLRFNRPRILEDGKPRNPATTRLRTISNKRRKKDIDSEDEV  
IPELATPTKESFPKRRKNEKIKRSVARTLNFKQEIVLSCLEFDKICGPIFPRGKKRTTR  
RRYDFLCFLLPMPVWKKQSRRSKRRKNMVRWARIASSSKLLEETLPLIVSHPTINGQADA  
SLHIDDTLVRHVVSQTKKSANNVIEHNRQITYQKDHLGLSSLADVPLHIEDTLIKSASS  
VLSERPIKKTDIAKLIKDMGRLKINKVTTMIKADKLVTAKVNLDPETIKEWDVLMVN  
15 DSPRSYDDKETEAKWKKEREIFQTRIDLFINRMHRLQGNRKFKQWKGSVVDSVVGFLT  
QNTTDYLSSNAFMSVAAKFPVDAREGLSYYIEEPQDAKSSECIIILSDESISKVEDHENTA  
KRKNEKTGIIEDEIVDWNNLRRMYTKEGSRPEMHMDSVNWSDVRLSGQNVLETTIKKRGQ  
FRILSERILKFLNDEVNQNGNIDLEWLRNAPSHLVKRYLLEIEGIGLKSACVRLGLKH  
HAHPVDTNVGRIAVERLGLVPLEPLPNGVQMHQLFEYPSMDSIQKYLWPRLCKLPQETLYE  
20 LHYQMITFGKVFCTKTI PNCNACPMKSECKYFASAYVSSKVLLESPEEKMHEPNTFMNAH  
SQDVAVDMTSNINLVEECVSSGCSDQAICYKPLVEFPSSPRAEIPESTDIEDVPFMNLYQ  
SYASVPKIDFDLDALKSVEDALVISGRMSSSDEEISKALVIPTPENACIPIKPPRKMKY  
YNRLRTEHVYVLPDNHELLHDFERRKLDDPSPYLLAIWQPGETSSSFVPPKKCSDGS  
KLCKIKNCSCWTIREQNSNIFRGТИLVFADHETSLNPIVFRRELCKGLEKRALYCGSTV  
25 TSIFKLLDTRRIELCFWTGFLCLRAFDRKQRDPKELVRLHTPPDERGPNGFHIVVVDEK  
EESPRVGLMVMMPGFWIGGSVIQNRYVSGVKLE

SEQ ID NO:15

>DMT4 novel 372 amino acid NH2 terminus;

30 MEFSIDRDKNLLMVVPETRIKTKQFEKVVRRKSIKLPQNSMVHNTLIKMARQRIQKSMK  
ESVMNQHIFKNFDSYLSVIYHPCCFVINNSQTHKKKEKKNSKEKHGIKHSESEHLQDDI  
SQRVTGKGRRRNSKGTPKKLRFNRPRILEDGKPRNPATTRLRTISNKRRKKDIDSEDEV  
IPELATPTKESFPKRRKNEKIKRSVARTLNFKQEIVLSCLEFDKICGPIFPRGKKRTTR  
RRYDFLCFLLPMPVWKKQSRRSKRRKNMVRWARIASSSKLLEETLPLIVSHPTINGQADA

SLHIDDTLVRHVVKQTKKSANNVIEHLNRQITYQKDHGLSSLADVPLHIEDTLIKSASS  
VLSERPIKKTKD

SEQ ID NO:16

5 >DMT4 nucleotide sequence BAC F28A23 (gi 7228244);  
14881 gctatggatg tcaacagaga gaattacgaa ttgggtttac cgatcattga gaaaaggccgc  
14941 gttgctcaca agatcgactt cagggaaaggc cctgctcttc ccgttcttga taaaatcgaa  
15001 gctgacgtaa gcattcttct ttctgacgtt attaacaaaa aagatgtga agataatgaa  
15061 ataattaaaa actcatggcc taatttagttt gatTTaatat ctgtatgaga atttctgtat  
10 15121 acgcaaattt gttccctttt tcataagaaga aagtgtggta actgtattt gtgtgtggtt  
15181 gggtcagga gaagaaccat ggaacatatg actttatatt cggtatgct gacaaagaca  
15241 actacatcaa ctaccacaag cggttgcattt atcttgaa aattggagga gtgattggct  
15301 acgacaacac tctgtggat ggttgcattt tggctcctcc tgatgcacca atgaggaagt  
15361 acgttcgtta ctacagagac tttgttctt agcttaacaa ggcttgcattt gctgaccctc  
15421 ggatcgagat ctgtatgctc cctgtgggtt atgaaatcac tatctgccc tggatcaggtt  
15481 gatttgactc ctccctactc tgagttgtc cacagtggat tacttccat cttcttatac  
15541 ctttcaatcg cattttcacc aaccactaaa atggaccctt ttatgtattt gtgttaagta  
15601 atatctccat tgctttgtt ttgcatttctt ctgaacaaag aaataatatg taccttactt  
15661 ttcttcttgg tctcggttctt ttgttttctt ccatgataca acatctaaag aaatttattt  
20 15721 tgcacagca acgttaagtgc ataaaattttt ttgaacatat tgaaaaaaat ttatcataga  
15781 ctttcaattt tgaaagtcg atgttggat ttgtcaattt atattttttt accaaataaaa  
15841 tatttagacag taagaaacga acaaagttagg aagatgttagg tcaccggctt ttgaaaattt  
15901 atcagataga attcataata cacagtttagg tagtttcaat tggatgtttaa aaggaaaaaa  
15961 tatgttattt tgcattttttt atacgtttttt aattttttttt aattttttttt aattttttttt  
25 16021 aatactttttt tgattttttt ttgttggattt cccttataat acgggttcccc atatctaact  
16081 cgtatgttagc ataaattataa gcaacaaata aacacaaaaat actgaattttt gaaattttcc  
16141 agaaaaattttt ttagatgtttttt tacattttttt ttacaaaaactt tagtgcattttt ttttttttt  
16201 gtatgttagt tattttttttt ctgtttttttt acatatttttga tagaataaca tttaataaaaa  
16261 aaaattttttt gtaagggtttttt aatgttttttta taatactttta taactttttttt aaaaaggatca  
30 16321 agccaaaattt atcgcacatg taaaataataa atcattttttttt aatcttttttta ctaattttttt  
16381 gatctaacgc aatctaaaca aagatgtttttt atcatgccttcc atttatgtttt tgatataatc  
16441 aaaactggttt aataattttttt tttttttttt aattttttttt ttgtttagaa ttctttttttt  
16501 tgtaatcaac tcaccattttt tttttttttt taaaatatgg gttaatatctt cttttttttt  
16561 tctaaatgtttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
35 16621 gaagaaaaaaa ataaatttttttt taaaatttttttt taaaatttttttt taaaatttttttt  
16681 cttccgttattt tacatgtttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
16741 attaattttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
16801 attgggtgtttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
16861 tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
40 16921 TGgagttttttt aatagatcgaa gacaaaaatc ttctcatgtt tgttccagag aacacgtatca  
16981 aaacaaaaca atttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
17041 cggtaatttttt tccacatgaa atcaaaatgtttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
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17161 tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
45 17221 gacatacgatgtttttt gactaattttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
17281 tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
17341 agttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
17401 taatgtatgtttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
17461 aatatatcat gcatgtgtttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt  
50 17521 agatgtttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt

0 90 40 20 10 0 2 0 1

17581 aaagtgtat gaatcagcac atcttcaagg taaataattt taaatttcatt cttaaaaaaag  
 17641 tttagtttattt ggtaagttca ttacaatttta tatttaacca tcgtcacttt ttatccaacg  
 17701 agtttgataa gcattttcaa aacctgtcc tcacatcgccg atgcagatgt ggtttatgttc  
 17761 atcttgatt ttatttatttgg aggattttt cagaatttcg attcataactt gtctgtata  
 5 17821 tatcatccat gttgttttgg aatcagttaa ttcaacttattt ttattttaa cttttattgt  
 17881 aacagataat tcacaaacca cccataaaaaaa aaaggagaag aagaattcaa aagaaaagca  
 17941 tggaataaag cattctgaat cagaacatct tcaaggtaaa tactttgaa ttcaatttattt  
 18001 aaaaaaacag tttatgtta agttcattac agtttatata tatttaattt gtttatgata  
 18061 atgtatTTT gcacaatcga ctaatcatta cccacttattt catttatattt ttatTTTatg  
 10 18121 gtgaaagatg atatTCGCA acgtgttacc ggaaaaggaa ggagaaggaa ttcaaaagggg  
 18181 acaccaaaaaa aactgagggtt taataggcct cgatcttgg aagacggaaa gaaaccaaga  
 18241 aatccgccta ccactcgact gagaactata tccaacaaga ggagaaaaaa ggacatagac  
 18301 agtgaagatg aagtataacc agagcttgc actccaacaa aggaaagctt tccaaagaga  
 18361 agaaagaacg agaagattaa gagatccgt gctcgactt taaatTTTaa gcaagaaatt  
 15 18421 gttctgagtt gtcttgagtt cgacaagattt tttggccaa ttTTTCCaaag agggaaaaag  
 18481 aggaccacca cactcgacg atatgattt ctttggTTT tacttccgat gcctgtttgg  
 18541 aaaaaacaat caagaaggc ttaagcttagg aaaaatatgg tcaagatggc tagaattgtct  
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 18661 ggacaaggcg atgtttttt acacattgtt ggtatcgag tttttttttt gtttatttt  
 18721 ctgttacatc aaaattgtttt atgtttatattt ctaaagtatc attgtgtattt attttttgca  
 18781 gacacactcg tgagacatgt agtctcaaag caaaccaaga aaagtgtctaa caatgtcatt  
 18841 gggatTTTaa atcgacaaat aactttatcg aagatcactg gtctctcatc tctggcagat  
 18901 gttccTTTgc acattgttggg taatcttagt ttatTTTgt tttttttaa tatattgtt  
 18961 aaaaagattt tgatatatattt atttaatata tttttgttattt atttatatcta tattttattt  
 19021 tttgtacttt tttttgttag atacactaat aaaatcggtt agttctgtac tttcagaacg  
 19081 acccatcaag aaaactaagg atattgtctaa gttatcaaa gatatggaa gattaaagat  
 19141 caataaaaaaag gtaacaacga tgatcaaagc tgacaagaaa ctcgttacgg caaagggttaa  
 19201 tcttgatcca gagaccatta aagagtggg tttcttaatg gtgaatgatt caccaagccg  
 19261 atcatatgac gataaggaga cggaggccaa atggaaaaaa gaaagagaga tttttcaaac  
 19321 ccggatagat ctTTTcatta accggatgca tcgcttacaa ggtacattat tgTTTattatc  
 19381 attattgtta ttatgtatca ttatTTTttt tattctaaat tagcttacat atatatataa  
 19441 ggaatccaag tataagttag tatgtctaaat atatgtatcat tttttgaaat tatgtttcct  
 19501 tccatgtatgtt ttaaatgttattt gtcttgagg caatagaag tttaaacagt ggaaaggctc  
 19561 agttgttgcg tcaagtgggtt gagttttttt gacacaaaat actaccgact atcttcaag  
 19621 gtaaaatctt tgTTTaaattt gtttggaaat ttggaaaaactt aatttcatata atagatgtatc  
 19681 actttgattt tgatTTTcta cagcaacgcg tttatgttgcg tggctgcAAA atttccgtt  
 19741 gatgcacatc aaggtctatc atactatattt gaggaaacctc aagatgtctaa aagttctgaa  
 19801 tttatgtatgtt tttatgtatgtt tttatgtatgtt tttatgtatgtt tttatgtatgtt  
 19861 agggaaaaacg agaaaaccgg tattatagaa gatgagatag ttgactggaa caatctttaga  
 19921 aggtgtaca cggaaaaggc atctcgcccc gaaatgcata tggactctgt taattggagt  
 19981 gacgtgagat tatctggccaa aatgtttttt gaaaccacca ttAAAAAAAGC tggacaattt  
 20041 aggattctttt cagaagaat attggtaaga aaaacaaaac ttctaatgaa ctttggTTTaaat  
 20101 aatttattca aatgtttttaa gactaacact tttttttttt tcctgtttt ctcagaaat  
 20161 ttcttaacga tgaagttaac caaaatggaa atattgtatctt ggaatggctt cggaaatgctc  
 45 20221 catcacattt agtgaagtat gtttattgtt gttttttatgt tctcatagat ctcatatttt  
 20281 gtaagcgatc ataaactctt tcttattttt tattttttt tattttttt tattttttt  
 20341 gataggggctg aaaaagtgcgt agtgcgtacg actgttagga cttaaacatc atgcgtttcc  
 20401 ggtatggaaaaa tattttttt tattttttt tattttttt tattttttt tattttttt  
 20461 acccatgtgtt taatgtgttagt gttgacacaa atgttggcgt tatacgatgtt cggacttaggtc  
 20521 tggTTTCTCT tgaaccttta cccaaatggag ttccaaatgca tcaactattt cggatTTTttt  
 50 20581 ttctcattaa ttgttattttt aaaaatattttt acaagttactt aacaactatc tccatcgat

20641 aaacatgaac tcgtttcagg tacccttcaa tggattcgat tcaaaagtag ctttggccac  
20701 gattgtgtaa acttccccaa gaaactttgt aagttcaaat gttttcctc aatttaagaa  
20761 gccaactatt ttacgcat ttgaacacat attacctaatttttata aatattttta  
20821 cagatatgaa ctacattatc aaatgataac atttgaaag gtgtcgta ctttttctt  
5 20881 ttttatatta atgaataaaa taatattgtt gtttaatca aattttgtca acttttaggtt  
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21121 aattgctaaa cgtctcagct attttatata ataaattttc taaatattga gagtgaaattt  
21181 gagtttaat aattacatta tatataaaaa tatataatgt tagaattgac aaattgtgtt  
21241 ttttttaat agttctaaag ttcttcgcgagttccagaa gaaaagatgc atgagcctaa  
21301 tacttttagt aatgcacatt ctcaagacgt tgctgttagat atgacatcaa atataaattt  
21361 ggtagaagaa tttttttttt ctggatgttag cgatcaagct atatgtata agccactagt  
21421 tgagttccct tcgtccccaa gagcggaaat tcccgagtca acagacattt aagatgttcc  
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20 21781 acttgaaaaat tttgcagttt tggtttttt gataatcatg agctgctaca cgatgtaaat  
21841 atacacatac tttaagctac aaaaaaatgc aactcttttgc tataattaaat tagaaaatgc  
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21961 taccttcggc accaggata atacaagcat aatttgcattttt ttggaaatataatcttaat  
22021 actataaaact aaattttca ttcaataat ttttaggtt aacatcatcc tcgttcgttcc  
22081 cacccaaagaa aaagtgttagt tctgtggat caaagcttgc caagataaaat aattgttcat  
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22201 aaatttacaa ttgtatattt taacattttt gacttggaaac tcacataat tcaattgtat  
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30 22381 aagagaacac aatggtttat tttccaggat ttttgcgtt catgagacaa gctttaaacc  
22441 cattgtcttt cgttagggagt tttgtgtttt gacttggat caaagcttgc caagataaaat  
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22561 aggttaacaaa cataaaatata tattaaattt ttgtgttgcattt tatgtttttttaat  
22621 ggaatgttgtt ttgtgtgttgcaggat ttttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
22681 gagatccaaa agagctgtc cgacgtctac acactccacc tgatgagaga gggccaaatg  
22741 ttatgtgttgcgtt gtttttttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
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22861 acgtatttttgcgtt ttttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
22921 atgttagtttgcgtt ttttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
40 22981 ttttggatttgcgtt ttttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
23041 gagTGAggaa ttctcaggaaac ttttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
23101 ttcttcgttgcgtt ttttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
23161 aaaaatttggaa attaataatct ttttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
23221 cagtagcaac tagcgacttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
23281 tacttcgttgcgtt ttttgcgtt gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
23341 gataaaaatcataaacaagaa gttttactt aatgtttttaat  
23401 aataaaaatcataaacaagaa gttttactt aatgtttttaat

SEQ ID NO:17

**RICE(Oryza sativa) DMT1**

>DMTRICE (1DMTRICE) ;

MQDFGQWLPQSQTADLYFSSIPIPSQFDTSIETQRTSAVVSSEKES

5 ANSFVPHNGTGLVERISNDAGLTEVVGSSAGPTECIDLNTPARKPKKKHRPKV  
LKDDKPSKTPKSATPIPSTEKVEKPSGKRKYVRKKTSPGQPPAEQAASSHCRSELK  
SVKRSLDFFGEVLQESTQSGSQVPVAEICTGPKRQSIPSTIQRDSQLACHVVSST  
SSIHTSASQMVNNAHLFPPDNMPNGVLLDLNNSTSSQLQNEHAKFVDSPARLFGSRI  
RQTSGKNSLLEIYAGMSDRNVPDLNSSISQTHSMSTDFAQYLLSSSQASVRETQM  
10 ANQMLNGHRMPENPITPSHCIERAALKEHLNHVPHAKAAVMNGQMPHSYRLAQ  
NPILPPNHIEGYQVMENLSELVTTNDYLTASPFSQTGAANRQHNIGDSMHIHALD  
PRRESNASSGSWISLGVNFNQQNNGWASAGAADAASSHAPYFSEPHKRMRTAYL  
NNYPNGVVGHFSTSSTDLSNNENENVASAINSFTLADAQRILIAREKSRSQRM  
ISFRSSKNDMVNRSEMVKHQHGRPAPHSACRESIEVPDKQFGLMTEELTQLPSMP  
15 NNPQREKYIPQTGSCQLQSLEHDMVKGHNLAGEHKQVTSPQVVIQSNFCVTPP  
DVLGRRTSGEHLRTLIAPIATHASTCKDTLKALSCQLESSRDIIRPPVNPIGPSSADVP  
RTDHQVKVSEETVTAKLPEKRKVRGRKELKPGEKPKPRGRPRKGKVVGELA  
SKDSHTNPLQNESTSCSYGPYAGEASVGRAVKANRVGENISGAMVSLLDSLIVI  
QKIKVLDINKSEDPVTAEPHGALVPYNGEFGPIVPFEGKVKRKRSRAKVLDLDPVT  
20 ALMWKLLMGPDMSDCAEGMDKDKKEWLNEERKIFQGRVDSFIARMHLVQGDR  
RFSPWKGSVVDSVVGFLTQNVDLSSAFMALAAKFPVKPEASEKPANVMFH  
TISENGDCSGLFGNSVKLQGEILVQEASNTAASFITTEDKEGSNSVELLGSSFGDG  
VDGAAGVYSNIYENLPARLHATTRPVVQTGNAVEAEDGSLEGVVSENSTISSQN  
SSDYLHFMSDHMFSSMLLNFTAEDIGSRNMPKATRTTYTELLRMQELKNKSNETI  
25 ESSEYHGVPVSCSNNIQVLNGIQNIGSKHQPLHSSISYHQTGQVHLPDIVHASDLE  
QSVYTGLNRVLDNSVTQTSYYPSHPGIACNNETQKADLSNMLYGIDRSDKTTS  
LSEPTPRIDNCFQPLSSEKMSFAREQSSSENYLSRNEAAAFVKQHGTSNVQGDN  
TVRTEQNGGENSQSGYSQQDDNVGFQTATTSLYSSNLCQNQKANSEVLHGVSS  
NLIENSKDDKKTSPKVPVDGSKAKRPRVGAGKKTYDWDMLRKEVLYSHGNKE  
30 RSQNAKDSIDWETIRQAEVKEISDTIRERGMNNMLAERIKDFLNRLVRDHGSIDLE  
WLRYVDSDFAKDYLLSIRGLGLKSVECVRLLTLHHMAFPVDTNVGRICVRLGW  
VPLQPLPESLQLHLLEMYPMLENIQKYLWPRLCQLDQRTLYELHYQMITFGKVFC  
TKSKPNCACPMRAECKHFASAFASARLALPGPEEKSLVTSGTPIAAETFHQTYIS  
SRPVVSQLEWNSNTCHGMNNRQPIIEPASPEPEHETEEMKECAIEDSFVDDPEE

IPTIKLNFEETQNLKSYM**QANNIEIEDADMSKALV**AITPEVASIPTPKLNVSRLR  
TEHQVYELPDSHPLLEGFNQREPDDPCPYLLSIWTPGETAQSTDAPKSVCNSQEN  
GELCASNTCFSCNSIREAQAQKV**RGTLLIPCRTAMRGSFPLNGTYFQVNEFADH**  
DSSRNPIDVPRSWIWNLPRRTVYFGTSIPTIFKGLT**EEIQHCFWRGFVCVRGFDRT**

5 SRAPRPLYARLHFPA**SKITRNKK**SAGSAPGRDDE

SEQ ID NO:18

>DMTRICE novel 723 amino acid NH<sub>2</sub> terminus;

10 MQDFGQWLPOQSQTADLYFSSIPIPSQFDTSIETQRTSAVSSEKESANSFVPHNGTGLVERISNDAGLTEVVGSSAGP  
TECIDLNKTPARKPKKKKHPRKVLKDDKPSKTPKSATPIPSTEKVEKPSGKRKYVRKKTSPGQPPAEQAASSHCRSELKS  
VKRSLDGGEVLQESTQSGSQVPVAEICTGPKRQSIPSTIQRDSQS<sup>L</sup>ACHVVSSTSSIHTSASQMVN<sup>A</sup>HLFP<sup>D</sup>P<sup>N</sup>MPNG  
VLLDLNNSTS<sup>Q</sup>LN<sup>Q</sup>NEHAKFVDS<sup>P</sup>ARLF<sup>G</sup>SR<sup>I</sup>R<sup>Q</sup>TSG<sup>K</sup>NS<sup>L</sup>LEIYAGMSDRNV<sup>P</sup>D<sup>L</sup>N<sup>S</sup>ISQ<sup>T</sup>HSM<sup>M</sup>STDFA<sup>Q</sup>Y<sup>L</sup>SSSQAS  
VRETQMANQMLN<sup>G</sup>H<sup>R</sup>MPEN<sup>P</sup>ITPSH<sup>C</sup>IERAALKEHN<sup>H</sup>V<sup>P</sup>HAKA<sup>A</sup>VMNGQMPHSY<sup>R</sup>LAQN<sup>P</sup>IL<sup>F</sup>PN<sup>H</sup>IEGYQVMENLSEL  
15 VTTNDYLTA<sup>S</sup>PF<sup>S</sup>QTGAANRQHNIGDSMHIHALDPRESNASSG<sup>W</sup>IS<sup>L</sup>GVNFNQQNNGWASAGAADAASSHAPYFSEPH  
KRMRTAYLN<sup>N</sup>YPNGVVG<sup>H</sup>F<sup>S</sup>TS<sup>S</sup>TDLSNNENENVASAINS<sup>N</sup>VFTLADAQRLIAREKS<sup>R</sup>ASQRMISFRSSKNDMVNRSEM<sup>V</sup>  
HQHGRPAP<sup>H</sup>GSACRESIEVPDKQ<sup>F</sup>GLMTEELTQLP<sup>S</sup>MPNNP<sup>R</sup>E<sup>K</sup>Y<sup>I</sup>P<sup>Q</sup>TGSCQLQ<sup>S</sup>LEHDMV<sup>G</sup>HNL<sup>A</sup>GE<sup>L</sup>H<sup>K</sup>QVTSPQ  
VVIQSNFCVTPPDVLGRR<sup>T</sup>SGEHLRTLIA<sup>P</sup>THASTCKDTLKALSCQLESSRDIIRPPVNP<sup>I</sup>G<sup>P</sup>S<sup>S</sup>ADV<sup>P</sup>RTDNHQVKVSE  
ETV

20 SEQ ID NO:19

>DMTRICE nucleotide sequence from PAC PO489G09;

10261 aaatattgct taaatggata taaaagttgaa aaatgtactt gagggaagtt gtaggtgcac  
10321 gtggggtccc acaatttttc ttcaactagtg cacctttagt tatataaaaa ttgcgcaga  
10381 ggacaaaggc gctccgtgta attttagta agggccggcg ggatatttat ttgtgtaaag  
10441 gacctagcca agaaaaagcat gatagtgc<sup>a</sup>t atgtatcc<sup>t</sup>t ctttttctt ttctttgtt  
10501 ttcaataactg tttcacagaa tttcatgttg gctggtgaca cttgtctcac tcattat<sup>t</sup>tg  
10561 gtatattttg actaaatgca acgtgttgg<sup>t</sup> gctcggtagt ttatattt<sup>t</sup>gt tttacgc<sup>a</sup>t  
10621 tttcattga ctgtatgtat ttgatgttg aaccctggc tgc<sup>t</sup>tttattt tataagg<sup>t</sup>gg  
10681 tgctggagg ccacatagga ggcctgtgt<sup>t</sup> atccaagtgt gctgctcctg agttgaaatt  
10741 gcata<sup>c</sup>ccat atagcaacta ctgg<sup>t</sup>gtaaa cttgagagat gaagtagtga aaggaaat<sup>a</sup>t  
10801 gcaggatttt ggacaatggc tgcctcaatc tcagaccact ggcgatctat atttctccag  
10861 tattccaata ccatcacagt tcgataacttc catagagacg cagactagaa cttctgc<sup>c</sup>agt  
10921 tgc<sup>t</sup>atcgta gagaagaat ctgctaattc gttcgccct cataatggta ctggc<sup>t</sup>ttgt  
10981 tgaacgcatt agcaatgatg ctgggcta<sup>a</sup>c tgaagttagt<sup>t</sup> ggaagttagt<sup>t</sup>g ctggacc<sup>a</sup>ac  
30 11041 tgaatgtatt gacttgaaca agacacc<sup>a</sup>gc acggaaaccc aagaagaaaa agcacaggcc  
11101 aaagg<sup>t</sup>gcta aaggacgata aaccatcgaa gacaccta<sup>a</sup>aa tctgctactc caatacc<sup>t</sup>tc  
11161 aacagaaaaag gtagaaaaac<sup>t</sup> catctggaaa gagaaaat<sup>a</sup>at gtc<sup>c</sup>caaga agacatctcc  
11221 aggccaaacct cctgcagaac agg<sup>c</sup>agct<sup>t</sup>g ctcacactgc agatctgagc tgaagt<sup>c</sup>agt  
11281 taaacgaagt ttggactttg gtggagaagt actgcaagag agtacacaat ctggatctca  
40 11341 agttccgg<sup>t</sup>g gcagaaaat<sup>a</sup>at gtactgg<sup>t</sup>cc caagcgtcaa tcaatacc<sup>t</sup>tt ctaccatcc<sup>a</sup>  
11401 aagagattcg c<sup>a</sup>aaggccagt tggctgcca cgtggtttct acgaccagct caattcacac  
11461 ttca<sup>c</sup>actgt<sup>t</sup>g cagatgg<sup>t</sup>ta atgcacattt gtttcctcct gataacatgc caaatggagt  
11521 attgcttgc<sup>c</sup>atcaataatt ctactagtca gttacaaaac<sup>t</sup> gaa<sup>c</sup>atgct<sup>a</sup>a aattt<sup>t</sup>gtgga  
11581 cagtccggca cgtcttttg gttccagaat aagacagaca<sup>t</sup> tca<sup>c</sup>agtaaaaa attcttgc<sup>t</sup>  
45 11641 agaaaatctat gctggcatgt cagatagaaa<sup>t</sup> tgc<sup>t</sup>ac<sup>t</sup>gt<sup>t</sup> ctcaacagtt caatcagtca  
11701 gacgcata<sup>c</sup>gc atgtctactg attttgc<sup>t</sup>ca atacttg<sup>t</sup>ct<sup>t</sup> tcatcctcac aagcttctgt  
11761 aaggaaaaca<sup>t</sup> c<sup>a</sup>aatggcc<sup>a</sup> atcagatgc<sup>t</sup> taatgg<sup>t</sup>cat<sup>t</sup> aggatgccag<sup>t</sup> aaaatccat<sup>a</sup>

11821 tacaccttagt cattgttattg aaaggcgtgc attgaaggaa catttgaatc atgttcctca  
11881 cgcaaaaagcc gcagtgtatga atggccaaat gccccatagt tacaggttg cgcaaaaatcc  
11941 catccctacct ccaaatacata ttgaagggta tcaagtgtatg gaaaatttga gtgaacttgt  
12001 cacgacaataat gactatctaa ctgtctgtcc tttcagtcactggagctg caaataggca  
5 12061 gcataaatattt ggtgactcca tgcataatacata tgcattggat cctagaagag agagaataatgc  
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12181 atctgcagggt gtcggatgt ctgcgagctc acatgccccat tttttttag aacccacaa  
12241 aagaATGagg acagcttatac ttaacaatta tccaaatggatgcgtggac atttttctac  
12301 ctcatctacg gatttgcataa ataatgagaa tgaaaatgtg gcctcagcaatc tcaactcaaa  
12361 cgttttacc cttgctgtatc cacaagattt gatagccccat gagaatcac gagcttccca  
12421 aagaatgatc agtttttagat catctaaaaa tgatatgggtt aacagatcag aatggtcca  
12481 tcaacatggc agacctgctc cgcattggctc tgcattgcagg gaggcttattt aagtacctga  
12541 caaacagttc gggctcatga cagaagaact cacacaatta ccttagtatgc caaataaccc  
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20 12961 aaccgttaca gccaaactcc ctgagaagcg aaaagttagga cgtcccgaaa aagagttaaa  
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13201 aaacatttctt ggagctatgg tattccactt ggatttttta gatattgtt ttc当地aaaat  
13261 aaaggcttgc gacataaaca aatcagaaga ccctgtgaca gctgaaccc atgggtctct  
13321 tggccttac aatggagaat tggccttat tggcctttt gaggggaaaatg tggaaaagaaa  
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30 13561 tcaaggattt tctatcattt taaaattgtt ttcctaaatcatacatacat gacatgtatc gctttccatct  
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13681 aaatccttattt tcttcatcccc aatataattca tgggttactt cgtactgtcc cattagactt  
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13801 tcggcggttt tctccttgaa aaggatcgtt tggattctt gtagtggag tatttttttac  
35 13861 acagaatgtt tggaccatc tttccagggtt aataatgcctt agagcctattt tggaaaactgt  
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40 14161 ttatcacaac cgaggataag gaaggaaatc acagtgttgc attgttttgc agtttttttgc  
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45 14461 aagacattgg cagcagaaat atgccccaaag caacaagaac cacatataca gaaacttctac  
14521 gaatgcaggat gctgaagaac aagtctatgc aacccatttgc atcatcagat ttttttttgc  
14581 ttccagtc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc  
14641 aacatcagcc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc  
14701 acatagtaca tgcgttgc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc  
50 14761 attctaatgtt tacacaaacc agtttatttgc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc ttttgcatttgc  
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DNA sequence analysis

17941 agtttagtta catctggAAC cccaatAGC gcagaaACCT tccaccAGAC atatataAGT  
18001 tctaggcCTG tagtaAGTC GCTTGAgtGGG aattcaAAACA CCTGTCACCA TGGTATGAAC  
18061 aatcgCCAGC caatcatGGA ggAGCCAGCA AGCCCAGAAC CTGAACATGA GACAGAAGAG  
18121 atgaaAGAGT gtGCAATAGA ggATAGTTT GTCGATGATC CAGAAGAAAT CCCTACTATC  
5 18181 aAGCTTAATT ttGAGGAGTT tacacAGAAC CTGAAGAGTT ATATGCAAGC AAATAACATT  
18241 gagattGAAG atGCTGATAT GTCAAAGGCT ttGGTCGCTA TAACTCCTGA AGTTGCTTCT  
18301 atccccAACTC CTAAGCTCAA GAATGTCAgT CGCCTAAGGA CAGAGCACCA AGTGTATGAT  
18361 ctGTCCTC ttGCAAAACC AATCTCATGA ATATTTACTA ttGACTATCA TGTGTTTGC  
18421 tgcattGCTT acttctCTGT tttcaacata TATGTAgtCA tGAactGCCA gattcacATC  
10 18481 cacttCTGTA aggAGTAAGT tcataAAACA ttatAGAATT CTGTACTTTC CTTATCACCA  
18541 actgagaATA tattGATGCT tattttCTTA caataCACAG ttcaACCAAA gagaACCAGA  
18601 tgatCCTTGc ccatacCTAC tCTCTATATG gACCCAGGT aAGAAGTGCA tAAACAGAAC  
18661 acaatATCAT gggAACCAAA CTTTTTCAA TGGTTACTTA TAATTGTTGA AATATGCAAC  
18721 aggtgaaACA gCTCAATCAA CTGATGcACC TAAGTCGGTC TGCAATTcAC aAGAGAATGG  
15 18781 tgaactatGT gCAAGCAATA CATGCTTAGT ttGCAACAGT ATAAGAGAAG CGCAGGCCA  
18841 aaaAGTTCGA gggACACTGC tGGTAAGTAG ttGTTCTGT AACATATGCT CAGTTGCCCT  
18901 tggTTCAAGA tGtGCTATTc AAGTTTATCA tGTTcACGAA TAGTGTAAAGT GCTGCTATCT  
18961 gtcCTAGCTA ttGCCAAGC tataACAGTT CTGATTcACT ggTTGGCac CAGCTAGGGa  
20 19021 ataggatGTA aAAAACCTT CCGCAGTTT GTTGACAAATC TGTtTTCTT TGTGAAAAT  
19081 taaaATAGA taccATGCCG AACAGCAATG AGAGGAAGCT ttCCACTAA TGGGACATAT  
19141 tttcaAGTCA atGAGGTGAA AACAGAAAGT tCTTAAAGTT GATCTTAGTT TAATTATTAT  
19201 aataccATTA AAATATATGC AAGTTCTAC TTTCTAGTAT CTCTTTATT AGTGTCAAA  
19261 tGTTATGCGG CAGGTATTG CTGATCATGA CTCAAGCCG AACCCGATTG ATGTTCCAAG  
19321 gagTTGGATA tGGAATCTCC CTAGGAGAAC TGTtTACTT GGAACtCAA TTCCGACAAT  
19381 atttaAGGT atttCACTAA taaATTTGA CCAAGAATAG GATTTTGGC AGCGCCAAAT  
19441 gtGCCACTAT CTTATTGtG tGAAGTCCAT TATGTGATTG TAATAATTG AATCACCAAG  
19501 aggACTAAGG CCTGCTTGG GACATATTAC GAGCAGCTT TGCTGCAAA GAAACCAGAT  
19561 tCTGGTGCcG CACCTCTCC GCTCTCTGC CACCCAGTC CGTCCAATAC CCCTCATTGA  
19621 gCGCTGGAT CCTAAACCCCA TCTGCCATCA TGCATCATCC TGCTAACAAc TGCTTCCACC  
19681 attGCCtGTT tCTGTTGTT GGAGGCACTC ACGCTGCTTG CTATAAGTTA GTTTTCTTT  
19741 gtGTCCTGTAT ttagatGGAA tttCCAGCTG CTGTCTTTA CATAACTAGC TAAATGTCCG  
19801 CGCTTGCTA tggATAATAG AAAATATATT ATAATATTGT CAAATAAATT AAATATGTT  
19861 tatacGAAAT gtGTTAACAA tCCTTTGCT ATAGGGAATA ttGACCTAA TTGATTtTA  
19921 tatGTTGGCTA tCCATTAGA tttGTTGTT tttCTAATAA TAATAAGTTC AAGGGCTAAT  
35 19981 gtacAAATT GACAATGGGA GTAGGTGGGG TGGCAGATTc ACTGCCACCA CCACtACtT  
20041 CTTTAAAGG GGTATATAGA tttGcAGCAG TGGTGTCTG ATCTGTGATT TGAATGTCA  
20101 agtACACGCT CATGCAcAG CACCATATGT CTACGCTCCT GACCCAAcAT GCAACCAATG  
20161 caattGAGGG ttGGCTCTGA tacaATTACT AATGTCTAT ATCCAAAACA ACTATAGGCC  
20221 tatGACCAAA cataATTAT AAcCTCGCTT GCGCTTTGT CCTCACTTGC TCCATGAA  
40 20281 agggtaACC CGAGGTTACT ATGTTAGGAA TAGCTGGTT TATGAAACGG ttCAACTCTC  
20341 aactCCtCAT ATAGCACTAA ttCATGTATT GCTGTcAGCA GTGATTtGAG ttCCAGATCA  
20401 tGCTCATAAG ATAGGACCA ATTGCTTCA CTATCTACTC CCTCCGTCCC AAAATAAAG  
20461 gtatttCCGG tcaaAAATATC ttATTTTTG GGTGGAGGG AGTACTATAC TACGGACCCa  
20521 ccacAAATAA GTGCCGcAGA AGAGAGAGAG AGAGAGAGAA GAGGGGGTGG GGGTGGGGT  
45 20581 gtatGGGTGA aataAGAATA GTGCCAGTA tttGCCAAcA AATGAGGCGG TCAAATGTGT  
20641 cacatCAATT GGGAGTATG TCAGATCAAC TGAAAATTG ATTGGAAAT TATTATTCA  
20701 gcaACAAAGC tGtACAACtG ATCCCATGTT TCTATCGCAG GTTGTACAAC TGAAGAAATA  
20761 caacATTGCT ttGGAGAGG TAATCATTtT ttttGTATG TACGTTTGG tttCCATAAC  
20821 aaAGAGAGAT gaAGTGTATA GGTACTATGT ttACTGACAA GGATAATAAT AGTAGCAAGT  
50 20881 atATAGGcAG AGGAGCATGT CTCTATTCTA CCAGTATTAT TACTCATAAT AACTAGTATA  
20941 tCCTTTTTt tGCCATTtCA GCTGTAGCT ACTCTCCAGT CAAATAATTt GCCATCTCTA

21001 ttgaactttt cattgtcttc tgaatgtatc ttactcttgg atcattaata ttcattttg  
21061 tcacgatata gtggtatagg acaataaaat catgggaagt atttattttc atcacaatc  
21121 tactcatata atttcaaat gacaattata aatatcttaa aaatatattg tttagttgtcc  
21181 tgtataaaaat aattgtcaca ccctagtcgc cagcgacaag aatttgtgc tacaggctag  
5 21241 agtgagtact cttagaagtat cttcatagga atcggaaataa aatgccaatg tgaatgaaca  
21301 aggatatcaa gtataccctc aaaatctcta gagaggattg cgtaaatatg taggtgtaat  
21361 taaacaattt tttcatatgg agggtttct taaaggaggt acaagactta tcaatatggg  
21421 taaagtagtt tttatccata ggcattgttgc cagaaagct gcttagggta gaatgtact  
21481 ccctccgtcc cacaatataa gagattttga gttttgttgc acaacgtttg accactcgcc  
10 21541 ttattcaaaa attttgaaa ttattatata ttttatttgc gacttactttt attattcaca  
21601 gtactttaag tacaactttt cgttttttat atttgcaaaaaaaattgtat aagacgagtg  
21661 gtcaaacgtt gtacgcaaaa actcaaaaatc ctttatatttggacggag ggagtactta  
21721 tggatgcctt ttttgc当地 gatgtcaga acattttctt tcagggatgt ggatttttac  
21781 ttctttttc ccttaactttt tcaggatttgc tgcgtgag aggctttgat aggacatcaa  
15 21841 gagcacccag accactgtat gcaagactcc actttccagc aagaaaaattt accaggaata  
21901 aaaaatctgc aggttctgct ccaggaagag atgatgaata ggccatctgg aaaaccagaa  
21961 agggaaataaa gaggaggtac atatgatctg ccagaagatc actgacctga aatggatcgc  
22021 tgaccaataa gttgccgttag gcaattcaat tatttctggc catatacatac tgctgaaagt  
22081 tatgaactcc agccactgac gaattcgttgc tgctggatt cttcgcaac atgatccatc  
20 22141 atacagattt tattgttgc ttttgc当地 aatttcttgc cggtagactg tgctgtat  
22201 agggagaaaaa ggcatgtccg gcccgtcagc ggctctactaact gtactttcat atgagtgaa  
22261 ccgattgttgc tacatgtgaa aagtttgc当地 tcattcatgt tgtaggtca  
22321 ttcatgttagt cgatgtcaaa ttaatcatca attatttgcatttgcatttgcataatgttgc  
25 SEQ ID NO:20  
CORN(ZEA MAYS)DMT.1

>Corn DMT.1 660990 (688512 selclone ID);

EPDDPCPYLLSIWTPGETAQSIDAPKTFCDSTGETGRLCGSSTCFSCNNIREMQAQKVRGT

30 LLIPCRTAMRGSPFLNGTYFQVNEVFADHCSSQNPIDVPRSWIWDLPRRTVYFGTSVPTI  
FRGLTTEEIQRCFWRGFVCVRGFDRTVRAPRPLYARLHFVSKVVRGKKPGAAAREEE

SEQ ID NO:21

>Corn DMT.1 cDNA 660990 (688512 selcone ID);

35 gaaccagatgatccttgc当地atcttctttccatatggacccagggtgaaactgcacaa  
tcgatcgatcccccaagac  
attctgtgattcagggagacgggtagactatgtggagttcaacatgcttagttgc当地  
caatatacgagaaaatgcagg  
ctcagaaaagtcagaggaacactttgataccatgccgaacagcaatgagaggaagcttcc  
40 cacttaatgggacgtat  
caagttaatgaggtatggctgaccattgctcaagtcaaaaatccaattgtccacga  
agttggatttgggacctccc

aagacgaactgttactttggAACCTcAGTCCtacaatattcagaggTTAACGACTGA  
agagatacaACGATGCTTT  
ggagaggattgttgcgtgagggcTTGATAGGACAGTGCAGGcaccaAGGCCCTT  
atGCAAGGTTGCATTTCCT  
5 gtcAGCAAGGTTGTTAGAGGCAAAAAGCCTGGAGCAGCAAGAGCAGAAGAAATAAGAAC  
ATTGAAGAAATATAAGGGTG  
CTAACCGAGATGAGGATGGATAGCCCAGAAATGAGATGCTGACCCAATAGGTGCCCCAAATCA  
CCTCCAAATTCTAACCCAAT  
GACTTCCATCTGTAATGAATGGCAATAACCTTGAAAACCTGTGATGGAGATGTTGTGGC  
10 GACATGATCTCTTAAATTAG  
ATTCCGTCTTGGTAACAGCCTAGCTGTTGTTGAGTCGATATTCTTATTCTGAAG  
ATCAATATAGCAAATGGG

SEQ ID NO:22

15 CORN(ZEA MAYS)DMT.2

>Corn DMT.2 371537 (441428 selclone ID);

MITFGKVFCTKRQPNCACPMRSECKHFASAFASARLALPAPQEESLVKLSNPFAFQNSS  
MHAMNSTHLPRLLEGSIHSREFLPKNSEPIIEEPASPREERPPXTMENDIEDFYEDGEIPT  
IKLNMEAFAQNLNCIRESNNELQSDDIAKALVAIXTEXASIPXPK

20

SEQ ID NO:23

>Corn DMT.2 cDNA 371537 (441428 selclone ID)

tatcagatgattacattggaaaggTCTTGTACCAAAAGACAGCCAAATTGCAATGCA  
TGCCCAATGAGGAGTGAAGTG

25

caagcatttgcaagtgcatttgcAAGTGCAGGCTGCACTTCCTGCTCCCCAGGAGGA  
AAGCTTAGTGAAGTTGAGCA

ATCCATTGCTTCCAGAAATAGCAGCATGCTATGAATTGACTCACCTACCTCGCC  
TTGAGGGAGTATCCATTCA

AGGGAGTTCTTCTAAGAACCTCAGAGCCAATAATCGAGGAGCCTGCAAGTCCAAGAGAG

30

GAAAGACCTCCAKAAACCAT

GGAAAATGATATTGAAGATTATGAAGATGGTGAATCCAAACAATAAGCTTAACAT  
GGAAGCTTTGCACAAAACAT

tggagaattgcattaaagaaaagcaataacgaactccagtctgatgatattgcaaaagcat  
tggttgcatttarcactgaa  
rcagttcsattcctgkaccgaaact

5 SEQ ID NO:24

**Corn(Zea mays)DMT.3**

>Corn DMT.3 218853;

MPRKPKRKA~~P~~ASPARHDP~~S~~PEPYPSHASP~~C~~SAQCLVVRDALLAFHGFP~~E~~EEFAFRVLRLG  
GLSPNRDPRPSSPTVLDGLVTLLSQNTDAISRRAFASLKA~~A~~FPSWDQVVDEEGKRLED  
10 AIRCGGLAATKAARIRSM~~L~~RDVERRGKICLEYLRELSVDEVKKELS~~R~~FKGIGPKTVACV  
LMFYLQKDDFPVDTHVLRITKAMGWVPATASREKAYIHLNNKI PDDLKF~~D~~LNCLFVTHGK  
LCQSCTKKVGSDKRKSSNSACPLAGYCCIGEKLQQL

SEQ ID NO:25

15 WHEAT DMT.1

>Wheat DMT.1 614028 (887053 selclone ID);

MRAECKHFASAFASARLALPGPEEKSLVTSGNPIASGSCQQPYISSMRLNQLDW~~N~~ANAHD  
HILDNRQPIIEEPASPEPEPETAE~~M~~RESAIEDIFLDDPEE~~I~~PTIKLNFE~~F~~AQNLKNYMQ  
VNNIEMEDADMSSALVAITPEAAS~~I~~PTPRLKNVSRLRTEHQVYELPDSHPLLEGYDQREP

20 DDP

SEQ ID NO:26

>Wheat DMT.1 614028 (887053 selclone ID);

tgcccaatgagagctgaatgcaagcacttgc~~a~~agtgcattgc~~a~~gtgct~~c~~tagacttgc~~c~~ttc~~c~~tgac~~g~~acctg  
25 aagagaagat~~t~~tggttacgtcaggaaacccaattgc~~t~~cagg~~g~~actgc~~c~~aggc~~c~~atacataagg~~t~~tctatgc~~g~~ttaaatcaa  
cttgactggaatgcaa~~t~~gccc~~t~~gaccatattctggacaatgc~~c~~cagg~~c~~ccatcattgagg~~g~~aggcc~~g~~caagtc~~g~~gaaccagaa  
ccagagactgcagagatgagagagatgc~~c~~at~~t~~gaggat~~t~~ttct~~t~~gatgatc~~c~~tgaagaaattc~~c~~tacaatcaagctaattc  
gaggagttgcacagaatctcaagaattat~~t~~gca~~a~~gtcaataacattg~~a~~agatg~~c~~t~~g~~at~~t~~g~~c~~ta~~a~~gtgc~~c~~ttg~~g~~ttg~~c~~  
ataactcc~~g~~gaagctgc~~c~~atctcc~~g~~actc~~t~~agg~~c~~tcaagaatgttagtgc~~c~~cta~~a~~gaacagagcatca~~a~~gtctatgaactgc  
30 ggactcacatccactctggaggatacgac~~cc~~aaagagagc~~c~~t~~g~~atgc~~c~~ttg

SEQ ID NO:27

Wheat DMT.2

>Wheat DMT.2 568842 (908118 selclone ID);

NRVDESTVGGADKAASPKKTRTRKKNTENFDWDKFRRQACADGHMKERKSERRDSVDWE  
AVRCADVQRISQAIRERGMNNVLSERIQEFLNRLVRDHGSIDLEL RDIPPDSAKDYL  
IRGLGLKSVECVRLTLHHLA FPVD

5 SEQ ID NO:28

>Wheat DMT.2 568842 (selclone ID 908118);  
caaacagggtggatgaatctactgtcgaggagcagataaaggcagcaagtccaaagaaaacaagaaccacaagaaaaaaa  
aatactgaaaacttcgactgggacaaattcgaagacaggcctgtgctgatggccatcatgaaagaaaggaagtctgaaag  
10 aagagactctgttattggaaagcagtgatgtcagatgtacaaagaattctcaggccatccggaaacgaggaatga  
ataatgttttatcagaacgaatccaggaattcctgaatcgcttggtagagatcatggaagcattgatcttgaatggta  
agagatatccccctgactcagcaaaggactacttgccttagcatacgtggactgggctcaaaagtgttgaatgtgttcg  
tctactgacattacatcatctcgcttccctgtwgacac

SEQ ID NO:29

15 WHEAT DMT.3

>Wheat DMT.3 611792 (838515 selclone ID);  
NRKVNEVFADHKSSYDPIYVAREQLWLKLERRMVYFGTSVPSIFKGLTTEEIQQCFWKG  
VCVRGFERETGAPRPLCQHLHVAASKVPRSRNAAAAGLNSDSAKASAP

20 SEQ ID NO:30

>Wheat DMT.3 611792 (838515 selclone ID);  
aatcgaaaacaagttaatgaggtattgcagaccacaaatctacgtccatatacggtcaaggaa  
gcagttatggaagtggaaagacgaatggctactttgaaacttcagtgccctccatattcaaaggctaaactgaagaaataca  
gcagtgcctctggaaaggattgtctgtgcgggattcggagggaaaccggggaccaaggcctatgccaacatctgca  
25 cgtcgccgctagcaaagtgcgcgagatcacgcacgcggcagcagctggctgaactcggattcagcaaggcatcgcc  
tgagtatcatcacaccgcatacgacctgtgcattggctacgttgtggctgcggcwcagccgtttagaaata  
aaccsctgcgcaaragaattatcatccagttggtytgagtgtatacttgcgtakacctttttTaaaatccctgtgagctytattg  
taccttgaatttactttccgaccagttatccgcattgcaaarraggcatttatgkacccgcatttgttatatacatcatggttc  
traaaaacttgttgcacakacgacccatgt

30

SEQ ID NO:31

**Wheat DMT.4**

>Wheat DMT.4 615131 (861906 selclone ID);

MRSECRHFASAFASARLALPAPQEKSVMSSNQFSFQSGGMPTPYSTVLPQLEGSAQGQDFCTNNSEPIIEEPASPAREECPETLENDIEDYDPDTGEIPLIKLNLQAFAQNLENCIKESNMIDLGSDDIAKALVAVSTGSASI PV

5 SEQ ID NO:32

>Wheat DMT.4 615131 (861906 selclone ID);

tactttggaaagggtttctgtacaaaaacaagccaaattgcaatgcttgtccaatgag  
aagcgaatgcaggcattcgcaagtgccttcgcaagtgcacggctgcacttcctgcacc  
tcaaggaaaaatttqgtqatqtcqaqcaatcaattcaqttccaaqagtqqtqqcattqcc

10 aactccatactcaactgtgcttcctcagcttggaggaaagtgcccgaggacaggattttg  
cactaacaattcagagccaattattgaggagccagcaagtccagcacggaaagaatgtcc  
agaaaactcttgaaaaatgata

ttgaagattacgatccagatactggtgaaatcccactaattaagcttaacttgcaagtt  
ttqctcaqaacttqqaaaactqcattaaqaaaqcaatatqqatcttqqqtctqatqata

15 tcgcgaaagcacttgtgttagcactggatcagcttcaattcctgtccc

SEQ ID NO:33

## Soybean (*Glycine max*) DMT.1

>Soy DMT.1 449122 (557119 selclone ID);

20 MDSLDWDAVRCADVSEIAETIKERGMNNRLADRIKNFLNRLVEEHGSIDLELRDVPPDK  
AKEYLLSIRGLGLKSVECVRLLTLHHLAFPVDTNVGRIAVERLGWVPLQPLPESLQLHLLE  
LYPVLESIQKYLWPRLCKLDQETLYELHYQMITFGKXFCTKSKPNCACPMRXECRFAS  
AFASARFALPGPEQKSIVSTTGNNSVINQNPSEIIISQLHLPPPENTAQEDEIQLTEVSSQL  
ESKFEINICQPIIEPRTPEPECLQESQTDIEDAFYEDSSEIPTINLNIEEFTLNLQN

25

SEQ ID NO:34

>Soy DMT.1 449122 (557119 selclone ID);

aataaaaat taakagcaaggacaagaagaaaaagagaaaaaggatgayttgactggatagttaagaattg  
aagcacaggctaaggctggaaaagagaaaagacagataacaccatggattcttggactggatgctgtgagatgtcagat  
gtcagtgaaatcgctgagaccatcaaagaaagggcatgaacaacaggctgcagatcgat taaagaatttcttaatcgattgg  
tgaagaacatggaagcattgaccttgaatggcttagagacgttccacctgacaaagcaaaagaatacttgctcagcataagagga  
ttgggactaaaaagtgttggaatgtgtcgccctttaacactgcaccatctgcctcccgtagacacaaaatgtcgacgtatagca  
gtacgactggatgggtccctcacagccactgcctgagtcactgcagttgcattccttagaattgtacccagtgttggagtcaata

caaaaatatctctggcctcgactatgcaagctagatcagggaaacactatcatgagctacattaccagatgattacatttggaaaggkc  
ttctgtacaaaaagcaaaccaaattgtaatgcattgcattgcataatgagaggagaat

SEQ ID NO:35

5 SOYBEAN(*GLYCINE MAX*)DMT.2

>Soy DMT.2 387990 (473695 selclone ID) ;

MRMTIDLVSQQSLTARLQLSILKDKLKIQCRKARGLDGRNESSKIDSSPVKLRSREHGK  
EKKNNFWDSDLRIQAEAKAGKREKTENTMDSLWDVDAVRADVSEIANAIKERGMNNMLAE  
RIQSFLNLLVDKHGGIDLEWLVDVPPDQAKEFLLSIRGLGLKSVECVRLTLHHLAFPVD

10 TNVGRIA VRLGVWVPLQPLPESIQLHLLELYPVLESIQKYLWPR LCKLDQRTLYELHYQLI  
TFGKV FCT KSK

SEQ ID NO:36

> Soy DMT.2 387990 (473695 selclone ID) ;

15 gaaaagataggatcattctcagatagcaactcagaaatagaagacacctgtctagcgctgcc  
aagtacaatagttattataa

tagaatttcttcagttagcttttagaaatggcaagttcaaccatgttgcattgaagttaa  
cagtcaaagaagcaa atcaa

ctgagaacttaggagatacatgtgatcagtctatagacatgaagcatgacaacacctggcag

20 aaaacttggaaaaatcggat

gttactcaaggctccgcagaaggcacccatcaccaatggatatactttaaaataacccca  
aactcaggagtagttgaggt

taactgttatgatcctctaaaaatagaagtcccattcaagtggctcctcaaaggtaaaga  
tgagaatgacaatagatcta

25 gttcccaacagagtctgactgccaggctgcaattgtccattctcaaggacaaactgaag  
atccaatgcagGaaagcaag

gggacttagatttggtaggaatgaaaggcagtaagatagattcttccctgtaaaattaag  
gagcagggagcatggaaaag

agaaaaaagaataacttgattggatagtttaagaatacaaggcagaagctaaaggcaggga

30 aaagagaaaagacagagaac

accatggactccttggactggatgctgttagacgcgcagatgtcagtgaaattgccaat  
gcaatcaaagaaagggcat

gaacaacatgcttgcgtaacgtattcagagtttcctgaatctattggttgacaagcatgg  
ggccatcgatcttgagtggc  
ttagagatgttccacctgatcaagcaaaagaattcttgctcagcataaggggattggat  
tgaaaagtgtggagtgtgt  
5 cgactcttaacactacaccatcttgccttccggtggacacaaatgttggacgtatagca  
gtaagattggatgggtgcc  
tctccagccactgccagagtcactacagttgcattctagaattgtaccagtgatgg  
gtccatataaaaaatatctct  
ggccccggctctgcaagctagaccaaagaacattgtatgagctgcattaccagctgatta  
10 catttggaaaggctttctgt  
actaaaagcaagcc

SEQ ID NO:37

SOYBEAN(*GLYCINE MAX*)DMT.3

15 >Soy DMT.3 657152 (546665 selclone ID);  
INQAEQQTEVIRQLEAKSEINISQPIIEPATPEPECSQVSENDIEDTFNEESCEIPTI  
KLDIEEFTLNLQNYMQENMELQEGERMSKALVALHPGAACIPTPKLKNVSRLRTEHYVYEL  
PDSHPLLNGWNKREPDDPGKYLLAIWTPGETABSIQPPESKCSSQEECGXLCNENEFCSC  
NSFREAXFXDSXRDTPDMSNSXXXGAFH

20

SEQ ID NO:38

>Soy DMT.3 657152 (546665 selclone ID);  
tataaaccaaggcagaacctcaacaaacagaaggatcaggcaactagaaggcaaaatctga  
aatcaacatcagccaaccta  
25 ttattgaagagccagcaactccagagccagaatgctcccaagtatccaaaaatgatata  
aggataccttcaatgaggaa  
tcatgtgaaattcccaccatcaaactagacatagaagagttcacttgaacttacaaaac  
tatatgcaaaaaacatgga  
acttcaagaaggtaaatgtcaaaggccttgggtgctctacatccaggtgctgcatt  
30 tcctacacccaagctgaaga  
atgtgagccgggttgcgaacagagcattatgtttatgaactccctgattcacatccc  
tgaatgggtggaacaagcga  
gaacctgatgatccaggcaaatacctttagctatggactccagggagacagcagat  
tctatacagccaccagaaag

caa atgcagctctcaggaatgtggccggctctgtaatgagaatgaatgttttcatgcaa  
cagttccgtgaagcaaggt  
tcacagatagttcgagggacactcctgataccatgtcgaacagctwtgaragggag

5 SEQ ID NO:39

SOYBEAN(*GLYCINE MAX*)DMT.4

>**Soy DMT.4 432980 (663678 selclone ID);**

EAASIPMPKLNVSRLRTEHCVYELPDTHPLLQGWDTREPDDPGKYLLAIWTPGETANSI  
QPPESKCSSQEECGQLCNENEFCNSFREANSQIVRGTLV

10

SEQ ID NO:40

>**Soybean DMT.4 432980 (663678 selclone ID);**

agaagctgcttccattcctatgccaaagctaaagaatgtgagccgattacgaacagagca  
ttgtgttatgaactcccag

15

atacgcatcctcttccaagggtggcacacacgagagcctgatgatccaggcaaatac  
ttcttgctatatggactcca  
ggtagacagcaaattctatacagccaccagaaagcaaatgcagctctcaagaagaatgt  
ggccaaactctgtaatgagaa

20

tgaatgttctcgtaacagttccgtgaagcaaattctcagatagtttagagggacact  
cctggctctgaatgcttatca  
aaatcattgttttaaccatatgttagctactaattcttatacattatggAACAGGGGAG  
ggaatacatctccatagaaa  
ttcaaggcattataatagactgacttgaatttatgataaatatgagcagataaccatgt

SEQ ID NO:41

>**Medicago 6654943;**

MELQEGERMSKALVALNQEASYIPTTKLKNVSRLRTEHSVYELPDSHPLLEGWEKREPDDP  
GKYLLAIWTPGETANSIQPPDRRCQAQDCGQLCNEEECFSCNSFREANSQIVRGTLIIPC  
5 RTAMRGSFPLNGTYFQVNEVFADHESSLNPISVPRSLIWNLDRTVHFGTSVTSIFKGLA  
TPEIQQCFWRGFVCVRSFERSTRAPRPLMARLHFPA

SEQ ID NO:42

>**Medicago 6654943 EST306265**

10 GAGAACATGGAACTTCAAGAAGGTGAAATGTCAAAGGCCTGGTTGCTCTAAATCAAGAA  
GCTTCTTACATTCCCTACAACGAAGCTGAAGAACGTGAGTCGGTTGCGCACAGAGCATTCT  
GTTTATGAACTCCCAGATTCTCATCCTCTTCTGGAAGGGTGGAAAAGCGAGAACCTGAT  
GATCCAGGAAAATACCTTCTAGCTATATGGACGCCAGGTGAGACTGCAAATTCTATACAG  
CCACCAGACAGAAGATGCAGCGCTCAAGATTGTGCCAACTCTGTAATGAGGAGGAATGT  
15 TTTTCGTGCAACAGCTTCCGTGAAGCAAATTCACAGATAGTCGAGGGACAATCCTGATA  
CCATGTCGAACAGCTATGAGAGGGAGCTTCCGCTAAACGGAACCTATTTCAAGTCAAT  
GAGGTTTGAGACCATGAATCAAGTCTTAATCCGATTAGCGTTCCCAGAAGTTGATA  
TGGAACCTTGATAGGAGGACAGTGCATTTGGAACCTCCGTAACAAGCATATTCAAAGGT  
TTAGCAACACCAAGAAATTCAACAGTGCCTCTGGAGAGGGTTGCTGTGCGGAGCTT  
20 GAAAGGTCAACGAGAGCACCCCGTCCTTAATGCCAGACTGCATTCCAGCAAGC

SEQ ID NO:43

>**Tomato 12624037;**

MELQEGERMSKALVALNQEASYIPTTKLKNVSRLRTEHSVYELPDSHPLLEGWEKREPDDP  
25 GKYLLAIWTPGETANSIQPPDRRCQAQDCGQLCNEEECFSCNSFREANSQIVRGTLIIPC  
RTAMRGSFPLNGTYFQVNEVFADHESSLNPISVPRSLIWNLDRTVHFGTSVTSIFKGLA  
TPEIQQCFWRGFVCVRSFERSTRAPRPLMA

SEQ ID NO:44

30 >**Tomato 12624037 EST469495**

GCTTGAGAAAGGAAGTCCAATCAAAGAGTGGAAAAAGAAAGAAGCAAGGATGCAATGG  
ACTCATTGAACTACGAAGCAGTCAGAAGTGCAGCAGTTAAAGAAATTCTGATGCTATTA  
AGGAACGAGGGATGAACAAACATGCTGGCAGAGCGAATTAAGGACTTCCTCGATAGACTGG

TGAGGGATCATGGAAGTATTGACCTAGAATGGTTGAGAGATGTGGCCCCAGACAAAGCGA  
AAGAGTATCTTGAGTATTGACTGGACTGGCTGAAAAGTGTAGAACATGTGCGGCTAT  
TAACACTTCATAACCTGCTTCCAGTTGACACAAATGTTGGACGAATAGCTGTGAGAT  
TAGGATGGGTTCCCTCTCCAACCACCTCCTGAGTCCCTGCAGTTGCATCTCTGAACACTGT  
5 ATCCAATTCTGGAGTCAATTAGTATCTCTGCCACGACTCTGCAAGCTCGATCAGA  
GAACACTGTATGAGTTGCACTACCACATGATTACCTTGAAAGGTTCTGCACCAAAA  
GTAAGCCTAACTGTAATGCATGCCACTGAGAGCTGAATGCAGACACTTGCTAGTGCTT  
ACGCAAGTGCAAGACTTGCCTGCCCTGGCCAGAGGAGAAGAGTATAGTGAGTTCAGCAG  
TTCCGATCCCTAGTGAGGGAAATGCAGCTGCCATTCAAGCCATGCTATTACCCCCAG  
10 AGCTGAAGTAGGGATGGCGTACCCATATGCTCCAATTG

SEQ ID NO:45

>**Barley 13256964**;

MASETETFAFQAEINQLLSLIINTFSNKEIFLRELISNASDALDKIRFESLTDKSKLDA  
15 QPELFIIIPDKATNTLTLIDSGIGMTKSDFLVNNLGTIARSGTKDFMEALAAGADVSMIG  
QFGVGFYSAYPCAERVXVTSKHNDDEQYGGEXQAGWLLYCGHVILLESFPGVLRSPSTS  
RTNSWSTLERRAFKDLGKNTPSS

SEQ ID NO:46

- 20 >**Barley 13256964 HVSMEI0014B12F**

CGAGAACCCGCTCCAAAGCCCTAACCTAGGCCATCCCTCTCCCTCCCTCAACCCCTC  
GTCGACTCCCGCGCGCCTGCGTTCCAGGAGCTTCCGCTGCCGGGGGCCATGCCCTCA  
GAGACCGAGACCTCGCCTCCAGGCGAGATCAACCAAGCTGCTCTCGCTCATCATCAC  
ACCTTCTACTCCAACAAGGAGATCTTCCCTCCGAGCTCATCTCAAACGCCCTCGATGCG  
25 TTGGATAAGATCAGGTTGAGAGCCTCACTGACAAGAGCAAGCTGGATGCTCAGCCAGAG  
CTGTTCATCCACATTATCCCTGACAAGGCCACCAACACACTCACCTTATCGACAGTGGC  
ATTGGTATGACCAAGTCAGACCTCGTGAACAACCTGGTACCATGCAAGGTCTGGCACC  
AAGGATTCATGGAGGCATTGGCTGCTGGTCCGATGTGTCATGATTGGTCAGTTGGT  
GTTGGTTCTACTCTGCTTACCCCTGTGCTGAGAGAGTCGNTGTGACCAGCAAGCACAA  
30 GATGACGAGCAGTATGGGGGGAGTNCCAGGCTGGTGGCTTCTTACTGTGGACACGTG  
ATACTCTGGAGAGCCCTTGGAGGGGTACTAAGATCCCCCTACCTCAAGGACGAAC  
AGTTGGAGTACCTGGAGAGGGCGCGCTTAAGGATTGGGAAAAACACTCCGAGTTCA  
TAACTTTTCATCTCCTCTGGACGGGAAAACCCCTGAAAAGGAATTTTGCCTGGAAA

GTGGGTGGAAAAATGGGTTCTGGGGGGCCCGTTGAGGGATTGTTGGTCACATAAAC  
ACTATCGTCTTCTATCTTAGCACCTAATAGTCCTTCACATGAG

SEQ ID NO:47

5 >**Corn 1BE511860;**  
LLEGFEQREPDDPCPYLLSIWTPGETAQSIDAPKTFCDSETGRLCGSSTCFSCNNIREM  
QAQKVRGTLIIPCRTAMRGSFPLNGTYFQVNEVFADHCSSQNPIDVPRSWIWDLPRRTVY  
FGTSVPTIFRGLTTEEIQRCFWRGFVCVRGFDRTVRAPRALYAR

10 SEQ ID NO:48

>**Corn 1BE511860 946063H01.Y1 946 -**  
TATGAAC TGCCAGATTCACACGCCCTCTGGAAAGGATT CGAACAGAGAGAAC CAGATGA  
TCCCTGTCCATATCTTCTTCCATATGGACCCCAGGTGAAACTGCACAATCGATCGATGC  
CCCCAAGACATTCTGTGATT CAGGGGAGACGGGTAGACTATGTGGAAAGTTCAACATGCTT  
15 TAGTTGCAACAATATACGAGAAATGCAGGCTCAGAAAGTCAGAGGAACACTTTGATACC  
ATGCCGAACAGCAATGAGAGGAAGCTTCCCACTTAATGGGACGTATTTCAAGTTAATGA  
GGTATTGCTGACCATTGCTCAAGTCAAAATCCAATTGATGTCCACGAAGTTGGATTG  
GGACCTCCCAAGACGAACTGTTACTTGGAACCTCAGTCCTACAATATT CAGAGGTTT  
AACGACTGAAGAGATAAACGATGCTTTGGAGAGGATTGTTGCGTGAGGGGCTTGA  
20 TAGGACAGTGCGGGCACCAAGGGCCTTATGCAAGG

SEQ ID NO:49

>**Cotton 11206330;**  
MQGNMELQEGDLSKALVALNPDAASIPTPKLNVSRLRTEHYVYELPDKHPLLKQMEKRE  
25 PDDPSPYLLAIWTPGETANSIQPPEQSCGSQEPGRLCNEKTCFACNSVREANTETVRGTI  
LIPCRNAMRGFSFLNGT

SEQ ID NO:50

>**Cotton 11206330 GA EB0023J04F**  
30 CTCCGCCAGTGCATAACTGCTTAAAGTAGGGCCTAATGTTGGCAACAATGAACCTATCA  
TTGAGGAGCCTGCAACACCTGAACCATGCAGAGCATGCAGAAGGATCAGAGAGTGATATTGAAG  
ATGCAAGCTATGATGCCAGATGAAATTCCCACAATAAAACTCAACATTGAAGAGTTCA  
CAGCAAACCTACAGCATTACATGCAGGGCAATATGGAACTCCAAGAAGGGACTTGTCAA  
AGGCTTAGCTTGAATCCTGATGCTGTTCTATCCCTACTCCAAAATTGAAGAATG

TAAGCAGGCTACGAACAGAGCACTATGTATATGAGCTTCCAGATAAACATCCTCTCTTGA  
AACAGATGGAAAAGCGGAAACCTGATGATCCTAGCCCCTATCTTCTTGCAATATGGACAC  
CAGGTGAAACTGCAAACCAATTCAACCACCAAGAACAAAGTTGTGGTCCCAAGAACCAAG  
GAAGACTGTGCAATGAGAAGACCTGCTTGCTTGCAACAGTGTAAAGAGAACGCTAACACTG  
AGACAGTCCGAGGAACCACCTTGATACCTTGTAGAAATGCAATGAGAGGAAGCTTTCCC  
TTAATGGACTTAATTTCAAGTTAATGAGGTCTTGCAGATCATGAATCAAGCCTCAA  
CCCAATCGACGTTCCAAGGGGATGGATTGGAAATTTAACAGAACGAACTGTATACTTG  
GAACATCCTGGTTCATCAATTTAAAGGACTTTGACCGAGGGAA

10 SEQ ID NO:51

>Soybean 5606759

MGWVPLQPLPESLQLHLLELYPVLESIQKYLWPRLCKLDQETLYELHYQMIFTGKVFCTK  
SKPNACPMRAECRHFASAFASARFALPGPEQKSIVSTTGNNSVINQNPSEIIISQLHLPP  
PENTAOEDEIQLTEVSROLESKFEIYICQPIIEEPRTPEPECLQESXTDIEDAVYEDSS

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SEQ ID NO:52

>Soybean 5606759 SB95C12.

ACGAGCTTCCCGTAGACACAAATGTCGGACGTATTGCCGTACGACTGGGATGGGTGCCT  
CTGCAGCCACTGCCTGAGTCACTGCAGTTGCATCTCCTAGAATTGTACCCGGTGGAG

20

CTACATTACCAGATGATTACATTGGAAAGGTCTTCTGTACAAAAGCAAACCAAATTGT  
AATGCATGCCAATGAGAGCAGAATGTAGACACTTGCTAGTGCATTGCAAGTGCAAGG  
TTTGCACTGCCTGGACCAGAGCAGAAGAGTATAGTTAGCACAACGGAAATAGTGTGATT  
AACCGAGAACCCATCTGAAATCATCAGTCAGTTGCACTTGCCTCCACCTGAGAACACAGCC  
CAAGAAGATGAAATTCAACTAACAGAAGTGAGCAGACAAATTGGAATCAAAATTGAAATA  
TATATTGCCAACCTATCATTGAAGAGGCCAGAACTCCAGAGCCAGAATGCTTGCAAGAA  
TCACANACTGATATAGAGGGATGCTGTCTATGAGGGATTCAAGTG

SEQ ID NO:53

30 >Wheat 12019155

MFHCHGTRGSDLGFDLNKTPEQKAPQRKHRPKVIEAKPKSTRKPATQKTQMKENPHKK  
RKYVRKTAATPQTNVTEESVDSIVATKKSCRRALNFDLEHNKYASQSTISQCQEIDHRNE  
KAFNTTSDHKAKEPKNTDDNTLLLHEKOANNFOSE

SEQ ID NO:54

>Wheat 12019155

AACAGTCAGGACAAAGGCAACAAGATCAGCAGTCAGGACAAGGGCAGCAACCAGGGACAAA

5 GGCAGCCAGGGTACTACTCAACTTCTCCGCAACAATTAGGACAAGGCCAACCAAGGTACT  
ACCCAACCTCTCCGCAGCAGCCAGGACAAGAGCAGCAGCCAAGACAATTGCAACAACCAG  
AACAAAGGGCAACAAGGT CAGCAGCCAGAACAAGGGCAGCAAGGT CAGCAGCAAAGACAAG  
GGGAGCAAGGT CAGCAGCCAGGACAAGGGCAACAAGGGCAGCAACCAGGGACAAGGGCAGC  
CAGGGTACTACCCAACTTCTCCGCAAGCAGTCAGGACAAGGGCAACCAGGGTACTACCCAA

10 CTTCTCCACAGCAGTCAGGACAATTGCAACAACCAGCACAAGGGCAGCAACCAGGACAAG  
AGCAACAAGGT CAACAGCCAGGACAAGGGCAGCAACCAGGGACAAGGGCAAGCCAGGGTAC  
TACCCAACTTCTCCGCAGCAGTCAGGACAAGAGCAACAGCTAGAACAAATGGCAACAGTCA  
GGACAGGGGCAACCAGGGCACTACCCAACTTCTCCGTTGCAAGCCAGGACAAGGGCAACC

15 AGGGTACTACCCAACTTCTCACAAACAGATAGGACAAGGGCAGCAGCCAAGAACAAATTGCA  
ACAACCAACACAAGGGCAACAANGGCAGCAACCAAGGACAANGGCACAAAGGTCAACA  
GCCCANANGAAAAAGGCAACAAAGGTCAAGCAACCAAGNACAAGGGCAGCAANCCAGGAC  
AAGGGCAGCCANGGTCTACCCAACTNTTGAGCAAGTCANGAAAAGGGCACCANC  
CNAGGANAAATGGGNACCACCCAGNACAAGGACAACCCGGGTCTCCCCAAANTTTTN  
CN

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SEQ ID NO:55

>Tomato 8106032

MSLAAHFPLKTDSTQKHEGNTGIIIEEPEECATDPNVSIRWYEDQPNQSTHCQDSSGVYN  
TDSNEEKPAVNDSESENSTECIKSAECsvILQSDSSREGSDLYHGSTVTSSQDRKELND

25 LPSSPSSVSVSSEISAVIQASEGTDSSNFCSSTSFLKLLQMAGTSGAQGTRCTEHLHNQHK  
GNXGQQPRTXGNKVNSPXKKATKVKQPXTRGSXPQGPXSYPTXFEQVXEKGHXRXNG  
XHPXQGQPRVFPKXF

SEQ ID NO:56

30 >Tomato 8106032 EST356474

CTCGTGCCTGGGTATATCTTACACAGAAATGTTCAGATCACCTTCTAGTTCTGCA  
TTCATGTCACTCGCTGCCCACTTCCTCTGAAAACAGACAGTACTCAGAACAGCATGAAGGA  
AATACAGGTATTATAATTGAAGAACCTGAAGAGTGTGCAACAGACCCCAATGTTCCATC  
AGATGGTATGAAGATCAACCAAATCAGTCACCCATTGTCAGGATTCTCAGGAGTCTAT

AATAACAGATTCAAATGAAGAAAAACCAGCTGTCAATGACTCTGAATCAAGTAAAAATAGC  
ACAGAATGCATAAAATCAGCAGAATGTTCTGTAATTCTGCAATCAGATTCTTAGAGAA  
GGCTCAGATCTGTATCATGGATCAACAGTTACAAGTCCCAAGATCGAAAAGAGTTGAAT  
GATTGCCTTCTTCTCGAGTTCTGTTCTGAGATCTCTGCTGTTATTCAAGCT  
5 TCAGAAGGAAC TGACTCAAGCAACTTTGCAGCTCCACTTCTTTGAAGCTATTACAG  
ATGGCAGGAAC TTCAAGGAGCACAGGAACCAGGTGCACTGAACATCTAC

SEQ ID NO:57

>Corn 1AW042334;

10 DAHPLLQQLGLDQREHDDPTPYLLAIWTPDGIKEITKTPKCCDPQMGGDLCNNEMCHNC  
TAEKENQSRYVRGTLILVPCRTAMRGSFPLNGTYFQVNEVFADHRSSHNPISHVEREMLWNL  
QRRMVFFGTSVPTIFKGLRTEEIQQCFWRGFVCVRGFDMETRAPRPLCPHLVIARPKA

SEQ ID NO:58

15 >Corn 1AW042334 614027C01.y1 614 -

GAATTGGCACCAAGCAGATGCACATCCACTTTACAACAGCTAGGACTTGACCAACGGGA  
ACATGATGATCCTACCCATACTTATTGCCATATGGACACCAGATGGAATAAGGAAAT  
AACTAAGACACAAAACCATGCTGTGACCCCAAATGGGAGGCGATTATGCAATAATGA  
AATGTGCCACAATTGTACTGCAGAGAAAAGAAAACCAATCTAGATATGTCAGAGGCACAAT  
20 TCTGGTTCTGCGAACAGCTATGAGGGTAGTTCCCACTTAATGGCACTTACTTCA  
AGTCAATGAGGTATTGCTGACCACAGATCTAGCCACAACCCAATCCATGTGGAAAGGGA  
GATGCTATGGAACTTGCAAAGGCGCATGGCTTTGGACTTCAGTACCCACCATATT  
CAAAGGTCTAAGAACAGAAGAAATACAACAATGCTTCTGGAGGGGATTGTCTGTGCG  
AGGATTGACATGGAGACTAGAGCACCAAGGCCTCTGTGCCCTTGCACGTTATAGC  
25 AAGGCCGAAAGCCGCAAGACACAGCAGCAACTGAGCAAGTACTCTAATCAGCAAAG

SEQ ID NO:59

>Corn AW076298

PCRTAMRGSFPLNGTYFQVNEVFADHCSSQNPIDVPRSWIWDLPRRTVYFGTSVPTIFRG  
30 LSTEQIQFCFWKGFCVRGFEQKTRAPRPLMARLHFPAASKLKNNLTTEEIQQCFWRGFV  
CVRGFDRTVRAPIYARLHFPAASKVVRGK

SEQ ID NO:60

>**Corn AW076298 614065C03.Y1 614 -**

CGGCCCGACCATGCCGGACAGCAATGAGAGGAAGCTTCCACTTAATGGGACATATT  
TCAAGTTAATGAGGTATTGCTGACCATTGTTCAAGCCAAATCCAATTGATGTCCCACG

5 AAGTTGGATATGGGACCTCCCAAGACGAACGTGTTACTTGGAACCTCAGTTCTACAAT  
ATTTAGAGGTTAACGACTGAAGAGATAACAACAATGCTTTGGAGAGGATTGTTGTG  
GAGGGGCTTGATAGGACAGTAAGGGACCAAGGCCCTTATGCAAGGTTGCATTTC  
TGCCAGCAAGGTTGTTAGAGGCAAAAAGCCTGGAGCGGCAAGCGTCGAAGAATAATAGGT  
ACATCGAAGAAATATAGAGGAGCTAACAAAACGGATGGATAGCCCTAAATGAGATGCTGA  
10 CCCAATAAGTCGCCGAATCACCTCCAAGTTCTAACCCAATTTTGAGGCACATGACCTG  
TTAAATTATGTTCCATCTATGGTAACAGCTTAGATGTTCTGTGAGTCGCATATTCTTA  
CTCTGAAATTCAATATAGCAAATGAAAAAACACAGTCATAGTCTAGTTCTAATTGTA  
CCTGTGAGTGBAATCAGTTGTACAACATGAAGATGGG

15 SEQ ID NO:61

>**Corn BE639158;**

KNSEPIIEEPASPREERPPETMENDIEDFYEDGEIPTIKLNMEAFQAQNLENCIKESNNEL  
QSDDIAKALVAISTEAASIWPVPLKNVLRLRTEHYVYELPDAHPLLQQLGLDQREHDDPT  
PYLLAIWTPDGIKEITKTPK

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SEQ ID NO:62

>**Corn BE639158 946021E09.Y1 946 -**

TGAGCTGCATTATCAGATGATTACATTGGAAAGGTCTTGTACAAAAGACAGCCAAA  
TTGCAATGCATGCTATGAATTGACTCACCTACCTCGCCTTGAGGGAGTATCCATTCAA

25 GGGAGTTCTCCTAAGAATTCAAGAGCCAATAATCGAGGGAGCCTGCAAGTCCAAGAGAGG  
AAAGACCTCCAGAAACCATGGAAAATGATATTGAAGATTTATGAAGATGGTCAAATCC  
CAACAATAAGCTAACATGGAAGCTTGCACAAAAGTGGAGAATTGCATTAAAGAAA  
GCAATAACGAACTCCAGTCTGATGATATTGCAAAAGCATTGGTGTATTAGCACTGAAG  
CAGCTCGATTCTGTACCGAAACTAAAGAATGTGCTTAGGCTTCGAACAGAACACTATG  
30 TGTATGAGCTCCAGATGCACATCCACTTTACAACAGCTAGGACTTGACCAACGGAAAC  
ATGATGATCCTACCCATACTTATTGGCCATATGGACACCAGATGGAATAAAGGAAATAA  
CTAAGACACCAAAACCATGCT

SEQ ID NO:63

>**Corn T25243;**

NHQPIIEPLSPECETENIEAHEGAIEDFFCEESDEIPTINLNIEEFTQNLKDYMQANNV  
EIXYADMSKALVAITPDAASIPTPKLKNVNRRLTEHQVYELPDSHPLLEGFEQXEPPDDPC

5 PYLLSIWTPGELHNRSMP

SEQ ID NO:64

>**Corn T25243;**

CTGGTAATCATCAGCCAATCATCGAGGAACCACTGAGCCCAGAATGTGAAACTGAAAATA  
10 TAGAGGCACATGAGGGTGCAATTGAGGATTCTTTGTGAAGAATCTGATGAAATTCTA  
CCATTAATCTTAATATCGAGGAGTTCACACAAAACCTGAAGGACTATATGCAAGCAAACA  
ATGTTGAGATTGANTATGCTGACATGTCAAAGGCATTGGTGCATCACGCCGTATGCTG  
CTTCATTCCAACCTCAAAGCTCAAGAATGTCAATCGTCTGAGGACAGAACACCAAGTT  
ATGAACTGCCAGATTCACACCCCTCTCTGAAGGATTCGAACAGNGNGAACAGATGATC  
15 CCTGCCATATCTTCTTCCATATGGACCCCAGGTGAACTGCACAATCGATCGATGCC  
AA

SEQ ID NO:65

>**Corn AW453174;**

20 FQGNEVFADHCSRQNPIDGPRSWIWDLPRRTGYFGTSGPTIFRGLTTEEIQRCFWRGFVC  
VRGFDRTVRAPRPLYARLHFVSKVVRGK

SEQ ID NO:66

>**Corn AW453174 660032D01.Y1 660 -;**

25 CATGCCAACAGCAATGAGAGGAAGCTCCACTTAATGGACGATTTCAAGGTAATGA  
GGTATTGCTGACCATTGCTCAAGGAAAATCCAATTGATGGCCACGAAGTTGGATTG  
GGACCTTCCAAGACGAACTGGTTACTTGGAACCTCAGGTCTACAATATTCAGAGGGTT  
AACGACTGAAGAGATAACGATGCTTGGAGAGGATTGTTGCGTGAGGGCTTGA  
TAGGACAGTGGGGCACCAAGGCCCTTATGCAAGGTTGCATTTCTGTCAGCAAGGT  
30 TGTTAGAGGCAAAAGCCTGGAGCAGCAAGAGCAGAAGAATAATAGAACATTGAAGAAAT  
ATAGGGGTGCTAACAGATGAGGATGGATAGCCGAAATGAGATGCTGACCAATAGGTC  
GCCAAATCACCTCAAATTCTAACCAATGACTCCATCTGTAATGAATGGCAATACCTT  
GAAAACCT

SEQ ID NO:67

>**Corn BE509759;**

NGTYFQVNEVFADHRSSHNPIHVEREMLWNLQRRMVFFGTSVPTIFKGLRTEEIQQCFWR  
GFVCVRGFDMETRAPRPLCPHLHIIARPKARKT

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SEQ ID NO:68

>**Corn BE509759 946021E09.X1 946 -**

GGCATCTTACATGGACTAACAGCTAGATGCTAATTACATACAGTAGATCTGAAACAAAAAGTGAACATTATTGGTGC  
TTCTGATGCTTCATTAGTCCTCTCGTCTCAGAAACTAACAGTCTCGGACCCATCCATGGCTAAATTCTAAACAAT  
10 GGCTTTTTAGCAGGAAGTAATATGATTCCATGCATAGGTGAGAGCTATTGATGTCATATCACAATAAACATGATG  
TTCATAAAACTGATATCTTGCTGATTAGAGTACTTGCTCAGTTGCTGCTGCTTGCAGGCTTCGGCTTGCTATAATG  
TGCAATGGGGCACAGAGGCCCTGGTGCCTAGTCATGTCGAATCCTCGCACACAGACAAATCCCCTCCAGAAGCA  
TTGTTGTTAGCTCTGTTAGACCTTGAATATGGTGGGTACTGAAGTCCGAAAAGACCATGCGCTTGCAGT  
15 TCCATAGCATCTCCCTTCCACATGGATTGGTTGGCTAGATCTGTTGTCAGCAAATACCTCATTGACTTGAAAGTAA  
GTGCCATTAA

SEQ ID NO:69

>**Corn 1AW017984;**

VPRSWIWDLPRRTVYFGTSVPTIFRGLTEEEIQQCFWRGFVCVRGFDRTVRAPRPLYARL  
20 HFPASKVVRGK

SEQ ID NO:70

>**Corn 1AW017984;**

CCTGAAACAATCAAATAACGGCCGATGAGGTTACATTGTTATAGTATATGATCAAAGAA  
25 CATGTATGACCATTGTACAAATAGGCCATCTCATGTTGACAACAACGTGATTCCACTC  
ACAGGTACAATTAGAACTAGACTATGCACTGTGTTTTTCATTGCTATATTGAATT  
CAGAGTAAAGAATATGCGACTCACAAGAACATCTAAGCTGTTACCATAGATGGAACATAA  
TTAACAGGTATGTCGCTCAAAATGGTTAGAACATTGGAGGTGATTGGCGACTTA  
TTGGGTCACTCATTTAGGGCTATCCATCCGTTGTTAGCTCCTCTATATTCTTC  
30 GATGTACCTATTATTCTCGACGCTTGCCTCCAGGCTTTGCCCTAACAACCTTGC  
TGGCAGGAAATGCAACCTTGCAAAAGGGCCTGGTGCCTACTGTCTAACAGC  
CCCTCACACAAACGAATCCTCTCCTAAAGCATTGTTATCTCTCAGTCGTTAACCTC  
TAAATATTGTAGGAACTGAGGTTCAAAGTAAACAGTTGCTTGGAGGTCCATATCC  
AACTTCGTGGGAC

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